



**SURVEY OF
HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC
ACTIVITIES - 1984/85**

SRI LANKA

Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF CENSUS AND STATISTICS
MINISTRY OF POLICY PLANNING AND IMPLEMENTATION

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PREFACE

This is the final report on the Survey of Household Economic Activities 1984/85 which was conducted by the Department of Census and Statistics from April, 1984 to March, 1985. The preliminary report was released based on the data of the first six months of the survey to provide quick estimates on Household Economic Activities and the second report was based on the data collected in all twelve months.

The Survey of Household Economic Activities - 1984/85 was the second in a series of surveys conducted by this Department under the National Household Survey Capability Programme (NHSCP) of the United Nations. This survey was a pioneer effort to elicit valuable information on economic activities that are being carried out in households mainly on own account basis. In Sri Lanka, like in many other developing countries the formally organized sector of economic activity is limited, though growing and a large part of the economic activity is being carried out by the unorganized household sector. As there is a substantial contribution to the national economy from such activities, detailed information on them will no doubt be useful to the planners, policy makers and research workers. The survey provides detailed information on demographic characteristics of persons living in households which are engaged in household economic activities, numbers and characteristics of persons engaged in such activities and assets used, loans taken, input, output and sales related to such activities.

A sample of approximately 24,000 households engaged in household economic activities mainly on own account basis, was covered in the survey in 12 monthly sub-rounds, during a period of 12 months from April 1984 to March, 1985. A sample of this magnitude was used mainly to provide district level estimates with reasonable accuracy. It should be noted however that nearly seventy percent of the sampled households were engaged in agricultural activities and therefore only about thirty percent were engaged in non-agricultural activities. As such the estimates related to agricultural activities are reasonably accurate. Since the number of households engaged in non-agricultural activities are comparatively small and such activities are further divided into seven different categories, the number of sample units within each district may not be adequate to give reasonably accurate information on such activities, specially at district level.


This report which is based on the data collected in all twelve rounds of the survey provides more detailed information with cross classified data.

The Sample Survey Division of the Department was responsible for planning, executing and analysing the data collected. The collection of data was done by the Statistical Investigators of the Department under the supervision of the District Statistical Officers. The processing of the data was carried out by the staff of the Data Processing Division of the Department.

This series of reports were prepared by the staff of the Sample Survey Division who worked under the guidance of Mr. A.G.W. Nanayakkara, Deputy Director and the direction of Mrs. D.B.P.S. Vidyaratne, Assistant Director, assisted by Messers H. Premaratne, G.Y.L. Fernando, D.J.C.S. Jayalath former Statisticians, Mr. T. Thanapalasingham, Mrs. S.M. Rajapakse, Messers. M. R. N. A. Fernando, H. A. G. Premaratne, S. Hariharan and J.A. Weerasinghe, Statisticians.

Acknowledgements are also due to Messers S. Sangarapillai, Deputy Director and Acting Data Processing Manager, Mr. R. Vithane Data Processing Manager, Mrs. S.V. Nanayakkara and Mr. S.A.S. Bandulasena, System Analyst/Programmers and other staff of the Data Processing Division for processing the data. Thanks are also due to Mr. K.D. Siripala, Assistant Director and his staff of the Printing Division for printing this report. I also thank all those other officers who have contributed to the successful completion of the survey.

I also wish to acknowledge with appreciation the very substantial contribution made by United States Agency for International Development (USAID), Colombo who provided assistance to meet part of the operational costs and to acquire equipment required for this Survey.



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25 May, 1989.

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PART I - SURVEY METHODOLOGY

1. INTRODUCTION

In Sri Lanka like in many other developing countries the formally organized sector of economic activity is limited, though growing and a large part of the economic activity is being carried out by the unorganized household sector. Non-household economic activities, that is, economic activities undertaken by large, medium and to some extent, even small establishments, are usually covered by censuses or sample surveys of establishments. These establishments which are usually required to register with the appropriate government authorities, maintain statistics of their production, sales, receipts, expenditure and investment. The data required for national accounts and planning purposes from these establishments are collected from them, through periodic censuses or sample surveys.

Household economic activities, on the other hand, are usually unorganized, scattered, numerous and often seasonal in character. As most of the household economic activities are invariably not registered, it is not possible to obtain information on them through the normal administrative records. They generally have no separate identity and their receipts and expenditure are often mixed with the consumption activities of the households. The agricultural censuses carried out periodically provide comprehensive data on the structure of the agricultural economy. However, the data on inputs, costs of cultivation and output are generally not available at the national level. In the case of non-agricultural sector, the usual statistical operations such as industrial censuses, current statistical enquiries, data collections carried out as a by-product of administrative statistics are generally confined to the establishment sector and that too restricted to large scale establishments. In most cases they cover only certain parts of the non-agricultural sector and several areas of importance remain uncovered. Even where some statistics are collected through these sources they are not comprehensive enough to provide the requisite information on the net output of each sector. As such small scale enquiries are sometimes carried out to obtain workable ratios and coefficients which could be applied to available aggregative data and estimates of varying quality in preparing the national accounts. In such situations the entire household sector is generally ignored or inadequately covered. Under these conditions, the data required on household economic activities for national accounts and planning purposes can only be collected directly from households through a sample survey.

The major activity of the informal household sector in Sri Lanka is agriculture. This include "Seasonal agricultural activities", "Activities related to non-seasonal crops", "Livestock and poultry farming", "Fishing and fish breeding" and "Forestry and Hunting". In the case of non-agricultural sector, many activities such as processing of agricultural commodities, manufacture of products based on locally available materials, handicrafts, mining and quarrying, repair services, professional, personal and community services etc. are also being carried out on household basis both in rural areas as well as in the urban areas. As such it is seen that in Sri Lanka, there is a substantial contribution from such activities to the national economy.

Statistics relating to household economic activities are required mainly for the estimation of national accounts, for development planning and policy making and for the promotion of self-employment activities. The requirements of data relating to household economic activities for national accounts and planning are broadly the same as those relating to non-household economic activities. However, in view of the unorganized nature of the former and the difficulties of obtaining the data with accuracy, it is necessary in practice to restrict collection to the important items, leaving out or grouping together some of the details. For national account purposes, the important items of requirements would relate to:

- (i) Employment and duration of work ;
- (ii) Employee compensation ;
- (iii) Quantity and value of production ;

- (iv) Value of raw materials used ;
- (v) Other costs of production ;
- (vi) Investment and source of finance of investment.

Detailed information on the above would enable compilation of estimates of gross output, intermediate consumption, employee compensation, operating surplus, indirect taxes, consumption of fixed capital and capital formation. Additional details of utilization or disposal of output and origin of input will be required for compilation of input-output tables. For flow of funds studies, details of borrowings, lendings and savings will be required. For planning purposes, additional details, such as source of supply of raw materials, availability of fuel and power, utilization of output, extent of unutilized capacity, size of agricultural holdings etc. would be required. Collection of data in such greater detail is usually very difficult, specially from the unorganized household sector. As such many compromises and/or grouping of items of details are necessary in actual practice.

There are three areas of deficiency in the national accounts that can be reduced with the help of statistics on household economic activities : (a) the inadequacy of coverage of "own account" production ; (b) the calculation of private final consumption expenditures and private saving as residuals; and (c) the lack of a distributional dimension.

The United Nations System of National Accounts (SNA) points out that all production, including subsistence production, should, in principle, be included in gross output, whether for own account consumption, for barter or for sale. Yet there may be a tendency to understate the scope of subsistence activities in the national accounts which means that there could be a omission of a substantial portion of the gross domestic product. In practice, there are two reasons for this omission: (a) because subsistence products and activities are heterogeneous, they are not easy to identify ; (b) because they are not exchanged in the market, their valuation is not easy.

Household statistics on saving should provide basis for making more direct estimates of saving for the national accounts. It may be that the household may not have knowledge of its own saving. However, this can be inferred from the value of the development effort put into land clearing, the value of the tools fabricated, the value of the sheds and dwelling units built etc. Such household accumulation will be equal to household saving.

Statistics on household economic activities are also needed for planning the expansion of output, the equitable distribution of this output, and the improvement in levels of welfare of the population or of specific groups in the population. In most of the developing countries the growth rates of labour force are higher than the corresponding growth rates of population. As such these countries may have to face the problem of inadequate growth in paid employment, increasing unemployment and widespread underemployment. Promotion of self-employment has, therefore, often been regarded as a possible solution for the problems posed by the employment situation. Comprehensive information on the nature, pattern and problems of self-employment in household economic activities is essential for the promotion of such activities.

In order to fulfil the requirements of the national accounts statisticians, planners, policy makers and other data users, the Department of Census and Statistics conducted the survey of Household Economic Activities in 1984/85 under the National Household Survey Capability Programme of the United Nations. This was the first occasion a survey of this kind was conducted in Sri Lanka and probably the first in the Asian region. Survey covered all the districts in Sri Lanka. Since district level estimates are required with reasonable accuracy, a sample of approximately 24,000 households carrying out household economic activities on own account basis were covered in this survey, during a period of 12 months from April 1984 to March 1985. The Statistical Investigators of this department attached to each A.G.A. Division were the interviewers. More details of the survey are given in Part I - 3. Sample Design and Estimation Procedure.

The survey covered both agricultural and non-agricultural households in which economic activities are carried out mainly on own account basis. The main objective of this survey was to collect data on the structure, organization and operation of such activities, employment (which include both household as well as hired), inputs, output and the net income generated by such activities.

In the case of agricultural sector, the households engaged in agricultural activities with hired labour, but on the basis of household ownership were also covered in addition to the households engaged in such activities on own account basis, without hired labour. These two categories of households were considered as self-employed farmers' households. In the case of non-agricultural sector the households engaged in economic activities with the help of family members and/or only casual workers on adhoc basis were also covered in addition to households engaged in economic activities on own account basis.

The survey thus covered following categories of households.

- (i) Households with at least one self-employed farmer without any hired labour (with or without unpaid family workers).
- (ii) Households with at least one self-employed farmer, with hired labour (with or without unpaid family workers).
- (iii) Households engaged in non-agricultural activities on own account basis without any hired labour (with or without unpaid family workers).
- (iv) Households engaged in non-agricultural activities with casual workers on adhoc basis (with or without unpaid family workers).

As such, the households having at least one member who is self-employed in agriculture or engaged in non-agricultural activity on own-account basis, either as a primary or a secondary activity, were considered as eligible households for this survey and a sample of 24,000 such eligible households were covered.

The subjects covered in the survey include the nature of activity, fixed assets, loans taken, hired labour, current purchases and inputs, output, and sales, etc.

A mainly agricultural household may sometimes be engaged in non-agricultural activities and vice versa. Similarly, each individual may sometimes be engaged in different activities at different times even within a short reference period and assets such as buildings, transport equipments, other equipments, etc., may sometimes be used in different activities. It is therefore, difficult to obtain data in the requisite detail to account each activity separately in all its aspects. As such, an attempt was made in this survey to obtain the information on fixed assets, loans taken, labour utilization, inputs etc., as for an integrated unit for the entire household. Information of output and sales were obtained separately for each activity. The details of the type of information collected in the survey are given in Part I - 4. Schedule.

<u>Major activity category</u>	<u>Reference period</u>
(1) Agriculture - Seasonal crops -	Two Cultivation Seasons.
(2) Agriculture - Non-Seasonal Crops -	One calendar month.
(3) Agriculture - Other -	One calendar month.
(4) Non-Agriculture -	One calendar month.

2. CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

2.1 Household : A household is a single person or a group of persons who normally live together and have common cooking arrangements. It is not necessary that they be related to each other. Domestic servants, boarders, lodgers who live and have their meals with the family are also members of the household. Persons who are temporarily away on holiday or vacation, visiting relatives, out on business or receiving treatment in hospitals are also included. Those who have a usual residence elsewhere, but present at the time of the interview are excluded.

2.2 Head of Household: The head of household may be in most instances the principal breadwinner of the household. In certain instances a household may recognise a senior member as the head, irrespective of his contribution to the household income. The head of household could be a male or a female member who is acknowledged as such by other members of the household.

2.3 Employer : An employer is a person who operates his own enterprise, an enterprise owned partially along with other partners with the aid of one or more regular workers (any person who has been employed continuously for more than one month is regarded as a regular worker) employed for that purpose. The enterprise may be a business enterprise, service undertaking or a farm.

2.4 Employee : An employee is a person who is employed for a wage, salary or commission, either on a regular basis or on a casual basis, either on a permanent basis or on a temporary basis, either on time rate or on piece rate, by an employer who may be a government department, a corporation, a state enterprise, a private company or an individual. A person who works for tips for the services rendered which do not involve any other inputs, for instance, a porter is also regarded as an employee. However, a person who works for payment for work done which involve some capital or material inputs, as for instance, a barber or a cobbler is regarded as an own account worker.

2.5 Own Account Worker : An own account worker is a person who operates his own enterprise, an enterprise owned partially along with other partners without the aid of any workers regularly employed for the purpose. The enterprise may be a business enterprise, a service undertaking or a farm. A person who operates his enterprise with the aid of unpaid family workers or with the aid of casual workers employed from time to time for periods of less than a month, at a time, to meet temporary exigencies of work will be regarded as an own account worker. If someone employs family members and pays wages or salaries, he should be considered as an employer and not as an own account worker. However, a person who has a domestic servant employed on a regular basis and utilises his/her services occasionally for assistance in the operation of his/her enterprise, will be regarded as an own account worker.

2.6 Unpaid Family Worker : An unpaid family worker is a person who works without any payment in an enterprise which may be a business enterprise, a service undertaking or a farm, operated by a member of the household.

2.7 Economic Activity : Economic Activity is an activity carried out for the production of economic goods and services and includes -

- (i) production of all primary goods whether for the market, for barter or for own consumption.

- (ii) production of all secondary goods and services for the market. In the case of households engaged in the production of secondary goods and services for the market, the corresponding production for own consumption is also included as economic activity.

2.8 Agricultural Activity : Agricultural activity includes all types of cultivation, livestock and poultry farming, fishing and fish breeding, gathering forest products etc. It includes not only the work involved in carrying out productive operations on the farm, but also related managerial work such as planning and organizing farm operations, keeping of farm accounts etc. It includes work done outside the farm but necessary for its operation such as bringing of fertilizer and other farm necessities, taking the produce to the market etc.

2.9 Non-agricultural Activity : Non-agricultural activity includes all economic activities other than agricultural activities as defined above. The non-agricultural sector includes mining and quarrying, manufacturing, construction, trade, hotels and restaurants, transport, storage and communication, finance, insurance, real estate and business services, community, social and personal services etc.

2.9.1 Mining and Quarrying : Mining and quarrying covers the extraction and preparation for further processing of minerals such as gems, graphite, limestone, stones, sand etc. Such activities are carried out in underground mines, open quarries on the surface as in the case of sand, clay pits etc. It should be noted that crushing and grinding of stones to produce metal for paving of streets or cutting and polishing gems etc., is essentially a manufacturing activity. However, if the preparation of minerals are done as a continuous process, such activities are not considered as manufacturing, but as mining and quarrying.

2.9.2 Manufacturing : Manufacturing is defined as the mechanical or chemical transformation of inorganic or organic substances into new products. This may be performed, by power driven machines or by hand in a factory or in the workers home. It includes processing of agricultural and other primary products. Other manufacturing activities usually undertaken by households include making sweets, biscuits, soap, garments, mats, cane products, bricks, brass and silverware, jewellery, carved products from wood etc.

2.9.3 Construction : Construction includes building, altering, repairing and demolishing houses, bridges, roads, drainages, irrigation and flood control facilities etc. They may be engaged in construction work for others on contract or sub-contract basis or for their own use. Sub-contractors may engage in the construction of a part of main construction i.e. painting, decoration, house wiring, tile laying etc.

2.9.4 Trade : Trade is generally defined as an act of purchase of goods and their disposal by way of sale without any intermediate physical transformation of goods. The activities of intermediaries who do not actually purchase or sell goods but only arrange their purchase and sale of goods and earn a remuneration by way of brokerage and commission should also be included in trade.

Renting goods for personal or household use are also included under trade.

Sale of agricultural produce and manufactured products directly by the producer is excluded from trade. Agency activities of intermediaries in insurance, real estate and other financial matters are included under services and not under trade.

2.9.5 Guest Houses, Restaurants, Cafes and Tea Shops : Guest houses provide temporary accommodation with or without arrangements for meals, other prepared food and refreshment. Such accommodation may be provided in furnished or unfurnished rooms. Restaurants, cafes and tea shops sell and serve prepared food, snacks and drinks for consumption without any provision for lodging. These places are also known in some cases as canteens, cafeterias, snack bars, milk bars, 'bath kade' etc. Mobile catering carts were also included. Catering enterprises which supply food and refreshment on contract and the street vendors who sell prepared food, snacks etc., were also included under this category.

2.9.6 Transport : The survey on household economic activities was concerned only with land transport, inland and coastal water transport. It includes passenger transport as well as freight transport. Renting and leasing of transport equipment was also considered under transport.

- (i) **Land Transport :** Land transport covers passenger and freight transport by road including taxis, scooter taxis, private buses, coaches, trucks, lorries, tractors, animal drawn vehicles, hand carts, thavalam etc.
- (ii) **Water Transport :** Water transport covers coastal and inland water transport of passengers and goods. The operation of ferries in coastal waters and canoes in rivers were also included.

2.9.7 Services : Services cover real estate, finance and business services including rental and leasing of machinery and equipment, medical, dental, health and veterinary services, educational services, recreational and cultural services, laundry and other household services, personal services and repairs.

- (i) **Real Estate :** The services rendered by real estate agents and brokers in renting, buying, selling and appraising real estate on a commission or fee basis.
- (ii) **Business Services :** Business services cover legal services, auditing, accounting and tax consultation services, architectural services, commercial art services, rental and leasing of machinery and equipment and other business services.
- (iii) **Medical, Dental, Health and Veterinary Services :** Own account workers providing medical, dental, health and veterinary services are included in this group i.e. private doctors, dentists, ayurvedic physicians, veterinary consultants etc.
- (iv) **Educational Services :** This group covers private profit making educational activities such as private teaching, private tuition, music, dancing and other art schools, driving schools conducted on own account basis.
- (v) **Recreational and Cultural Services :** Own account activities within the field of motion picture distribution and projection, video recording and distribution, theatrical production and entertainment, and other amusement and recreational services such as operation of dance halls, renting vehicles for recreational purposes etc. were covered here. Authors, actors, dancers, music composers, street performers and other independent artists were also included here.
- (vi) **Repair Services :** Repair services include repairing household appliances, mechanical, electrical and electronic equipment, household furniture, transport equipment and other items such as watches, umbrellas, footwear etc.

- (vii) **Other Miscellaneous Services** : Other miscellaneous services include laundry services, personal services performed by barbers and beauticians, photographers, tailors, porter services etc. Activities carried out by astrologers, devil dancers, charmers etc. were also included here.

2.10 Premises : Household economic activities can be classified as -

- (i) Activities carried out within the household.
- (ii) Activities carried out on a fixed premises outside the household.
- (iii) Activities carried out by the household members without any fixed premises such as hawkers, vendors, sweep ticket sellers, gram sellers etc.

Household premises for this purpose comprise the house or the portion of a house occupied by the household and its surrounding. If the activity is carried out by two or more households in partnership, the household premises would include the houses or portions of the houses occupied by those households and their surroundings.

2.11 Fixed Assets : Fixed assets used in economic activity include land, buildings or structures, plant and machinery, furniture and fixtures, equipment including transport equipment, tools and implements, that have a normal economic life of more than one year from the date of purchase, mainly for production, construction, transportation, sale or provision of a service. The value of assets owned by the household as of a given date is determined on the basis of money value that the assets can fetch (if it is sold in the market in the present condition. The value of assets acquired during the year is the value at which it was actually been acquired. The value of assets disposed off during the year is the value at which they have actually been disposed off.

- (i) **Land** : Land used in an economic activity may be owned, taken on lease or rent, encroached crown land etc. Land owned means the land on which the activity is actually carried out and includes agricultural land used for cultivation in the case of a household engaged in agricultural activities and the land or that portion of the land used for non-agricultural activities. If it was not owned by the household but has been taken on lease it was considered as an asset otherwise possessed. Land owned includes land owned with heritable possession with or without the right to transfer title, land held on long term basis normally for 30 years or more was also treated as land owned. The land areas covered by buildings were excluded. The land otherwise possessed include the land taken on lease for period less than 30 years, land given by the government under agricultural schemes etc. and encroached land etc. However, land taken on rent have been excluded.
- (ii) **Building** : Building means the house or the portion of the house or structure such as a shed specially used for the purpose of the economic activity and include buildings under construction for that purpose. The value of the building includes the value of the land covered by the building.
- (iii) **Machinery** : For the purpose of this survey the machinery refers to the machines used to produce a certain product. These machines may be power driven or manually operated, e.g. grinding mills, power generators, compressors, weaving machines, metal crushers, sugar cane crushers etc. Mechanical and electrical items used in support of an economic activity such as deep freezers, refrigerators, fans, blenders, juicers etc. were not considered as machinery, but as tools and implements.

- (iv) **Equipment :** Equipment includes transport equipment, construction equipment, catering equipment, fishing nets, telephones etc. and other tools and implements used by barbers, cobblers etc. These equipment can either be mechanized or manual. The transport equipment are those used for carrying passenger and/or goods from one place to another on land or water. Construction equipment include the tools and implements used by masons, carpenters etc. Catering equipment include ovens, cookers, grinders, blenders etc. Other tools and implements include ploughs, mamoties; various types of knives used by farmers, tools used by mechanics, barbers, watch repairmen, masons, carpenters, blacksmiths etc.

2.12 Loans taken : This item is meant mainly for recording all cash loans, whether short term or long term, taken by the household from different credit agencies, during the reference period, the loans cleared, the interest paid and the loans outstanding at the end of the year, including the uncleared loans taken prior to the reference year. Out of the amounts taken on loan for the economic activity or for some other purpose, but used for such activities, only the actual amounts utilized for the economic activity were included.

2.13 Purchases : Purchases are recorded in two different contexts. Purchases of input materials for use in the economic activity were recorded under inputs. Purchases of goods meant for current trading activity, wholesale or retail, were recorded under operations, output and sales. In either case purchases were recorded in terms of the total value of purchases, either in cash or on credit or partly in cash and partly on credit, for all goods bought during the reference period. Payments made by the household during the reference period for goods bought before the reference period were not taken into account. Purchase value include the cost at delivery, i.e. cost of commodities, sales tax and any other incidental charges. It is the net of discount, rebate and other allowances given by the supplier. Transport charges for delivery were not included in purchase value, if it was possible to obtain separately. In such instances it was recorded under transport charges.

2.14 Input : Input includes raw materials, semi-manufactured and manufactured goods, water, electricity, fuel, lubricants, explosives, chemicals and chemical products and other auxiliary goods and services purchased and consumed, transportation, communication, maintenance and repairs, rents and other miscellaneous expenses incurred by the household for carrying on the economic activity. The valuation of inputs were in terms of current purchase price as indicated above.

2.15 Output : In the case of material production, the output include the quantities and the value of each product and by-product, produced by the household. In the case of other economic activities, output was measured differently in different activities.

In the case of construction, output was recorded separately in respect of construction for own use and construction for others. The value of construction work done for others was recorded in terms of amount received for the work done, it included not only the remuneration for the labour put in, including family labour and hired labour employed, if any, but also the cost of materials put in by the household. The value of construction work done for own use was estimated by adding together the cost of materials used and an imputed value for the person-days of labour put in (including hired labour employed, if any). The value of labour was estimated at current daily wage rate prevailing in the locality for similar work.

2.16 Sales : This refers to the total value of sales either in cash or on credit or partly in cash or partly on credit for all goods sold by the household during the reference period. Amounts received during the reference period for goods sold prior to the reference period or to be sold in the future were not taken into account for the calculation of the value of sales. The value of sales will include excise duties and other indirect taxes payable. The value of sales will be net of discount, rebates and other similar allowances.

3. SAMPLE DESIGN AND ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

3.1 **Sample Design:** A national sample of approximately 24,000 households were used for this survey. A sample of this size is required to obtain reasonably accurate estimates at national level by sectors and at district level. The sampling design was a stratified two stage design. The lists of Census blocks (approximately 80 census units in the Urban Sector and 60 census units in the Rural Sector) created for the Census of Population and Housing - 1981 were used as the basic frame for selection of primary sampling units. The total number of households with atleast one own account worker, or atleast one self-employed farmer or atleast one from each category in each census block was obtained on the computer, with the identification information. The census blocks having atleast 5 such households at the time of the census were considered as eligible primary sampling units (PSUs). Census blocks with less than 5 such households were combined with the adjoining blocks and formed combined blocks before selecting sample PSUs. The households with atleast one member who carry on agricultural or non-agricultural activity on an own account basis were considered as the secondary sampling units (SSUs). The SSUs were reached through a first stage sample of approximately 2,400 eligible census blocks. Since the total number of agricultural and non-agricultural workers would be largely dominated by the agricultural component and since the focus of the survey was equally on non-agricultural activities, the latter was given a special weightage. It was done by taking two independent allocations of the first stage sample of 2,400 blocks. One on the basis of the number of own account workers in the agricultural activities, and the other on the basis of the number of own account workers, in non-agricultural activities and a simple average of the two was taken as the basis for the allocation, details of which is given in Appendix III. The number so arrived at were rounded up into multiples of 12 so as to facilitate uniform spread of the sample in each district over the 12 months of the survey.

As it was necessary to provide estimates at district level, the allocation thus arrived at had to be adjusted to some extent by increasing the sample size for the smaller districts. As such in the case of five districts, in which the allocated sample size was less than 60 census blocks each, the sample was increased by adding 24 blocks in each case. On the other hand the maximum sample size was limited to 180 blocks, as this number of blocks would be adequate for any district to give reasonably accurate estimates at district level. The total sample size thus worked out to be 2,436 census blocks.

The whole island was stratified into 24 districts and each district into two sub-strata, urban and rural (rural includes the estate sector as well), thus forming 48 strata for the whole island, so that each strata would be more or less homogenous.

The sample of blocks assigned to each district was allocated to the urban and rural sectors in proportion to the total number of own account workers in agricultural and non-agricultural activities.

An allocation similar to that adopted to the district is not essential for sectoral allocations since non-agricultural activities which dominate the urban sector will in any case get adequate representation in the urban sector and there is no specific interest of agricultural activities in urban sector.

The survey operations were staggered uniformly over the survey period of 12 months, taking one-twelfth of the sample each month. Thus at national level 203 blocks were covered each month. In each district one-twelfth of the sample assigned was taken each month, including approximately one-twelfth of the urban sample wherever feasible as shown in Appendix IV. Wherever the number of urban blocks to be surveyed was small, the urban sample blocks were interspersed so that they would spread uniformly over the year.

The selection of PSUs (i.e. the Census Blocks) was done with Probability Proportional to size (PPS) sampling with replacement, the size being the total number of households with atleast one self-employed farmer (a) or with atleast one own account worker (b) or with atleast one self-employed farmer and atleast one own account worker (c) i.e. the size measure was (a+b+c). The lists of census units prepared for the Census of Population and Housing 1981, of each selected block were updated to include new housing units and to exclude ones which are no longer in existence. This updating operation was also staggered over a period of twelve months

starting from February 1984 to January 1985. The lists in respect of the census blocks which were surveyed in April, were updated in February. The blocks which were surveyed in May, were updated in March and so on. This way it was possible to obtain the most up-to-date lists for the selection of SSUs. While up-dating the list of census units in the selected census blocks, all households within each selected block, were listed on a special listing form (EALF form which is given in Appendix I) and among them households having at least one member who is a self-employed farmer or an own-account non-agricultural worker was identified. The listing schedule has two screening questions:

- (i) Is anybody in the household self-employed in Agriculture either as a primary or secondary activity?

If the answer was 'No' to this question, then the following question is asked.

- (ii) Is anybody in this household engaged in non-agricultural activity as an own-account worker, either as a primary or secondary activity?

A positive reply to either of these questions implies that the household is eligible for selection. After identifying the eligible households they were classified by their main household economic activity. The main household economic activity of the household was decided on the income criterion. It should be noted that the main household economic activity refers only to the activities that are being carried out on household basis and not the activities carried out by the household members who are only employees working for others. Thus, if the household is getting more income from agricultural activities carried out on household basis, such households were considered as mainly agricultural households. Similarly, if the household gets more income from non-agricultural activities carried out on household basis, such households were considered as mainly non-agricultural households. The agricultural and non-agricultural households were then sub-classified broadly by income level for purposes of sample selection. This was done by classifying the households in the two groups by monthly income as "above Rs. 800" and "Less than or equal to Rs. 800". For selection of sample households in the rural blocks the eligible households were arranged in the following manner.

- (i) Agricultural Household with a monthly income of above Rs. 800/-.
- (ii) Agricultural Household with a "marginal and unknown" (i.e. if the household members are uncertain) monthly income.
- (iii) Agricultural Household with a monthly income of less than or equal to Rs. 800/-.
- (iv) Non-agricultural Household with a monthly income of above Rs. 800/-.
- (v) Non-agricultural Household with a "marginal and unknown" (i.e. if the household members are uncertain) monthly income.
- (vi) Non-agricultural Household with a monthly income of less than or equal to Rs. 800/-.

In the case of rural blocks the selection of eligible households were done separately in respect of the agricultural and non-agricultural groups. Among the Agricultural Households, a sample of 5 households were selected by systematic sampling. Similarly, another 5 households were selected among the non-agricultural households. If the number happens to be less than 5 in any group, all eligible households in that group were included in the sample and increased the number to be selected from the other group so that the total number of samples per block is 10 households. If both groups did not have the required number of eligible households, all the eligible households in the block were included in the sample.

In the case of urban blocks 10 eligible households were selected by systematic sampling without considering the agricultural and non-agricultural households as separate strata but maintaining same order of rearrangement of eligible households as explained before for rural blocks. (i.e. (i) to (vi) above). If the number of eligible households were less than or equal to 10, all the eligible households available in the block were included in the sample.

In the rural as well as urban blocks if the number of eligible households in a block was found to be less than 7, an additional sample block was allocated to that particular district in the following monthly sub round, from among the already selected blocks for that district. This was done to maintain the required number of sample households for the district.

3.1.1 Changes made in the sample design :

After the first three monthly sub-rounds of the survey it was found that the proportion of non-agricultural households being selected for the survey was inadequate because of the wide variation in the nature of non-agricultural activities, as compared to agricultural activities as shown in Appendix V. As such the sample design was changed slightly in the last 6 months of the survey to increase the proportion of non-agricultural households. For this purpose following procedure was adopted.

The allocation of sample blocks by districts was satisfactory and therefore it was not changed.

The allocation of sample blocks for survey months 7 to 12 to the urban and rural sectors within each district was changed as follows :

P = Proportion of sample blocks initially allocated to the urban sector for the last 6 months.

Q = Proportion of all non-agricultural households (including those with both types of activities) in the district that are located in the urban sector, according to the Census of Population - 1981.

N = Number of blocks assigned to the district for the last 6 months.

If Q and $P \leq 0.5$, then QN or PN blocks, whichever is larger was allocated to the urban sector of that particular district.

If $P > 0.5$, Initial allocation was not changed for that district.

If $Q > 0.5$ and $P < 0.5$, One-half of the blocks was allocated to urban sector of that district.

In the districts where the allocation was changed, the blocks in each sector were re-allocated using a procedure similar to that used in the original design.

Wherever a selection of additional blocks was necessary for the urban sector, the procedure that was used in the initial selection was used. The selection of eligible households for urban sample blocks were made in the same way as before.

In the case of rural blocks the initially preferred allocation was changed from 5 non-agricultural and 5 agricultural households to 8 non-agricultural and 2 agricultural households. In the blocks having insufficient number of households of either type, the other type was substituted in place of them on a one-for-one basis, provided they were available.

For example:

	No. of Households in the block		No. to be selected	
	Non-Agri.	Agri.	Non-Agri.	Agri
Case 1	11	13	8	2
Case 2	3	20	3	7
Case 3	2	9	2	8
Case 4	12	1	9	1

As described earlier the selection of PSUs was done using PPS Sampling with replacement. When the same block was selected more than once, the procedure used initially was to interview the sample households in the first month to which the block is assigned and use the same data set for the subsequent month. Since this could cause some bias in the Estimates following procedure was adopted instead.

When the time gap between two such months was 6 or more months, the households were re-interviewed. When it was less than 6 months, same data set was taken.

In the initial selection of sample blocks, if the 'measure of size was zero such blocks were not given a chance of selection. In order to adjust for this, the following procedure was adopted for the last 6 months of the survey. Whenever a sample block was followed in the block listing by one or more such zero blocks, those blocks were included in the sample and the selection of sample households were done from the combined block listings in the usual way. Each sample household selected from a zero block, a special weight of 2 to compensate for the exclusion of zero-blocks in the first 6 months was given. This was done by duplicating the data sets for these households.

3.2 Estimation Procedure:

In this survey the districts are taken as basic strata. Within the districts, urban and rural sectors constitute different sub-strata. As such estimates have to be prepared separately for each of the sub-stratum and combined to get district estimates. Within each of the sub-strata, as blocks were selected with probability proportional to size, to build up estimates at the sub-stratum level, multipliers which depend on the selection probabilities and the number of blocks were applied to the block estimates.

Let X_{jk} be the estimate of a total of any given characteristic for the j^{th} district for the k^{th} month.

This could be given by

$$\hat{X}_{jk} = \frac{1}{m_{jk}(u)} \sum_{h=1}^{m_{jk}(u)} \frac{1}{P_h(u)} \frac{N_h}{n_h} \sum_{i=1}^{n_h} x_{hi} +$$

$$\frac{1}{m_{jk}(r)} \sum_{h=1}^{m_{jk}(r)} \frac{1}{P_h(r)} \left[\frac{N_{h1}}{n_{h1}} \sum_{i=1}^{n_{h1}} x_{h1i} + \frac{N_{h2}}{n_{h2}} \sum_{i=1}^{n_{h2}} x_{h2i} \right]$$

where

$m_{jk}(u)$ = Number of urban blocks selected for the j^{th} district for the k^{th} survey month.

$m_{jk}(r)$ = Number of rural blocks selected for the j^{th} district for the k^{th} survey month.

$P_{h(u)}$ = Selection probability of the h^{th} block.

$$= \frac{S_{jh(u)}}{M_{jh(u)} \sum_{h=1} S_{jh(u)}}$$

$S_{jh(u)}$ = Measure of size of the h^{th} block in the j^{th} district/urban sector = $(a + b + c)$.

$M_{jh(u)}$ = Total number of blocks in the j^{th} district/urban sector.

$P_{h(r)}$, $S_{jh(r)}$ and $M_{jh(r)}$ are the corresponding terms for the rural sector.

a = Households with at least one self-employed farmer.

b = Households with at least one own-account worker.

c = Households with at least one self-employed farmer and at least one own-account worker.

N_h = The number of eligible households listed in the h^{th} block (in the urban sector).

n_h = The number of households selected (in the urban sector).

X_{hi} = The observed value for the i^{th} sample household (in the urban sector).

N_{h1} = The number of eligible households listed in the h^{th} block that were identified in the listing as mainly agricultural.

n_{h1} = The number of such households selected.

X_{h1i} = The observed value for the i^{th} agricultural sample household.

N_{h2} , n_{h2} and X_{h2i} are the corresponding terms for the non-agricultural stratum.

In any sample block for which n_h , n_{h1} or n_{h2} equal to zero, the corresponding term for that block takes on the value zero.

The estimate for the total value of a characteristic for the country for month k

$$x_k = \sum_j^{24} x_{jk}$$

The estimate for the total value of a characteristic for the survey period for the j^{th} district.

$$x_j = \sum_k^{12} x_{jk}$$

This estimate is appropriate for annual totals of inputs or outputs of the activity for which the survey reference period is one month.

The estimates for counts, for j^{th} district would be

$$x_j = \frac{1}{12} \sum_k^{12} x_{jk}$$

For example, the number of households with non-agricultural own-account activities in the past month, this would be an average count for the j^{th} district for the survey period.

For activity inputs or outputs for which the survey reference period is 12 months, this would be an estimate of a moving average for 12 month periods starting from April 1983 through March 1984.

For activity inputs or outputs with a 3 month reference periods, this would be an estimate of a moving average for 3 month periods, starting from January 1984 through December 1984.

All ratio estimates, including estimates of means and proportions are constructed by estimating the numerator and denominator separately and then calculating the ratio.

In order to obtain the estimates on the computer, the weights required which could be given by the following expressions were worked out on the computer.

(i) URBAN SECTOR

Weight for the h^{th} block in the urban sector of j^{th} district, for the k^{th} month is given by

$$\frac{1}{m_{jk}(u)} \frac{1}{P_{h(u)}} \frac{N_h}{n_h} = \frac{1}{m_{jk}(u)} \frac{\sum_{h=1}^M S_{jh(u)}}{S_{jh(u)}} \frac{N_h}{n_h}$$

(ii) RURAL SECTOR

(a) For households selected under "Primarily Agricultural".

Weight for the h^{th} block in the rural sector of the j^{th} district for the k^{th} month is given by

$$\frac{1}{m_{jk}(r)} \frac{1}{P_{h(r)}} \frac{N_{h1}}{n_{h1}} = \frac{1}{m_{jk}(r)} \frac{\sum_{h=1}^M S_{jh(r)}}{S_{jh(r)}} \frac{N_{h1}}{n_{h1}}$$

(b) For households selected under "Primarily Non-Agricultural"

Weight for the h^{th} block in the rural sector of the j^{th} district for the k^{th} month is given by

$$\frac{1}{m_{jk}(r)} \cdot \frac{1}{P_{h(r)}} \cdot \frac{N_{h2}}{n_{h2}} = \frac{1}{m_{jk}(r)} \cdot \frac{\sum_{h=1}^{M_{jh}(r)} S_{jh}(r)}{S_{jh}(r)} \cdot \frac{N_{h2}}{n_{h2}}$$

Each schedule (i.e. each sample household) was assigned an unique serial number within each monthly sub-round. For each month this number continues through all districts for the entire island. The components required to work out the weights given by the above expressions were fed into the computer along with this unique serial number. After computing the weights on the computer with all the necessary adjustments (explain in section 3.2.1. below) they were assigned to the data sets pertaining to the sample household on one-to-one basis by merging the two files on the computer, using this unique serial number. For the urban sector, a single weight is needed for all households in a sample block. For the rural sector, in general, two different weights are needed for each block, one for households identified in the listing as primarily agricultural and one for households identified as non-agricultural. The basis of selection (i.e. primarily agricultural, primarily non-agricultural) was indicated on the schedule by the codes 1 and 2 respectively.

3.2.1 Adjustment for unit non-response: The occurrence of unit non-response was determined by examining the final result codes recorded under control data section of the schedule, which includes the time taken to reach the household, time taken for the interview and the final result of the visit to that particular household. Based on the final result codes, plus the explanation given for the use of code 7, 'other', the sample households can be grouped into 5 categories which could be used as a basis for adjusting for unit non-response, as shown below.

<u>Category No.</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Final Result Code</u>
1	Schedule complete, with household economic activity	1
2	Schedule complete, but no household economic activity	7 (part)
3	Housing unit demolished or vacant	6,7 (part)
4	Unable to complete schedule; Refusal, temporarily absent etc.	2,3,4,7 (Part)
5	Housing unit occupied by a new household (no schedule completed)	5

- A. Categories 1, 2 & 3 - may be considered as fully accounted for, as a schedule was completed to the extent required by the situation at the time of interview: No adjustment necessary.
- B. Category 4 - incomplete and therefore non-response adjustment should be made for this category.
- Category 5 - As it is likely that many of the households moved out had household economic activities after moving (or that the households that replaced them had such activities): Non-response adjustment should be made for this category.

The following assumption was considered reasonable for the adjustment of non-response: "the proportion of households in category 4 and 5 with household economic activities is the same as the corresponding proportion for sample households in categories 1 and 2". This assumption was applied on a block-by-block basis and, in rural blocks, separately for households screened as agricultural and non-agricultural.

The non-response adjustment could be made by changing the sample weights for each block. In the original formula the block weight for urban blocks is N_h/n_h where N_h is the number of eligible households listed in block h and n_h is the number of households selected in block h . The revised weight should take the form:

$$\frac{N_h}{n_h} \cdot \frac{n_h - n_{h3}}{n_{h1} + n_{h2}}$$

- Where n_{h1} = number of sample households with completed schedules with household economic activities. (category 1).
- n_{h2} = number of sample households with completed schedules, with no economic activities (category 2).
- n_{h3} = number of sample households demolished or vacant (category 3).

When there is no vacant or demolished housing units $n_{h3} = 0$, then the weight would be:

$$\frac{N_h}{n_{h1} + n_{h2}} = \frac{\text{No. of eligible households listed in block } h}{\text{No. of sample households with completed schedules}}$$

The weights for rural blocks will take the same form but are calculated separately for agricultural and non-agricultural households.

Since sample households that had final result code 7, may fall into three of the five categories shown earlier, depending on the explanation given for assigning code 7, it was necessary to recode these households in order to compute the revised weights. This was done as follows:

<u>Category</u>	<u>Final result code</u>
(i) Schedule complete, no household economic activity	Retained code 7
(ii) Household demolished or vacant	Changed to code 6
(iii) Unable to complete schedule for any reason	Changed to code 3

Once this recording was completed, the counts to be used in computing the revised weights are:

<u>Weight factor</u>	<u>Household with final Result code</u>
n_{h1}	1
n_{h2}	7
n_{h3}	6
n_h	all

4. SCHEDULE :

4.1 **Introduction :** The household schedule used for the survey consist of three sections. In addition all the identification information of the household and control data were collected in the first page of the schedule. Identification information sought here were the District, Electorate, Assistant Government Agents Division, Grama Sevaka Division, name of the local authority in the case of urban sector, name of the village in the case of rural sector, name of the estate in the case of estate sector, census block number etc., to which the household belongs.

In the section on control data, the information on the date of visit to the household, result code, and time taken were recorded separately, for up to three visits to the household. Result code indicates whether the schedule is completed, partly completed, refused, household is changed, house is demolished or not completed due to any other reason. These data not only control the flow of the schedules, to see whether a schedule is completed at least up to control data section for each of the selected households, but also enable to compute the different non-response rates such as refusal rate, demolished cases etc.

The three main sections of the schedule are the Section 1, which deals with demographic characteristics of the household members and particulars on the economic activities carried out by them, Section 2 which deals with fixed assets, loans taken, hired labour, current purchases and inputs and Section 3 which deals with current operations, out-put and sales.

4.2 **Section 1 - Demographic particulars** were sought in respect of all the members and the activity particulars in respect of all persons 10 years and above.

The basic demographic characteristics such as age, sex, relationship to head of household, race, religion, level of education (for persons, 5 years of age and over), marital status (for persons 10 years of age and over) were collected. Activity questions were designed firstly to identify the household members engaged in different activities (seasonal agricultural activities, non-seasonal agricultural activities and non-agricultural activities) as a self employed farmer or an own account worker. Thereafter the labour input by such household members on each activity was collected. Information was obtained for the last month in respect of all economic activities. In the case of seasonal agricultural activities, information is obtained for the last year as well. Number of person days worked on each of the specified activities were collected here. If a person has worked at least one hour in any particular activity on a day, that day was considered as a day worked under that activity. As such, if a person has engaged in more than one activity and if he/she worked at least one hour in each of the activity, a day worked has been recorded under each of them. The total number of days will not therefore be additive.

The "Seasonal Agricultural Activities" are those agricultural activities performed on a seasonal basis such as the cultivation of paddy, chillies, onions, potatoes etc. These are generally cultivated twice within a period of twelve months and these cultivation seasons are called "Maha" and "Yala". "Last Year" refers to last two closest and completed cultivation seasons.

4.3 **Section 2 -** This Section consists of four sub-sections. The sub-section on fixed assets asks for information on the assets acquired and disposed off during the last calendar year, owned as of date and otherwise possessed as of date. The information were recorded only in respect of the fixed assets used for the economic activity. In general, most of the fixed assets are commonly used on different activities, if the household was engaged in more than one economic activity. As such, if the members of the household were engaged in more than one economic activity fixed assets used for all such economic activities were recorded here, together, and cannot be separated by activity.

This also asked for a breakdown of assets used for agricultural and non-agricultural purposes. This breakdown included both assets owned or otherwise possessed.

The assets included here are land, buildings, machinery, furniture and fixtures, transport equipment and other equipment. All the equipments used to transport the passengers or goods are listed under transport equipment, irrespective of the activity in which they were used. For example, the boats used in fishing activity as well as

the boats used to transport the passengers in transport activity were entered against boats under transport equipment.

The loans taken in cash or/and in kind for the economic activity from different sources was collected through the sub-section on Loans Taken. The loans taken for an economic activity may have been utilized for some other purpose which may not be a household economic activity. In such cases, the only amount utilized for the economic activity was recorded. On the other hand, loans taken for some other purpose may be utilized for an economic activity. In such cases also, the amount used for the economic activity was recorded. Loans taken during the last calendar year for agricultural and non-agricultural activities were recorded separately. Additional information such as the amount re-paid during the last calendar year, amount outstanding at the end of the last calendar year, interest paid during the last calendar year were also collected.

The sub-section on Hired Labour asks for information in respect of the last year (i.e. last two cultivation seasons Maha-Yala or Yala-Maha), for seasonal agricultural activities and last calendar month for other agricultural and non-agricultural activities. A distinction has been made between regular employees and casual workers. The family members who work for wages/salaries in the household economic activities carried out by the household were considered either as regular employees or casual workers as the case may be. Persons employed on a continuous basis on contracts, written or verbal, extending for periods of one month or more at a time were considered as regular employees. Persons employed occasionally for periods of less than a month at a time were treated as casual employees. The remuneration paid was recorded separately for "in cash" or "in kind". In addition the total value of perquisites provided by the household to the hired workers, such as food, shelter and clothing, were recorded separately. All the above information was recorded separately for Men, Women and Children, (those who are under 15 years); under seasonal agricultural activities, non-seasonal agricultural activities and non-agricultural activities.

Another situation still prevailing specially in the rural areas of the country is to exchange the labour of different households, which is known as "attham". Here for example during the harvesting of paddy land of one household, the members of other households in the village do help them without a payment. The only kind of payment made to them are free meals and drinks etc. Such labour cannot be ignored as its contribution is considerably high, specially in the case of cultivation of paddy and as such it was also recorded under this block and the value of the meals, drinks etc. provided were recorded under "value of perquisites provided".

The last sub-section of Purchases and Inputs sought information on seasonal agricultural activities for the last year (i.e. two cultivation seasons) and the other activities for the last calendar month. All input items used in an economic activity may not necessarily be purchased, but may be received free, as a subsidy from the government or any other institution or may be obtained from the home produce. Such items were valued according to the prevailing local market prices and were included under inputs as purchased.

Inputs were grouped into 16 major groups such as agricultural seeds and seedlings, animal, poultry and fish-feed, explosives, chemicals and chemical products, water, electricity, fuel and lubricants, etc. Each of these were again sub-divided into input items for which the information was sought. In order to have a complete breakdown of input items, about 70 items were listed in the schedule. Value of each input item purchased during the reference period, value of the item used and the main purchasing agency from where it was mainly bought were recorded. Items used during the reference period need not be from the purchases during the same reference period. It can also be from the ones purchased some time back, but used during this reference period. Similarly, items purchased during this reference period need not be used during this period but may be kept for future consumption.

4.4 Section 3 - This section of the household schedule is on Current Operations, Output and Sales. Output and Sales has 11 sub-sections, one dealing with each branch of activity. The information such as output, quantity given away to the landlord, quantity consumed within the household etc. were collected for the reference period. For example, the quantity consumed may not necessarily be from this output, but may be from another years' output and used during this period.

4.4.1 Seasonal Crops and Non-Seasonal Crops - In the sub-section on seasonal crops, details such as area owned, area used for cultivation, number of times crop raised, output, quantity given away to the landlord, quantity consumed within the household, quantity transferred to others as gifts, loans, etc., quantity used for further processing and sales were collected. The information was recorded under each crop separately. However, the area owned was recorded only at one place as the total area owned by the household and not under each crop. The reference period for this sub-section was last year (i.e. last two cultivation seasons Maha-Yala or Yala-Maha).

If a crop is raised twice during Maha and Yala within a year using the same plot of land, two times the extent of the land was recorded, under "area used for cultivation". Out of the area used for cultivation the actual area owned was recorded under "area owned". Even if any area was used more than once for cultivation within a year, only the actual area owned was recorded here. Similarly, if different crops are raised in the same piece of land, the actual area owned was recorded against the total. Similar information was collected in respect of non-seasonal crops. However, the reference period in this case was last calendar month.

4.4.2 Livestock - In the sub-section on Livestock following items of information were collected. Stocks at the beginning of the year, born, dead, purchased, sold, slaughtered, received as gifts, loans etc., given away as gifts, loans etc. and otherwise lost during the year, stocks at the end of the year and the numbers used as draught animals. In addition to the above information on livestock products such as output, consumed within the household, transferred to others as gifts, loans etc., and sold during the last calendar month and also the stocks left in cold storage as of the date of interview was recorded.

4.4.3 Fishing - The sub-section on fishing and fish breeding includes catch/output, quantity consumed within the household, transferred to others as gifts, loans etc., quantity used for drying, salting etc., and quantity sold during the last calendar month was recorded. Apart from this, the quantity left in storage as of the date of interview was also recorded.

4.4.4 Forestry and Hunting - The sub-section on Forestry and Hunting sought information on the items usually collected from the forest such as firewood, fruits, bee honey, herbs, etc., and also the animals hunt. The information recorded were quantity gathered/hunt, quantity consumed within the household, quantity used for further processing and the quantity sold during the last calendar month. As in other sub-sections the quantity left in stocks as at the date of the interview was also recorded.

4.4.5 Mining and Quarrying - In the sub-section on Mining and Quarrying, information in respect of the items such as gems, limestone, stones, clay, sand etc. were collected. Output, amount used for further processing, quantity and value of the items sold during the last calendar month were recorded. Stocks as of the date of interview was also recorded.

4.4.6 Manufacturing - In the sub-section on Manufacturing, names of products were not printed in the schedule and were left for the investigator to record them. Information sought was similar to the earlier case. In addition, the quantity consumed within the household was also recorded.

4.4.7 Construction - In the sub-section on Construction, information was sought in respect of various types of construction work carried out on own account basis such as buildings, roads and bridges, drainages, irrigation, construction of wells, pumps and taps, land improvements, repairs, painting, white-washing etc. Information on any construction work done during the last 3 months for own use of the household and for others were recorded separately. In the case of "own use" the number of person days put-in (including hired labour, if any) and cost of materials used were recorded. In the case of construction work done for others, information such as "for whom the work was done", number of person days put-in (including hired labour, if any) and the amount received in payment for work done (including cost of any material inputs provided by this person) were recorded.

4.4.8 Trade - In the sub-section on Trade the main branches of trade are given in the schedule. It is sometimes difficult to separate them out clearly. For instance, if a person who is having a grocery shop may have textiles, drugs, stationery etc. Usually persons who are engaged in trade activities on own account basis sell different types of items depending on the needs of the consumer in that locality. In such a situation it is difficult to decide against which branch of trade one should record the data. This was overcome by recording data against the main branch of trade. The information collected were the values of purchases, amounts consumed within the household, transferred to others as gifts, loans etc., and sales, percentage of trade margin and value of stocks as of the date of interview. In the case of jewellery, 'making charges' were also recorded.

4.4.9 Transport - In the sub-section on Transport different types of vehicles used for the activity have been given. Information sought in respect of these are, the number of vehicles owned/leased, vehicle miles driven, number of passengers transported, goods transported (Tons) and the receipts from passenger transport and goods transport during the last calendar month.

4.4.10 Guest Houses, Restaurants, Bars, Coffee shops, Tea shops etc. - In the sub-section of Guest Houses, Restaurants, Bars, Coffee shops, Tea shops, etc., the types of services provided such as lodging, boarding, laundry, liquor, food and related beverages etc., are listed. Information such as number of beds available, number of bed days occupied, number of meals served and receipts from sales and services were recorded where relevant.

4.4.11 Services - The last sub-section is on Services. The different types of services such as real estate, business, medical, dental, health and veterinary, educational, recreational and cultural, repair etc., have been listed in the schedule. The number of clients and amount received during the last calendar month were recorded against the services provided by the household.

In each of these sub-sections, the number of other households involved in the activity as partners (if any) and the percentage share of the output were also recorded. In the sub-sections on "Manufacturing", "Trade", "Guest Houses, Restaurants, Bars, Coffee shops, Tea shops etc", and "Services", following two questions were also asked.

- (i) Is this activity carried out within the household premises?
- (ii) Or Some other place?

The gross value of the output per month for each activity was derived using the following procedure.

- (i) Seasonal Agriculture : (Estimated value of output last year less quantity used for further processing)/12.
- (ii) Non-seasonal Agriculture : Estimated value of output less quantity used for further processing.
- (iii) Livestock : Estimated value of output of livestock products.
- (iv) Fishing : Estimated value of fish catch or output (including the output of dry fish, saltfish etc.) less estimated value of fish used for drying, salting etc.
- (v) Forest Products : Estimated value of products gathered less estimated value of products used for further processing.
- (vi) Mining and Quarrying : Estimated value of output less estimated value of quantity used for further processing.
- (vii) Manufacturing : Estimated value of output less estimated value of quantity used for further processing.
- (viii) Construction : (Amount received in payment for work done for others together with the estimated value of work done for own use during the last quarter)/3.
- (ix) Trade : Estimated trade surplus obtained by multiplying the total sales for each branch of trade by the corresponding percentage of trade margin, together with the making charges of gold, silver and jewellery shops. If the data on trade margin are not available, the excess of sales over purchases could be taken together with the making charges of gold, silver and jewellery shops.
- (x) Transport : Total receipts from passenger and goods transport.
- (xi) Guest Houses etc., : Total receipts from sales and services.
- (xii) Other Services : Total amount of fees etc., received.

5. FIELD OPERATIONS AND CONTROL OF ERRORS

The collection of data was done by approximately 250 Statistical Investigators SIs who belong to the permanent field staff of the Department of Census and Statistics, Sri Lanka. Each SI is in-charge of all statistical activities in an administrative geographical unit called an Assistant Government Agents Division (A.G.A. Division). Each administrative district comprises of about 10 to 15 such units and there are altogether 256 A.G.A. Divisions in Sri Lanka. These officers were given a thorough training before they were entrusted with the survey operations. In each district there is a Statistical Officer (SO) who is in-charge of the Statistical activities in the district and one of his main functions is to supervise the work of the Statistical Investigators.

The functions of the Statistical Investigators in the field for this survey were -

- (a) Updating the lists of housing units of the selected blocks (PSUs) and preparation of listing forms (EALF) as described in Part I - 3. Sample Design and Estimation Procedure.
- (b) Interviewing the selected households.

The selection of PSUs' as well as the SSUs' were done at the Sample Survey Division (SSD) of the Department. The selected PSU's to be listed for each month were informed to the district using a control form EACF - 1 which gives all identification information of the selected blocks. Once the updating and listing forms are received these were checked with the EACF - 1 form, to ensure that all the blocks sent have been received. Similarly another control form EACF - 2 was used to inform the selected households to the district and when the completed schedules are received from the district these were checked against this control form. Copies of these control forms are attached in the appendix VI and VII.

In addition to this, following quality control procedures were adopted to control the non-sampling errors at various stages.

- (i) **Field check of the listing form and the updating operation by the district statistical officer -**
Each month SO chose three blocks (PSUs) at random, each listed by a different SI. He checked to see that the proper boundaries were used and the accuracy of the listings for a few households and also checked whether they have identified the households with at least one own account worker either in agriculture or in non-agriculture or both, properly. A summary report of his findings was sent to the SSD, each month using the form EACF - 3 a copy of which is given in the appendix VIII. This enable him to check at least one listed block from each SI during the first three months and identify the weaker SIs and give them the necessary instructions. In the subsequent rounds the work of these weaker SIs were closely and frequently supervised.
- (ii) **Field check of interviewing by the district SO. -**
Each month the SO chose 10 sample households at random for re-interview from 5 different Census blocks, surveyed by 5 different SIs. Within first 2 months of the survey period he was able to supervise almost all the SIs in his district and identify the weaker SIs. Necessary instructions were given to them whenever required. He re-asked the questions for selected parts of the survey schedule. Where the response differ from the original ones, he entered them on the schedule in such a way that his entries could be distinguished from those recorded in the initial interview. A summary report of his findings was sent to SSD each month using the form EACF - 6 a copy of which is given in the appendix XI.
- (iii) **District Office check of completed schedules -**
Each month the SO reviewed all schedules for completeness before sending them to the SSD. The schedules pertaining to each month were due in the SSD by the last day of the following months.

(iv) SSD initial check -

The SSD staff reviewed a few key items on each schedule. The field SIs received their piece rate payment for field work only after their work passed this check. The schedules which were found in error according to this check were given priority for the detail manual edit and all the errors found were corrected by contacting the relevant field staff and only then the payment were made to these officers. This avoided meeting the field staff twice to get the errors corrected. It also improved the quality of the data collected in the subsequent sub-rounds.

(v) SSD manual edit and coding -

Each schedule received a comprehensive manual edit. The required codes were also entered while editing. Manual edit check consisted of within section and between sections consistency checks, range checks etc. During this stage impossible entries and unreasonably large entries were also detected and relevant field officers were contacted to make necessary adjustments, if required. The questions which had to be answered but omitted, were also detected during this stage and for such items the following procedures were adopted. These were discussed with the field officers and tried to find the answers using their field books. In certain cases item imputation procedures were adopted using the answers given in -

(i) the same schedule .

(ii) other schedules of the same block .

(iii) the schedules of that district for a particular month .

(i) above was done at the manual editing stage while (ii) and (iii) were done on the computer.

Sometimes it was not possible to correct the schedules at the SSD. Such schedules were taken to the district statistical office by a team of officers from SSD or summoned the relevant field officers to SSD and got them corrected after discussing with the field SIs who completed those schedules. This was done to avoid the delays in sending schedules by post and getting them back after the corrections are made.

(vi) Field reviews by SSD staff -

Statistical Officers, Statisticians and other senior members of the SSD visited each district once in every two or three months. His/her review includes: review of schedules, field re-interviews of randomly-chosen households, discussion with SIs about problems identified by SSD in manual edits and whatever problems they have faced in the field etc. Report was submitted by each supervising officer including all the problems found based on his field review.

(vii) Supplementary instructions -

All the reports submitted by SSD staff based on their field supervisions were studied and different problems found in all 24 districts were discussed. Supplementary instructions were issued after taking these problems into consideration. Any special problems which have not been covered adequately in the original instructions were also covered in these supplementary instructions. Senior officials from the SSD visited each district and supplementary instructions were explained to the district staff so that they could use them in the future rounds of the survey.

(viii) Data entry checks -

Range checks and a number of other simple edit checks were performed on the data entry machines (key to disk) while the data was being keyed.

(ix) Computer edits -

Most of the edits performed manually were incorporated in the computer edits and the data was thoroughly cleaned before the working master files were created. The computer edit consists of three parts.

- (i) Structural edit
- (ii) range edit
- (iii) within sections and between sections consistency checks

In addition to this some imputations were also done on the computer. In section 3 which deals with the current operations, output and sales only the quantities were asked in the case of output and the values for those quantities were imputed using the unit price derived from the sales. If the sales were not recorded in the schedule, average unit price was calculated using

- (i) the other schedules of the same block
or
- (ii) the other schedules of the district.

NON RESPONSE

The Survey was expected to cover a total sample of approximately 24,000 households from among households which are engaged in household economic activities. The actual number of households covered in the survey was 24,176. This was due to the method of allocation adopted for the selection of primary sampling units as described in the section on sample design. For all the selected households, schedules have to be completed at least up to control data section. Control data section includes result codes for each of the visit to the households. The result categories are, completed, differed, no competent respondent at home, refused, household is changed, house is demolished or other. As such, the number of schedules not completed due to various reasons could be obtained. The results thus obtained for all 12 months of the survey are shown below.

RESULTS OF HOUSEHOLD INTERVIEWS

Result	Number	Percentage
Completed	23,419	96.9
No economic activity	327	1.4
Household is changed	240	1.0
Household is demolished or vacant	158	0.6
Unable to complete schedule for any other reason	25	0.1
Refused	7	-
Total	24,176	100.0

It can be seen that the main reason for not completing the interviews was that the sample household did not have any economic activity, at the time of interview although it was classified as having an economic activity during the listing stage. For 240 households, schedules could not be completed due to the reason that a new household was occupying the housing unit at the time of interview, and sampled household has moved out. 158 housing units occupied by the sampled households were demolished or vacant. Another 25 cases could not be completed due to the absence of a competent respondent at house at the time of interviewer's visits or other reasons not mentioned elsewhere. Only 7 households have refused to be interviewed.

The schedules were completed in respect of 96.9 percent of the selected households. As such the response rate at the all island level was 96.9 and the non-response rate was only 3.1 percent. Overall non-response and completion rate of schedules by visit for districts is given below.

**OVERALL NON-RESPONSE RATE & COMPLETION RATE OF
SCHEDULES BY VISIT FOR DISTRICT**

District	Completion Rate of Schedules			Non-Response Rate
	1st Visit	2nd Visit	3rd Visit	
Colombo	72.4	15.3	3.2	9.1
Gampaha	75.8	19.8	1.7	2.7
Kalutara	89.5	6.3	0.8	3.4
Kandy	90.1	7.1	0.3	2.5
Matale	81.1	16.1	1.3	1.5
Nuwara Eliya	80.3	14.8	3.1	1.8
Galle	82.5	14.5	1.4	1.6
Matara	86.4	9.8	1.6	2.2
Hambantota	85.3	10.4	1.4	2.9
Jaffna	82.2	12.1	4.0	1.7
Mannar	82.8	10.6	0.6	6.0
Vavuniya	89.3	2.9	2.1	5.7
Mullaitivu	81.5	17.9	-	0.6
Batticaloa	91.9	5.9	0.3	1.9
Ampara	77.4	18.4	2.0	2.2
Trincomalee	74.3	17.1	4.9	3.7
Kurunegala	80.9	16.3	0.9	1.9
Puttalam	83.9	6.6	0.4	9.1
Anuradhapura	74.4	19.1	3.6	2.9
Polonnaruwa	82.4	12.2	1.5	3.9
Badulla	79.0	15.8	3.0	2.3
Moneragala	90.1	7.7	0.7	1.5
Ratnapura	89.9	7.6	1.1	1.4
Kegalle	89.0	10.6	1.7	1.7
All Island	82.2	12.9	1.8	3.1

The schedule was designed to be completed in one visit to the selected household. However provision was given to make three visits to the same household in cases where it was not possible to complete the schedule during the first visit due to reasons such as no competent respondent at home, the household members temporarily absent etc. It was seen in the analysis of the number of visits by districts, more than 80 percent of schedules were completed within the first visit and nearly 95 percent within first and second visits. The number of schedules completed in the third visit is negligible.

Comparison of non-response rate and the percentage of schedules completed in the third visit to the household in each district together with schedule completion rates and non-response rate at all island level, shows that any increase in the percentage of completed schedules in the third visit does not make any significant effect to the respective non-response rate, which implies that making more than three visits to a household in any district does not make any appreciable change in the non-response rate in that district.

NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS SELECTED, NUMBER COMPLETED AND
RESPONSE RATE FOR DISTRICTS

District	Selected Households		Completed Schedules		Response Rate
	No.	%	No.	%	
Colombo	1,664	6.9	1,513	6.5	90.9
Gampaha	1,675	6.9	1,630	7.0	97.3
Kalutara	1,068	4.4	1,032	4.4	96.6
Kandy	1,299	5.1	1,267	5.4	97.5
Matale	714	3.0	703	3.0	98.5
Nuwara Eliya	838	3.5	823	3.5	98.2
Galle	1,197	5.0	1,178	5.0	98.4
Matara	829	3.4	810	3.5	97.8
Hambantota	1,072	4.4	1,041	4.4	97.1
Jaffna	1,393	5.8	1,370	5.8	98.3
Mannar	464	1.9	436	2.0	94.0
Vavuniya	476	2.0	449	1.9	94.3
Mullaitivu	340	1.4	338	1.4	99.4
Batticaloa	606	2.5	595	2.5	98.1
Ampara	707	2.9	691	3.0	97.8
Trincomalee	672	2.8	647	2.8	96.3
Kurunegala	1,799	7.4	1,765	7.5	98.1
Puttalam	957	4.0	870	3.7	90.9
Anuradhapura	1,729	7.2	1,679	7.2	97.1
Polonnaruwa	719	3.0	691	2.9	96.1
Badulla	962	4.0	940	4.0	97.7
Moneragala	833	3.5	821	3.5	98.5
Ratnapura	1,321	5.5	1,302	5.6	98.6
Kegalle	842	3.5	828	3.5	98.3
All Island,	24,176	100.0	23,419	100.0	96.9

SAMPLING ERROR

The sample design and the estimation procedure used in the survey were discussed in Part 1-3 sample design and estimation procedure.

Sampling errors arise from the fact that the observations were confined to a sample of population rather than the whole population. Due to the limitation of time, these errors could not be calculated for the inclusion of this report.

PART II - SURVEY RESULTS

1. DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS

1.1 INTRODUCTION

Demographic information were collected from all the usual residents of the households in which at least one member is engaged in an agricultural or a non-agricultural activity on own account basis. In addition to these the members who were 10 years of age and above were interviewed, first to identify whether they are engaged in any household economic activity and if so, the details of such activities were obtained. The flow of the questions asked from the respondent to identify each activity is given in the Diagram 1. If there is at least one person who says 'yes' to either of the three questions - Q 11 or Q 14 or Q 20, then that household was considered to be engaged in household economic activities. Thus a respondent was probed for each activity separately to ascertain whether he/she is engaged in one activity or several activities.

The activities were classified into three major activity groups namely Seasonal agricultural activities, Other agricultural activities and Non-agricultural activities. Other agricultural activities were classified further as 'Non-Seasonal Crops', 'Livestock and Poultry farming', 'Fishing and fish breeding' and 'Forestry and Hunting' and Non-agricultural activities as 'Mining and Quarrying', 'Manufacturing', 'Construction', 'Trade', 'Transport', 'Guest Houses, Restaurants etc.' and 'Services'.

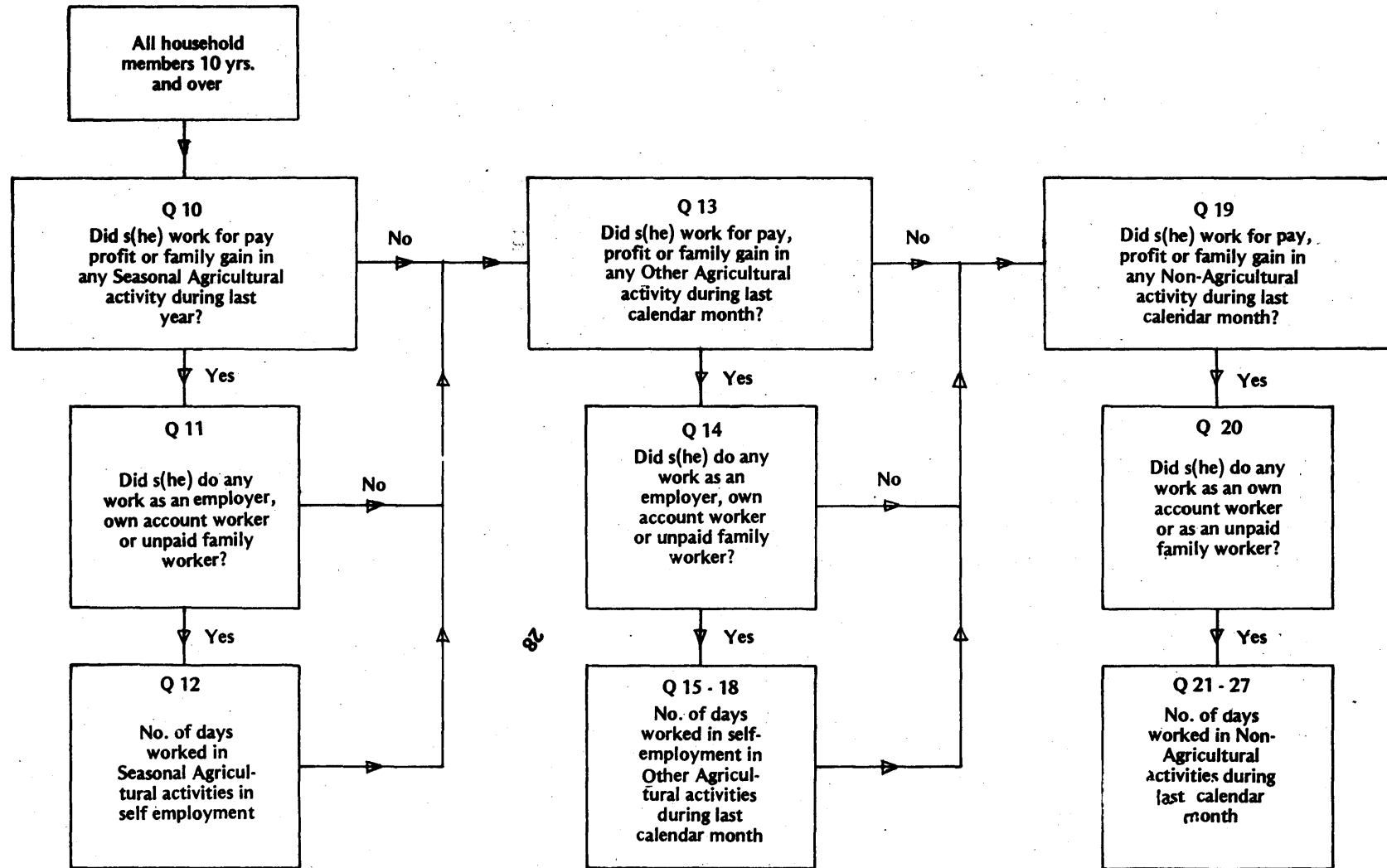
The employment status of the persons engaged in household economic activities were collected in respect of each major activity. In the case of Seasonal and Other agricultural activities, the persons engaged were classified into employer, own account worker and unpaid family worker while in Non-agricultural activities only the latter two were taken into consideration. The purpose of this survey was to cover both Agricultural and Non-agricultural households in which economic activities are carried out mainly on own account basis. As such those who have engaged in these activities as 'employees' were not considered in this survey. However, the information in respect of hired labour used by households in these activities were collected under 'Hired Labour employed in economic activity'.

The number of days worked during the last calendar month was recorded in respect of the sub-groups under the respective major activities. In Seasonal agricultural activities data was also obtained for last year. Here 'last year' was referred to the last two cultivation seasons, Maha-Yala or Yala-Maha as the case may be.

If a person has worked at least one hour in any particular activity on a day, that day was considered as a day worked under that activity. As such, if a person has engaged in more than one activity and at least one hour in each of the activity within a particular day, a day worked has been recorded under each such activity. The total number of days will not therefore be additive. This should be taken into account when interpreting the data in respect of the average number of days worked by the persons who were engaged in any household economic activity.

The analysis given in this chapter relates only to the persons living in the households which were engaged in household economic activities in the country during the period of study.

DIAGRAM 1 - IDENTIFICATION OF HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED IN HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES



If there is at least one person who says 'Yes' to either Q 11 or Q 14 or Q 20 then that household was considered as engaged in household economic activities.

1.2 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS

The survey results reveal that there were 1.4 million households engaged in household economic activities in Sri Lanka. Of these households 91.7 percent were in the rural sector while urban sector constituted only 8.3 percent. This confirms the fact that the household economic activities in the country are almost entirely concentrated in rural areas.

1.3 DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION

The population* in households which were engaged in household economic activities during the survey was 7.2 million and it was approximately 46 percent of the total population in Sri Lanka during that period. The population* in urban sector was only 0.7 of a million or 9.1 percent of the total population* while in the rural sector it was 6.6 million or 90.9 percent.

Table 1 in Part III of this report shows the distribution of population* by district. Density of population* calculated for districts show the highest density was in Colombo with 484 persons per square kilometre and Gampaha was the next densely populated district in Sri Lanka with 314 persons per square kilometre. Vavuniya district with only 21 persons per square kilometre had the lowest population* density in the island. Table below illustrates the density of population* by district.

Table 1a - Density of Population*

District	Area in sq. km.	Population*	Density per sq. km.
Colombo	652.4	315,926	484
Gampaha	1,398.8	438,572	314
Kalutara	1,606.6	299,321	186
Kandy	2,157.5	544,880	253
Matale	1,988.6	228,416	115
Nuwara Eliya	1,437.2	187,016	130
Galle	1,673.9	394,662	236
Matara	1,246.5	350,176	281
Hambantota	2,593.4	321,708	124
Jaffna	2,072.3	316,891	153
Mannar	2,002.1	68,089	34
Vavuniya	2,645.2	55,828	21
Mullaitivu	1,966.1	47,789	24
Batticaloa	2,464.6	147,579	60
Ampara	4,539.2	274,420	60
Trincomalee	2,618.2	94,354	36
Kurunegala	4,772.8	900,867	189
Puttalam	2,976.9	257,892	87
Anuradhapura	7,129.2	440,411	62
Polonnaruwa	3,403.8	178,921	53
Badulla	2,818.2	341,940	121
Moneragala	5,586.9	273,797	49
Ratnapura	3,238.8	416,136	128
Kegalle	1,662.8	334,932	201
SRI LANKA	64,652.0	7,225,523	112

1.4 AGE AND SEX COMPOSITION

Of the total population* under study, 51 percent were males and 49 percent were females, figures being 3,685,902 and 3,539,621 respectively.

The population pyramid in Figure 1 visualize the structure of the population* by age and sex in 5 year age groups. Prominant feature in this pyramid is that the percentage share in the base age group 0 - 4 is smaller than the preceding age group 5 - 9. From the age group 10 - 14 the percentage shares gradually decrease towards the upper age groups.

Population of females in age groups 0 - 4 and 5 - 9 have been higher than that of the males and this has also been noticed in the age groups 20 - 24 to 50 - 54. Males were dominant in age groups 10 - 14, 15 - 19 and 55 years and over. The sex ratio (number of males per 100 females) of the population based on the survey is 104 which is same as that derived from the Census of Population 1981.

Another aspect of the age structure can be determined by the dependency ratio which measures the burden of supporting the young and old by the persons in the working ages. Dependency ratio is the ratio of the population under 15 and 65 years or over to the population 15 to 64 years multiplied by 100. According to this measure, there are about 64 'dependents' for each 100 persons in the productive ages of this population*.

1.5 ETHNICITY

The ethnic composition of the population by sectors is shown in Table 4. Largest ethnic group in the island the Sinhalese comprised 82.4 percent of the total population*. Sri Lanka Tamils were 9.9 percent, Sri Lanka Moors 6.1 percent, Indian Tamils 1.4 percent and the 'Other' group which consists of Malays, Burghers and the minorities was only 0.2 percent.

Considering each ethnic group as a whole their distribution by sector reveal that the majority of the groups were agglomerated in rural areas. The population of Sinhales, Sri Lanka Tamils and Moors in the rural sector were 93, 83 and 73 percent respectively. Since estate sector was included in the rural sector a higher proportion of Indian Tamils were observed in the rural sector, percent being 92. Urbanization of Sri Lanka Tamils and Moors was higher than that of Sinhalese and Indian Tamils.

1.6 EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

The number of persons who are 5 years and over was 6.5 million or 89.9 percent of the total population* covered by the survey. Tables 5 and 6 show the educational attainment levels of the population*.

It is observed from the Table below that 11.6 percent of the population* had never attended school while 32.4 percent could not complete the primary education. In this population* very small percentage of only 2.5 had been able to reach G.C.E. Advanced Level while those with University education were less than 1 percent.

Table 1b - Percentage distribution of the population aged 5 years and over by level of education and sex- All Island/Sectors

Educational Attainment	All Island			Urban			Rural		
	T	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F
No Schooling	11.6	8.2	15.1	7.8	5.2	10.4	11.9	8.4	15.6
Grade 1 - 4	32.4	34.0	30.8	25.8	26.5	25.3	33.1	34.7	31.4
Grade 5 - 7	23.0	24.6	21.4	23.2	23.7	22.6	23.0	24.7	21.2
Grade 8 or 9	17.8	18.4	17.1	21.8	22.7	20.9	17.4	17.9	16.7
G.C.E.(O/L)/N.C.G.E	12.2	12.0	12.4	16.5	16.9	16.1	11.8	11.6	12.0
G.C.E.(A/L)/H.N.C.E	2.5	2.3	2.7	3.8	3.6	3.8	2.4	2.2	2.7
Degree/Post Graduate									
Degree/Diploma	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.1	1.4	0.9	0.4	0.5	0.4

Data analysed by sectors show that the proportion with no schooling was higher in the rural sector. The corresponding percentages for urban and rural sectors were 7.8 and 11.9 respectively. A significantly higher proportion of urban population had reached G.C.E.(O/L) as compared to rural population. Among those who have had no schooling at all, females recorded the highest percentage compared to males and it should be noted that 60 percent of the 'no schooling' category were rural women.

1.7 EMPLOYMENT STATUS

1.7.1 Seasonal Agricultural Activities - Out of the total population*, 34.23 percent were engaged in Seasonal agricultural activities. On the whole males shared a higher proportion than females, percent being 59.17 of the total persons engaged in Seasonal agricultural activities. Males were dominant among the employer and own account worker categories as compared to females, percentages were 95.14 and 88.8 respectively for males in each category. Among the unpaid family workers nearly 60 percent were females.

Of the rural population* 36.7 percent were engaged in Seasonal agriculture while only 9.6 percent of the urban population were engaged in Seasonal agriculture.

Table 1c - Number of persons engaged in household economic activities by activity group - All Island/Sectors

Sector	Total popn*	Number of Persons Engaged in		
		Seasonal Agricultural activities	Other Agricultural activities	Non-Agricultural activities
All Island	7,225,523	2,473,441	1,791,405	499,719
Urban	656,589	62,798	74,207	103,483
Rural	6,568,934	2,410,643	1,717,198	396,236

Note - Number of members engaged in different activities are not additive as one person may have engaged in more than one activity.

1.7.2 Other Agricultural Activities - Proportion of persons engaged in Other agricultural activities were 24.79 of the total population*. Preponderance of males than females can be observed here too in the employer and own account worker categories.

Among the unpaid family workers rural women have contributed more to the labour force than men and it was 62 percent of the total number of unpaid family workers.

1.7.3 Non-Agricultural Activities - The survey reveals that the total number of persons engaged in Non-agricultural activities were 499,719 persons or 6.9 percent of the total population*. Of this number 67 percent have worked as own account workers and 33 percent as unpaid family workers.

In both rural and urban sectors males recorded the highest proportion in own account worker category while females were the highest in unpaid family worker category. These factors are illustrated in Tables 7.2 and 7.3.

1.8 AVERAGE NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED

Table 8 indicates the average number of days worked per month by the household members engaged in each activity group by sectors and employment status.

In Seasonal agricultural activities an employer works 18 days on the average while own account worker works 13 days and unpaid family worker 9 days. In all the employment categories of this activity man days contributed by a male is more than a female's contribution each month.

In Other agricultural activities females have worked more days than males as employers but in the other two employment categories both males and females have worked equal number of days.

In Non-agricultural activities the working pattern has changed. Own account workers and unpaid family workers in this activity group have put up more working days than in any other activity group. The respective average number of days being 21 and 20.

1.9 SELF EMPLOYED FARMERS

According to the survey design, under employment status the persons engaged in economic activities were differentiated as employer, own account worker and unpaid family worker. The persons whose employment status as employer or own account worker were considered as self employed farmers for the analysis in this report.

Table 1d Distribution of self employed farmers in each activity by sector.

Activity	SRI LANKA		URBAN		RURAL	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Seasonal Agricultural Activities	962,870	100	30,528	3	932,342	97
Non-Seasonal Agricultural Activities	786,207	100	29,171	4	757,036	96
Livestock & Poultry Farming	298,858	100	13,884	5	284,974	95
Fishing & Fish Breeding	33,628	100	9,097	27	24,531	73
Forestry & Hunting	3,857	100	453	12	3,404	88

Table 1e Distribution of self employed farmers by sex and Sector.

Activity		SRI LANKA			URBAN			RURAL		
		Both	Male	Female	Both	Male	Female	Both	Male	Female
Seasonal Agricultural	No.	962,870	855,684	107,186	30,528	26,975	3,553	932,342	828,709	103,633
	%	100	89	11	100	88	12	100	89	11
Non Seasonal Agricultural	No.	786,207	643,779	142,428	29,171	21,172	7,999	757,036	622,607	134,429
	%	100	82	18	100	73	27	100	82	18
Livestock & Poultry Farming	No.	298,858	220,565	78,293	13,884	7,588	6,296	284,974	212,977	71,997
	%	100	74	26	100	55	45	100	75	25
Fishing & Fish Breeding	No.	33,628	32,756	872	9,087	9,008	89	24,531	23,748	783
	%	100	97	3	100	99	01	100	97	3
Forestry & Hunting	No.	3,857	2,862	995	453	173	280	3,404	2,689	715
	%	100	74	26	100	38	62	100	79	21

The above table shows the number of self employed farmers who engaged in each activity by sectors. It is observed that 962,870 persons were self employed in seasonal agricultural activities. Out of this 932,342 or 97% were in the rural sector while only 30,528 or 3% were in urban sector. Similarly a higher percentage of self employed farmers engaged in other activities were observed in the rural sector.

The Table 1e analyses the sex distribution in each sector. The contribution to these activities by female self-employed farmers were observed to be very low. But in the urban sector female participation was significant in the activities like livestock and poultry farming and forestry and hunting, percentages being 45 and 62 respectively. In the other activities the sex distribution does not show much difference between the urban and rural sectors.

The Table 1f analyses the self-employed farmers with their level of education for each activity in which they were engaged. It is observed that percentage of farmers who did not attend school in their life time was very small in all these activities except in Forestry and Hunting activities where this percentage was fairly high as 19%.

The majority of the self-employed farmers who were engaged in almost all the activities had an education below grade 9. Those who have passed G.C.E. (O/L) and above were about 13.4% in Seasonal agriculture, 15.9% in Non-seasonal Agriculture, 14.1% Livestock & Poultry farming and about 5% only in fishing and fish breeding activities.

Table 1f **The Percentage distribution of self employed farmers in each activity by level of education.**

Level of Education	Activity				
	Seasonal	Non-Seasonal	Livestock	Fishing	Forestry
No - Schooling	9.1	9.1	9.2	7.9	19.3
Grade 1 - 4	32.9	31.2	31.0	36.5	40.8
5 - 7	28.6	27.3	29.1	41.6	29.6
8 - 9	15.9	16.5	16.6	9.1	7.5
G.C.E. (O/L)	11.3	13.6	11.9	4.3	2.7
G.C.E. (A/L)	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.6	-
Degree	0.4	0.5	0.5	-	-
Post Grad. Deg./Diploma	0.1	0.1	0.1	-	-
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

It is evident from these facts that the people who have attained higher educational levels were not significantly involved in these agricultural activities.

Population* - Total number of persons living in the households which were engaged in household economic activities in the country during the period of study.

Fig. 1 DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS LIVING IN HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED IN HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES BY AGE AND SEX

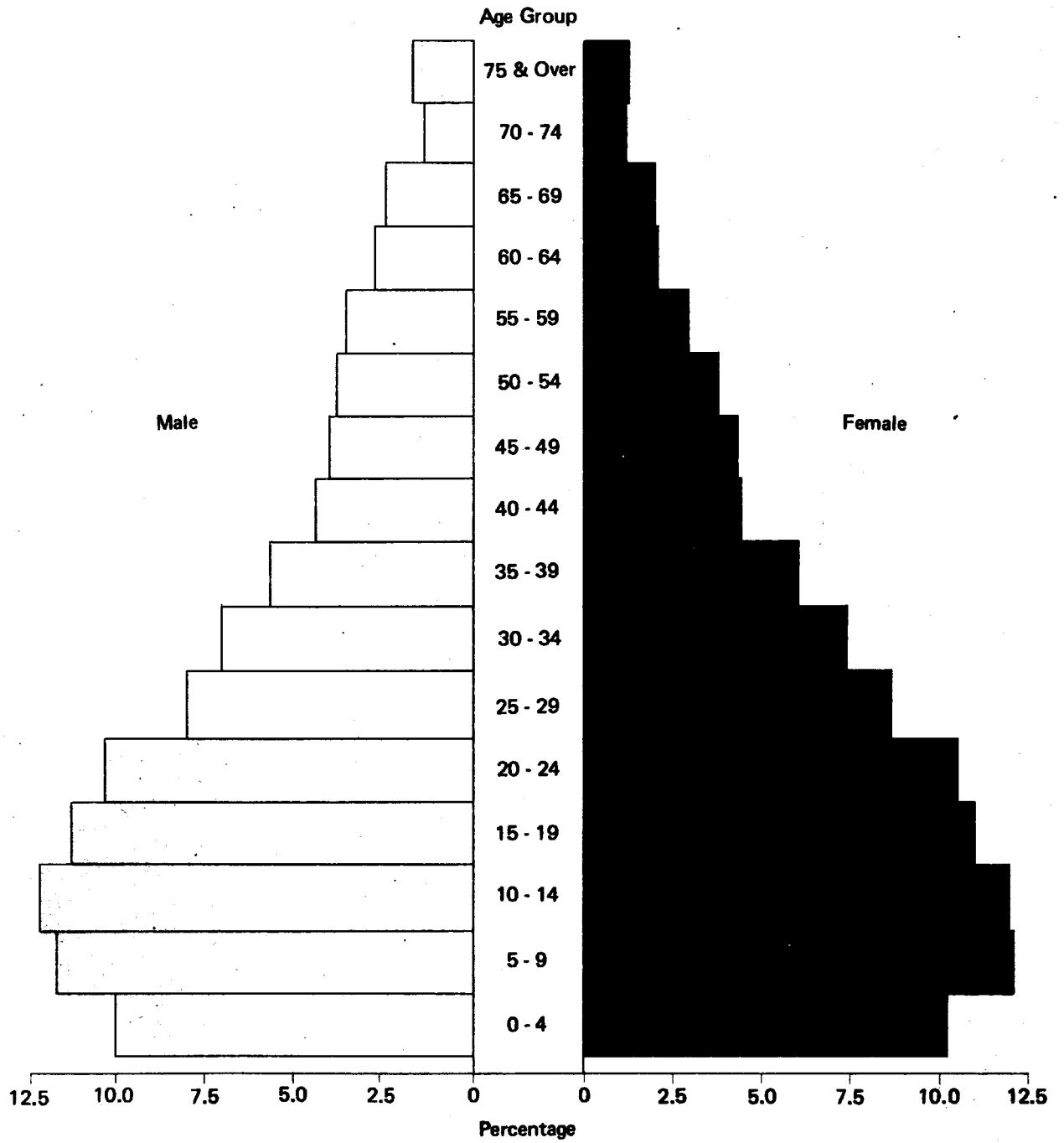


Fig.2 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS ENGAGED IN ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES BY EMPLOYMENT STATUS

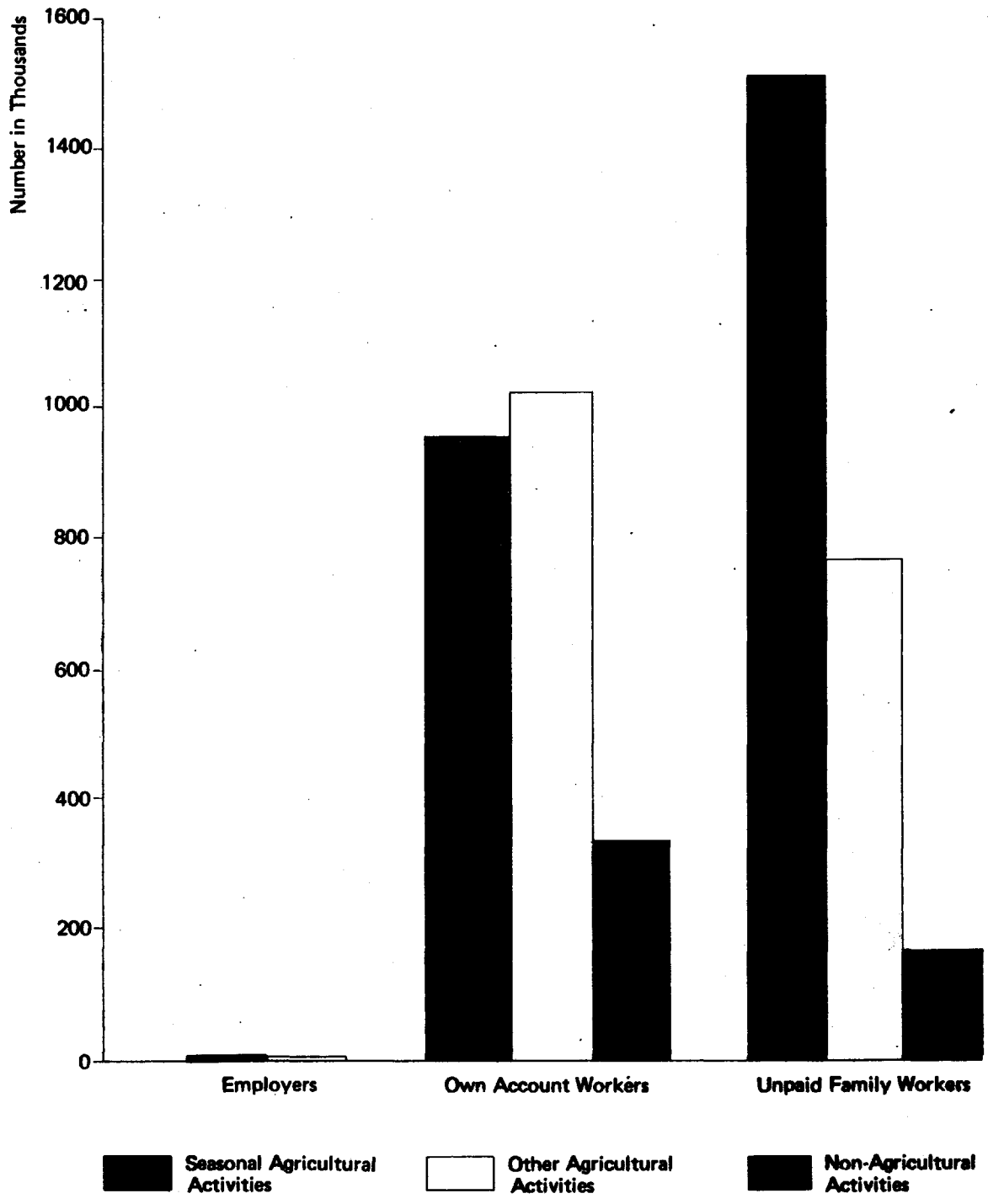
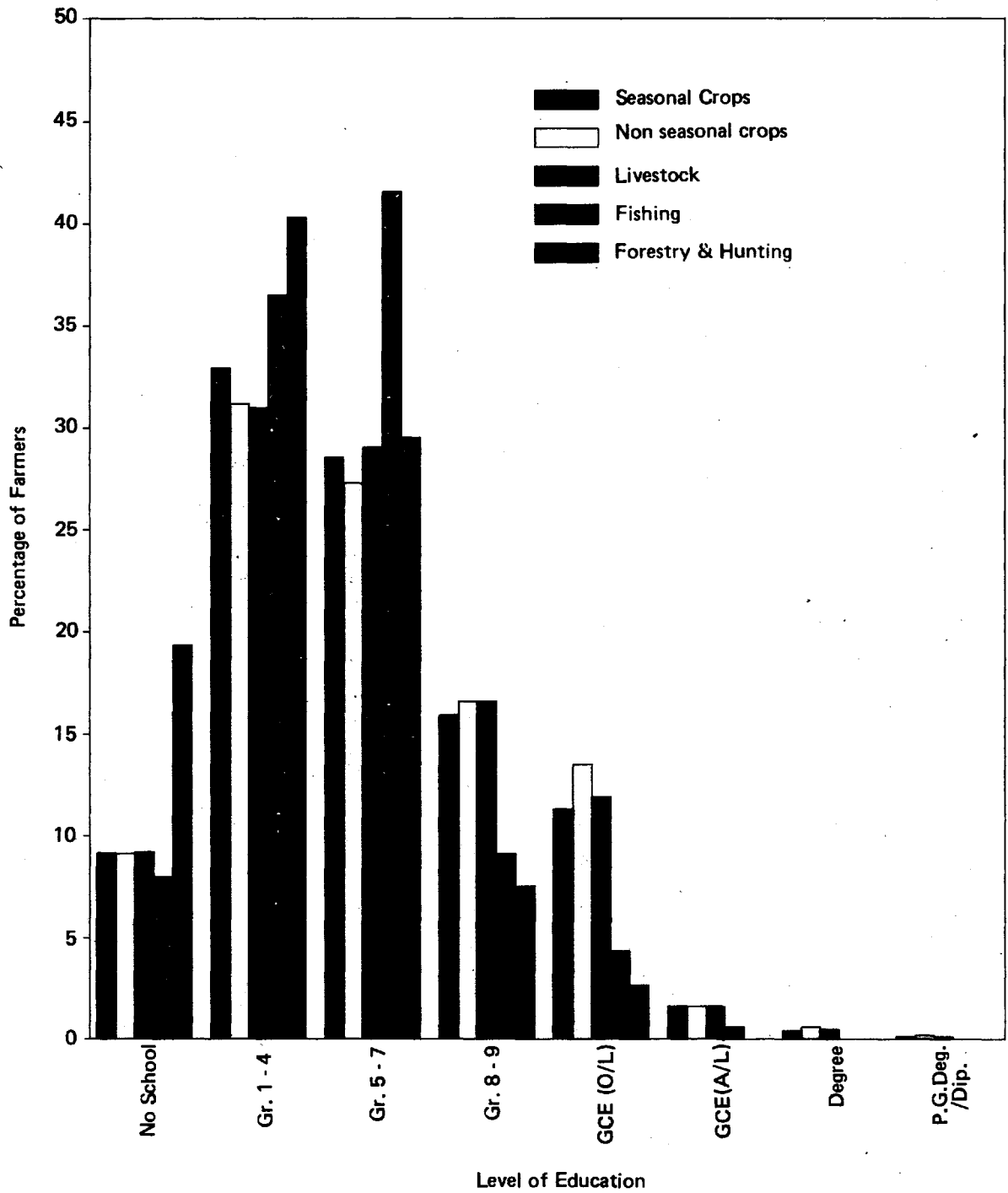


Fig.3 LEVEL OF EDUCATION OF SELF EMPLOYED FARMERS IN AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITY



2. FIXED ASSETS, LOANS TAKEN, HIRED LABOUR AND CURRENT PURCHASES & INPUTS

2.1 FIXED ASSETS USED FOR ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

The total value of fixed assets used in economic activities carried out on a household basis is an important factor in determining the contribution of the household sector to the fixed capital formation. As such, an attempt was made to obtain possible information on fixed assets used in economic activities carried out on a household basis. Land, buildings, machinery, furniture and fixtures, transport equipment and other equipment are the major items of fixed assets, on which information was collected through this survey. All these fixed assets have been defined in Part 1 - Survey Methodology, under concepts and definitions in this report. It was difficult to obtain data on fixed assets separately for each economic activity, because of the integrated nature of these activities carried out by the household sector. For instance, assets such as buildings, machinery, transport equipment are often used in different activities carried out by the same household. Contribution of these assets to the different activities cannot be measured separately. As such, information on assets used for all the economic activities carried out in a household was obtained as for an integrated unit. However, the value of fixed assets used for Agricultural activities and for Non-agricultural activities were obtained separately. For this purpose if the same asset was used for an Agricultural activity, as well as for a Non-agricultural activity, the value of this item was divided on the basis of the time spent on each activity. All types of motor vehicles including tractors were recorded under transport equipment. If any of them was used for agricultural purposes, the corresponding value was recorded under Agricultural activities. Likewise all types of boats were recorded under boats, and the value of boats used for fishing were recorded under agricultural activities.

It should be mentioned here that when an economic activity is carried out on a partnership basis, all partner households may have a chance of being selected into the sample. As such, there can be a duplication of the value of fixed assets used in that joint venture. To avoid such duplication, the due shares of the values of assets used by the selected household were imputed on the computer.

It is apparent from Table 9.1 that the total estimated value of assets owned and otherwise possessed, which have been utilized in household economic activities is Rs. 52,434 million. Out of this total, about Rs. 41,558 million worth of fixed assets were owned, and Rs. 10,876 million worth of fixed assets were possessed by the households by other means.

The estimates of survey results further reveals that the total value of fixed assets used during the survey period in household economic activities which have been carrying out on an own account basis is Rs. 52,459 million. Out of this total value, Rs. 48,814 million worth of fixed assets or 93 percent have been used in Agricultural activities and Rs. 3,644 million or nearly 7 percent of the total value of fixed assets have been used in Non-agricultural activities. It is important to note that in most of the cases the value of fixed assets used, exceeds the total value of assets which are either owned or otherwise possessed in such activities. The difference in these figures may probably be due to the under reporting of fixed assets possessed by the households through other means.

Table 2a gives the distribution of the value of fixed assets used, by sectors, on the two major activity categories, Agriculture and Non-agriculture. It is seen that both in urban and rural sectors as well as at all-island level, "Land" as a fixed asset contribute a significant proportion (more than 80 percent) to the total value of fixed assets used in economic activities carried out in households, on an own account basis.

Of the total value of fixed assets used in Agricultural activities, nearly 94 percent are land, 2.7 percent are transport equipment and 2.3 percent are other equipment. As expected, the contribution of furniture and fixtures to the total value of fixed assets used in Agricultural activities is negligible.

Table 2a - Percentage distribution of the fixed assets used in Agricultural activities and Non-agricultural activities by type of fixed assets for sectors

Item	All Island			Urban			Rural		
	Total	Agriculture	Non agriculture	Total	Agri-culture	Non agricu-lture	Total	Agri-cult-ure	Non agri-cul-ture
Land	87.9	94.1	3.5	80.6	95.6	4.1	88.9	94.1	3.3
Buildings	3.6	0.6	43.6	8.3	0.8	46.6	2.9	0.6	42.6
Machinery	0.7	0.3	6.9	1.0	0.1	5.8	0.7	0.3	7.3
Furniture & fixtures	0.5	0.0	6.0	1.0	0.0	5.9	0.4	0.0	6.9
Transport equipment	4.8	2.7	32.8	6.8	2.3	29.9	4.5	2.7	33.9
Other equipment	2.5	2.2	6.6	2.3	1.2	7.8	2.6	2.3	6.0
TOTAL	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Sectoral distribution of the value of fixed assets used in Agricultural activities shows no significant change in pattern. In both urban and rural sectors more than 90 percent of the total value of fixed assets used are land. The proportion of fixed assets used in Non-agricultural activities follows a different pattern. Buildings and transport equipment have become more prominent in this sector of economic activity. They account for 47 percent and 30 percent in urban sector, and 43 percent and 34 percent in rural sector respectively.

District wise breakdown of the value of fixed assets used in the two major groups of household economic activities (Agriculture and Non-agriculture) shows that the value of fixed assets used in Agricultural activities is remarkably high (over 84 percent) when compared to those used for Non-agricultural activities (less than 18 percent).

2.2 LOANS TAKEN

In the case of household economic activities, the main liability seems to be the loans taken by way of cash, materials or services. As such, information collected with regard to the liabilities were confined only to the loans taken for household economic activities. Hence the amount of a loan actually used for the economic activity was taken as the liability of that activity, and recorded under the loans taken without considering the original purpose of obtaining the loan. For instance, a household may have taken a loan for some other purpose, and have used a portion of it for the economic activity. In such instances, the amount actually used for the economic activity was recorded under loans taken. On the otherhand, if a portion of a loan taken for the economic activity was used for some other purpose, that portion was omitted in recording the necessary information, as it is not a liability of the economic activity concerned.

In some instances, loans taken for one activity were seen to be used in many other economic activities carried out by the same household. In such cases it was difficult to measure the amounts spent on each activity as the household had no records of such expenditures. As such, if more than one activity is carried out by a household, the loans taken were recorded together as for an integrated unit. However, information on loans which were obtained from Institutional and Non-institutional sources during a year were recorded separately for Agricultural activities and Non-agricultural activities.

In cases where loans were obtained in kind or the repayments were made in kind, the values of such transactions were imputed on the prevailing market prices. Financial assistances, Fertilizers, Seedlings etc. provided by the Government under the grant schemes were not considered as a loan.

Table 11.1 shows loans taken during a calendar year by source of loan. It is seen from this table that the total value of loans taken for household economic activities during a calendar year is approximately Rs. 986 million. Out of this amount, Rs. 710 million or 72 percent of the total loans taken, were for Agricultural activities and the balance 28 percent or approximately Rs. 276 million were for Non-agricultural activities.

Table 2b - Percentage distribution of loans taken by source of loan for sectors

Source of Loan	All Island			Urban			Rural		
	Total	Agriculture	Non-agriculture	Total	Agriculture	Non-agriculture	Total	Agriculture	Non-agriculture
Government	1.7	2.0	1.0	1.2	0.5	1.6	1.9	2.2	0.6
Banks	45.1	47.0	40.4	54.6	48.8	58.0	43.2	46.8	29.7
Co-operatives	2.5	3.2	0.5	0.3	0.6	0.1	2.9	3.4	0.8
Money lenders	26.1	28.4	20.0	24.7	30.1	21.6	26.3	28.3	19.0
Other	24.6	19.4	38.1	19.2	20.0	18.7	25.7	19.3	49.9
TOTAL	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

It is seen from the above table that the share of loans obtained from institutional sources both for Agricultural activities and Non-agricultural activities were approximately 49 percent, and from Non-institutional sources were nearly 51 percent. This implies that despite the significant development of the institutional sector which provide credit facilities, the informal sources are still appear to be the major source of credit. It is also worthy to note that, in the case of Agricultural activities done on a household basis, the institutional sources such as Government, Banks and Co-operatives etc. provided 52 percent of the total loans, where as sources such as Private money lenders, Friends, Relatives etc. provided only 48 percent. However in the case of Non-agricultural activities, the non-institutional sources provide 58 percent of the loans and only 42 percent are provided by the institutional sources.

The sectoral distribution shows a significant variation in the sources of credit. The institutional sources shows greater importance in the urban sector than in rural sector. They provided 56 percent of the loans obtained in urban sector, where as in the rural sector which included the estate sector as well, the institutional sources provided only 48 percent of the total loans taken.

The distribution of loans taken on Non-agricultural activities shows that the relative importance of informal sources such as private money lenders and other sources is predominant in the rural sector. They provided about 69 percent of the value of loans taken for these activities.

2.3 HIRED LABOUR

As the survey covered Agricultural activities, carried out with the assistance of hired labour, and Non-agricultural activities carried out employing casual workers, information on such hired labour have also been obtained. Information with regard to hired labour for seasonal agricultural activities was collected in respect of a period of one year, because one month seemed to be too short a period to obtain meaningful data on numbers hired, person days worked and remuneration paid etc. For other two categories of activity, viz. Agricultural activities other than seasonal crop cultivation, and Non-agricultural activities, information was collected in respect of a period of one month.

It should be noted that the household members engaged in household economic activities for a regular payment were not considered as family labour, but as hired labour and therefore they were included here. The labour input in household economic activities by helpers such as "attam" system has taken into account here and the expenditure incurred in providing food, drinks etc. for them were recorded under perquisites. In addition to the information obtained on hired labour of men and women, information on child labour as well was obtained, since this is used substantially in household economic activities, especially in the Agricultural sector.

Table 13.1 gives the distribution of the number of hired persons, persondays worked and the remuneration paid for major groups of household economic activities. It could be seen from the table that the number of hired persons in the Non-agricultural sector is quite small compared to Agricultural sector. This is because the Non-agricultural activities covered by the survey was restricted to households with own account workers and casual workers only. It could also be seen that compared to women and children, participation of men in Agricultural activities is considerably high. Out of a total of about 14 million* persons hired in Agricultural activities (per year) about 9 million or 63.7 percent were men, about 5 million or 34.8 percent were women, and 1.5 percent were children. In the case of Non-agricultural activities, men accounted for 78.4 percent of the total employed on a hired basis, women accounted for 13.9 percent and children 7.7 percent. Consequent to this pattern, the men accounted for more than 68 percent, the highest proportion, for the number of person days worked in both agricultural and Non-agricultural activities.

Table 2c - Average remuneration paid per person in major activity group for sectors

Sector	Agricultural Activities		Non Agricultural Activities
	Seasonal (Rs.)	Other (Rs.)	(Rs.)
All Island	135.8	168.7	380.1
Urban	163.9	232.7	451.4
Rural	133.8	164.9	368.1

* Please note that this number is so high because a single person could be counted more than once, as the same person could be hired by the same household, or by different households in different activities, during the reference period.

The average cost incurred in employing persons on a hired basis in the two major activity categories is given in the above table. It shows that on the average, for two cultivation seasons, the expenditure incurred in obtaining the services of a person is around Rs. 135 in seasonal agricultural activities. Approximately Rs. 168 has been incurred for a month in other agricultural activities and about Rs. 380 for non-agricultural activities. Sector wise data shows in both urban and rural areas, the expenditure on hired labour per person hired, is the highest in Non-agricultural activities.

2.4 CURRENT PURCHASES AND INPUTS

Inputs are the goods and services, purchased or received free or obtained from home produces, which will have to be further processed to obtain finished products and services. Depending on the nature of activity, variety of goods and services are utilized as inputs in household economic activities. The same type of input could be used in different activities to produce different products. For instance, inputs such as Chemicals, Fuel, Electricity, Rent etc. and a number of other items, could be used at the same time in different Agricultural activities as well as different Non-agricultural activities. As such the cost incurred by the household cannot always be separated for different economic activities. As such information on inputs were collected in one single block. However an attempt was made to obtain input information separately for seasonal agricultural activities, other-agricultural activities and non-agricultural activities, on a large number of items used as inputs in economic activities carried out in households.

Table 15.1 provides estimates obtained for the value of inputs purchased and used in economic activities carried out on a household basis by type of input. Examination of this data discloses that the total value of inputs purchased by self employed farmers engaged in seasonal agricultural activities, during a period of one year was around Rs. 2,510 million. Self employed farmers who are engaged in agricultural activities other than seasonal crop cultivation have purchased nearly Rs. 1,582 million worth of goods and services during the same period, as inputs in their activities. Out of the amounts purchased as inputs in seasonal agricultural activities, Rs. 2,541 million worth of inputs have been used and in the case of other agricultural activities viz. Non-seasonal crop cultivation, Livestock and Poultry farming, Fishing etc. it amounted to Rs. 1,545 million.

In seasonal crop cultivation, the cost of inputs used by self employed farmers on items such as Paddy under Seeds and Seedlings, Fertilizers, Firewood and few other items, is higher than what they have purchased. This inturn has resulted in increasing the total value of inputs used than the value purchased, during a period of one year. This might have occurred because they may have used inputs which have been purchased previously.

Out of the total value of inputs used in seasonal crop cultivation, the highest expenditure incurred was on fertilizers which is about Rs. 639 million. This accounted for nearly 25 percent of the total expenditure on inputs. The rent on Tractors which accounted for Rs. 426 million is the next highest expenditure incurred by the self employed farmers engaged in seasonal crop cultivation, which accounted for nearly 17 percent of the total expenditure on inputs. Pesticides, Fungicides and Insecticides accounted for about 11 percent and Paddy, under Seeds and Seedlings accounted for about 15 percent of the total inputs used.

In the case of Other agricultural activities, the highest value in cost of inputs used, also have been incurred on fertilizers which is nearly 29 percent. Poultry feed, under 'Animal Poultry and Fish feed' which accounted for 13 percent of the total input cost is the next highest expenditure incurred in Other-agricultural activities. Fuels like Kerosene, Diesel and Petrol under 'Water, Electricity, Fuel & Lubricants group' shows a significant input cost in these activities. They accounted for 8 percent, 5 percent and 0.8 percent of the total inputs used respectively.

Examination of input data on Non-agricultural activities shows that the estimated total value of inputs purchased during a period of one month by own account Non-agricultural workers was Rs. 420 million, and out of this amount they have used Rs. 409 million worth of inputs during the reference period, in their household economic activities. As expected, in Non-agricultural activities, the pattern of cost incurred in the usage of inputs in different activities is seen to be somewhat different to that of Agricultural activities. In that, the highest input cost recorded was for Semi-manufactured goods (about Rs. 99 million) and Mineral products used for further processing (Rs. 55 million). The percentage share of these items in the total expenditure incurred were about 24 percent and 13 percent respectively.

Sector wise comparison of Agricultural activities shows that the total value of inputs used within a period of one year, in rural sector, which was estimated to be Rs. 3,664 million, is greater than that for urban sector (Rs. 422 million). This should be expected as the Agricultural activities are largely concentrated in rural sector. Both in urban and rural sectors, the proportions of total input cost incurred on different input items follow a similar pattern. In both sectors, the highest expenditure incurred was on fertilizers followed by rent on tractors, and on paddy under Seeds and Seedlings.

Eventhough Non-agricultural activities are seemed to be concentrated within the urban sector, the survey reveals that the total value of inputs used during a month is greater in rural sector (Rs. 308 million) than in urban sector (Rs. 101 million). One reason for this may be that, the survey covered only Non-agricultural activities, carried out on an own account basis with no regular employees and this type of activities are concentrated largely within rural sector.

District wise data on the value of inputs used for a period of one year, on all household economic activities is given in Table 17. It discloses that, of the total value of inputs used, the highest expenditure incurred was on Explosives, Chemicals & Chemical products group (Rs. 1,506 million), which is about 17 percent of the total value of inputs used on all economic activities. This is due to items like Fertilizer, Pesticides and insecticides etc. which have recorded highest input values in Agricultural activities, are within this category. Semi-manufactured goods used for further processing has shown about 13 percent and Water, Electricity, Fuel & Lubricants has shown about 10 percent. The lowest input cost incurred was on Communication (Rs. 4 million). This accounts for about 0.1 percent of the total inputs used on all household economic activities covered by the Survey.

Fig. 4 VALUE OF FIXED ASSETS USED FOR AGRICULTURAL AND NON-AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES

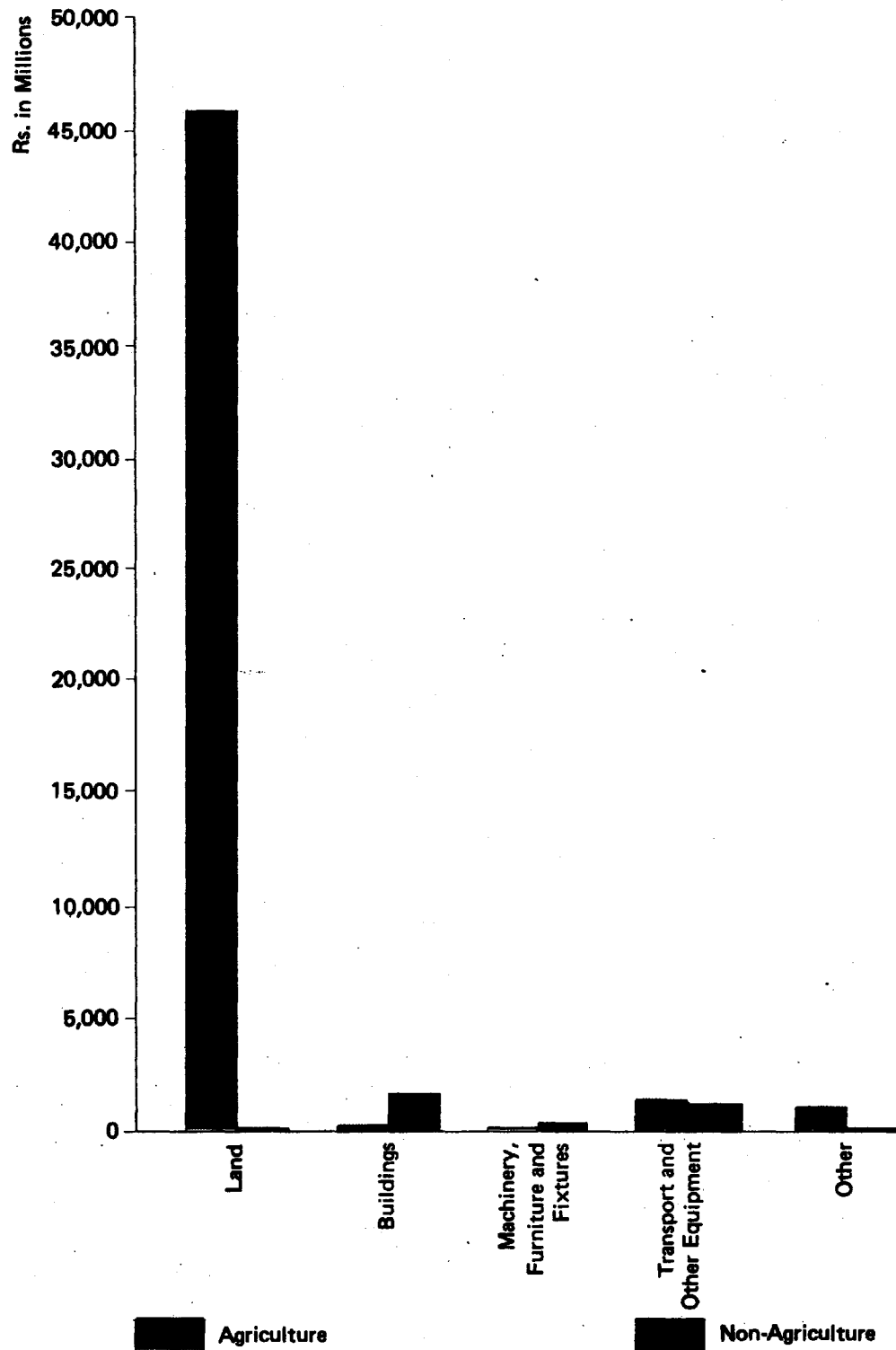


Fig. 5 LOANS TAKEN DURING A CALENDAR YEAR BY SOURCE OF LOAN

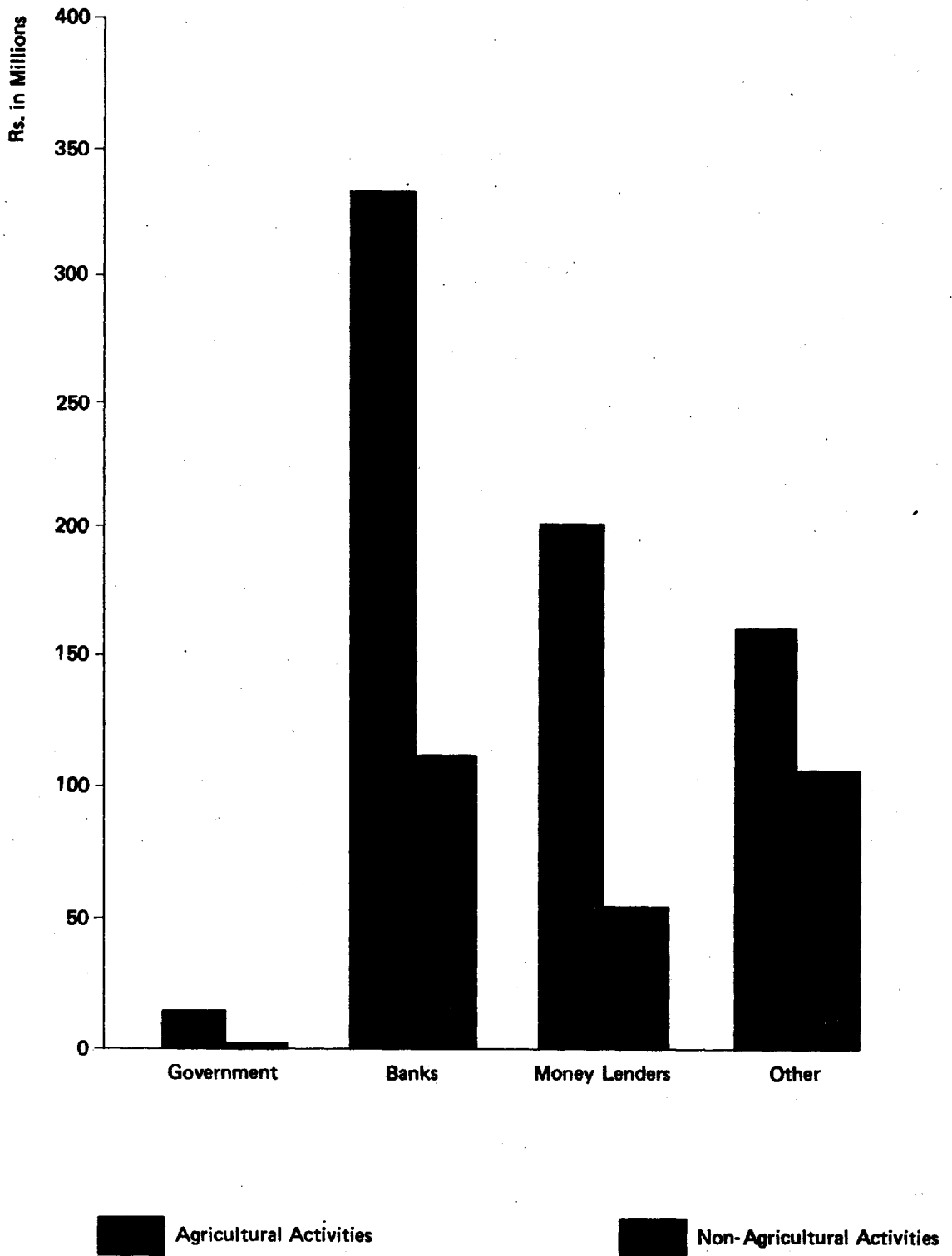


Fig.6a HIRED LABOUR EMPLOYED IN AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES

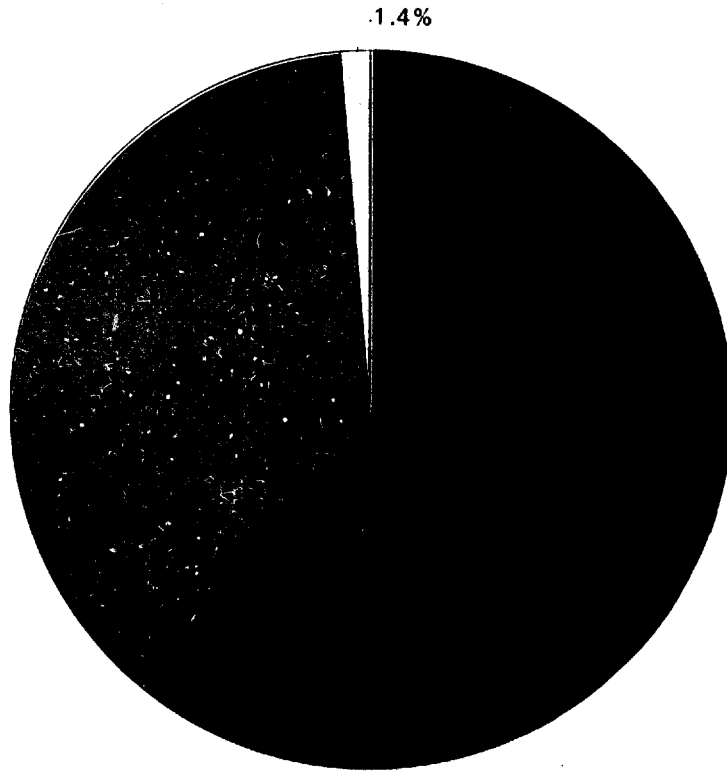
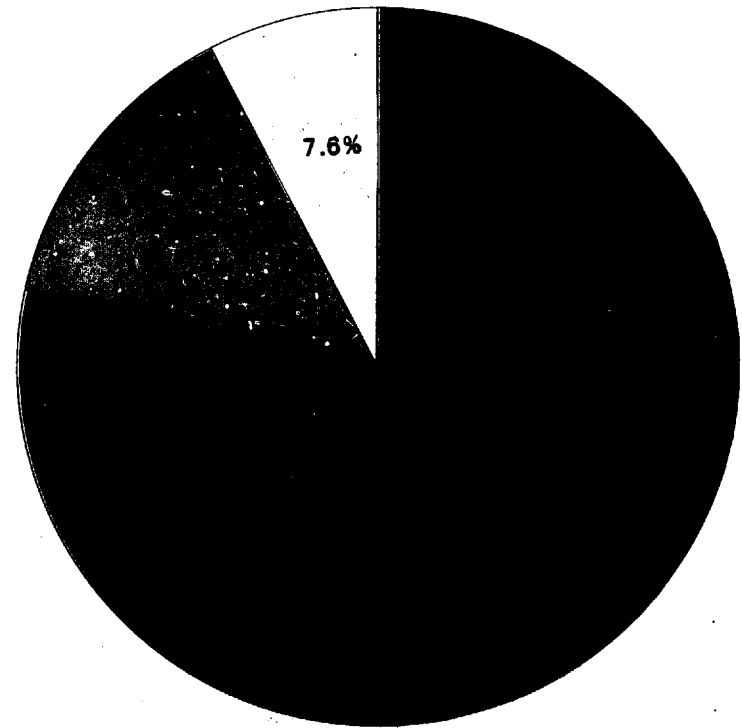


Fig.6b HIRED LABOUR EMPLOYED IN NON-AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES



Men
Women
Children



Fig. 7a DISTRIBUTION OF INPUTS (VALUE) PURCHASED FOR EACH ACTIVITY CATEGORY

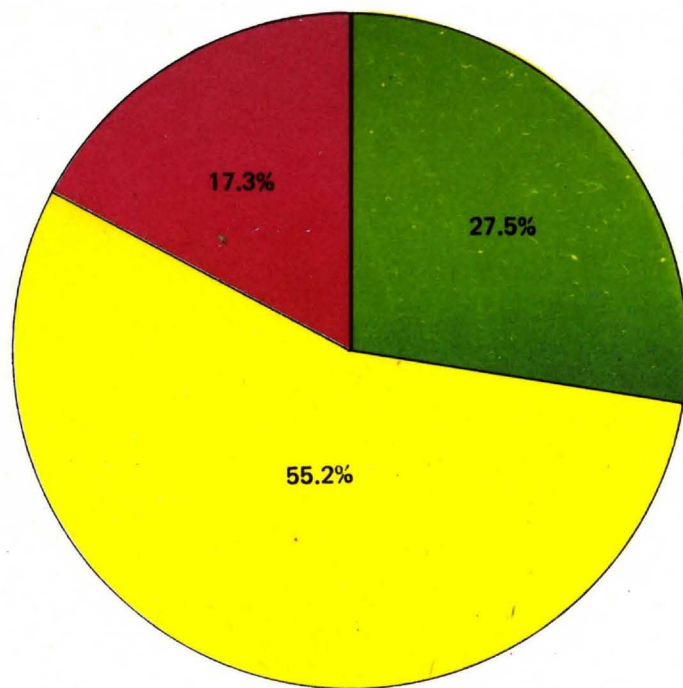
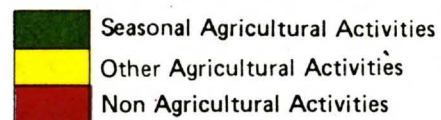
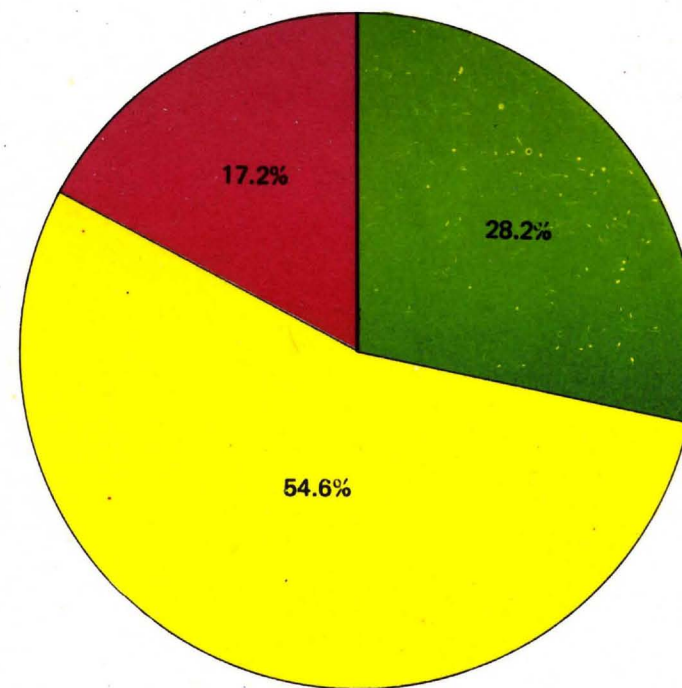


Fig. 7b DISTRIBUTION OF INPUTS (VALUE) USED FOR EACH ACTIVITY CATEGORY



3. OUTPUT

3.1 INTRODUCTION

Information on output and sales were sought under the relevant sub-activity groups for each of the three broad activity categories, viz: (1) Agricultural activities (seasonal crops) (2) Agricultural activities (non-seasonal crops) and (3) Non-agricultural activities, from the households engaged in economic activities. Scope of the survey in relation to Agricultural activities was not confined to seasonal and non-seasonal activities only, but it also covers other related activities such as Livestock keeping, production of Livestock products, Fishing and fish breeding and forestry and hunting etc. Non-agricultural sector includes Mining and quarrying, Manufacturing, Construction, Trade, Transport, Hotels & Restaurants and services etc. (see appendix II, questionnaire). Interpretation of results pertaining to this section on Output & Sales should be done taking the following into account.

- (1) Reference periods for different activities are different, in collecting information on output and sales, obviously depending on the particular situation. Further the values or the quantities consumed, transferred, sold or used during the reference period may not necessarily be from the output received during the reference period under study.
- (2) Area owned, in the case of seasonal agricultural activities refers to the extent of the area owned by the operator out of the total physical land area cultivated during the reference period. Area cultivated, on the other hand is given for each crop separately. If the crop is cultivated more than once or if more than one crop is cultivated simultaneously (as a mixed crop) during the reference period, then the area cultivated was taken separately at each time, for each crop.
- (3) Values imputed at the data processing stage had to be used in place of values, in the instances where they were not available at the data collection stage.
- (4) In the case where households other than the sample household were also involved in a particular activity carried out jointly by them, due share of the output for the sample household was extracted using relevant percentage share of the sample household in the output at the data processing stage.
- (5) Despite action taken to control possible non-sampling errors, some under reporting on items under output and sales could be expected due to the respondents' reluctance in disclosing true information. As a result of this, items under this section might get under estimated and an indepth study to be done to determine the extent of under estimation.

3.2 AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES

The survey results revealed that there were about 1.35 million households engaged in economic activities (agricultural and/or non-agricultural activities) in the island. The break-up for the urban and rural sectors were observed to be 0.11 million and 1.24 million respectively. The households engaged in agricultural activities were estimated to be 1.22 million and households in non-agricultural activities 0.32 million and it should be noted that some of the households would have engaged in more than one activity.

The table 3.1(a) shows the percentage distribution of households engaged in seasonal agricultural activities by the value of output.

It is observed from the table that the households engaged in seasonal agricultural activities were gained very low output for their involvement in these activities. About 50% of the households engaged in this activity nationally, were able to attain an output level of only Rs. 3,000 or less per two cultivation seasons. In the urban sector, households which engaged in this activity and receiving an output of Rs. 3,000 or less were about 38 percent.

It is also observed that higher percentage of households in urban sector were placed in higher output levels ie. over Rs. 7,500 when compared to that of rural sector households.

Table 3.1 (a) Percentage distribution of households engaged in Seasonal agricultural activities by out put (per two cultivation seasons).

OUT PUT	SECTOR		
	Sri Lanka	Urban	Rural
0 - 499	12.0	9.7	12.1
500 - 999	9.7	8.3	9.7
1000 -1499	9.2	6.8	9.3
1500 -1999	7.7	5.1	7.8
2000 -2499	6.4	5.0	6.4
2500 -2999	5.1	3.4	5.2
3000 -4999	14.8	11.8	14.8
5000 -7499	10.9	9.9	10.9
7500 -9999	6.6	7.8	6.6
10,000 & Over	17.8	32.3	17.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 3.1 (b) Percentage distribution of households engaged in other Agricultural activities by output (Per month).

Activity		OUTPUT (In Rs.)				
		0-499	500-999	1000-1499	1500-1999	2000 & above
Non Seasonal Agricultural Activities	All Island	73.3	13.7	4.8	2.5	5.7
	Urban	68.8	14.6	5.2	3.2	8.2
	Rural	73.5	13.7	4.8	2.4	5.6
Livestock & Poultry Farming	All Island	94.0	3.5	0.6	0.8	1.1
	Urban	88.0	4.6	0.5	2.4	4.5
	Rural	94.3	3.5	0.6	0.7	0.9
Fishing & Fish breeding	All Island	23.3	18.6	13.2	10.8	34.1
	Urban	14.7	24.3	16.5	6.8	37.6
	Rural	26.3	16.6	12.0	12.2	33.0
Forestry & Hunting	All Island	82.7	12.7	2.0	2.0	0.6
	Urban	68.0	32.0	-	-	-
	Rural	84.3	10.6	2.2	2.2	0.6

The table 3.1(b) analyses the output patterns of other agricultural activities - Non seasonal, Livestock etc. Majority of the households engaged in these activities were able to reach only the output level of Rs. 500 or less. This may be due to the reason, that the households engaged in these activities (except fishing) doing their activities in a very small scale and mainly for the purpose of own consumption.

The households engaged in fishing & fish breeding were distributed in the output groups evenly. About 23% of the households were in the low output of Rs. 500 or less while about 34% of the households were in the higher output level of Rs. 2000 and above.

The percentage of households which engaged in forestry and hunting and related activities was very small when compared with the other activities and the output values were mostly concentrated in the region of less than Rs. 1,000.

3.3 NON AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES

The table below shows the percentage distribution of households engaged in Non Agricultural Activities. More than 75% of the households engaged in Mining and Quarrying activities were receiving a value of output Rs. 500 or less. But more than 50% of the households engaged in keeping guest houses and inns, reached the output value of Rs. 2000 and above. The households engaged in Manufacturing, Construction, Trade, Transport and Service activities have a similar distribution pattern in output among the activities.

About 30-40% of the households engaged in these activities were having the value of output of Rs. 500 or less, and more than 30% of the households engaged in Manufacturing and Transport had received an output of Rs. 2,000 and over.

Table 3.2 Percentage distribution of households engaged in non-agricultural activities by output (per month)

ACTIVITY	OUTPUT (Rs.)					Total
	0-499	500-999	1000-1499	1500-1999	2000 & above	
Mining & Quarrying	76.5	11.5	3.6	1.2	7.2	100.0
Manufacturing	42.4	13.1	7.5	4.3	32.7	100.0
Construction	33.2	36.4	16.4	2.7	11.3	100.0
Trade	39.0	21.5	12.7	7.2	19.6	100.0
Transport	31.7	19.1	7.3	4.8	37.1	100.0
Keeping of Guest Houses & Inns	11.6	19.2	8.4	9.1	51.7	100.0
Services	42.4	28.3	9.3	6.9	13.1	100.0

3.4 INPUT AND OUTPUT

Table 3.3 Average value of Input and Output by activities (per month)

Activity	Sector	Average Value of Input (Rs.)	Average value of Output (Rs.)
All Activities	All Island	354.60	948.15
	Urban	651.60	1,377.77
	Rural	371.05	908.64
Seasonal Agricultural Activities	All Island	190.34	368.79
	Urban	371.90	464.94
	Rural	184.39	365.09
Other Agricultural Activities	All Island	243.00	610.91
	Urban	419.37	940.92
	Rural	230.21	586.96
Non-Agricultural Activities	All Island	621.64	1,175.13
	Urban	695.46	1,486.16
	Rural	602.16	1,093.06

The above table shows that the average value of input and output (in Rs. per month) in each activity per household. It is observed that input cost in urban sector appear to be high compared to the rural sector, where natural inputs would have been used with a lesser cost. The corresponding output values for sector wise also exhibited a similar pattern as input values. It is also observed that the output values in these activities were about two times higher than that of the corresponding input values.

The input cost and the value of output for the Seasonal Agricultural activities were observed to be very low when compared to the corresponding values of the other activities. (these comparisons were made on the average monthly values of input and output).

3.5 HOUSEHOLD SIZE AND ACTIVITIES

The households engaged in agricultural activities and non agricultural activities were analysed by its household size to see the effect of output. The following table gives the percentage of households engaged in agricultural, non agricultural and in both by household size.

It is seen that more than 50% of the households engaged in agricultural activities were having household size as 4 to 6. A similar pattern in the household composition was found in the households engaged in Non-agricultural activities.

Therefore one could say that the household size distribution does not show much difference from one to the other whether they are engaged in agricultural activities or non agricultural activities.

Table 3.4 Percentage distribution of households engaged in economic activities by household size and activity.

Household Size	Agriculture			Non Agriculture			Both		
	Sri Lanka	Urban	Rural	Sri Lanka	Urban	Rural	Sri Lanka	Urban	Rural
1	2.51	1.70	2.55	2.43	1.85	2.59	2.65	2.00	2.71
2	5.63	4.33	5.70	5.12	4.64	5.24	5.71	4.65	5.82
3	11.12	3.36	11.27	10.71	10.89	10.66	11.22	9.93	11.34
4	17.40	15.26	17.51	15.31	13.57	15.77	17.19	14.68	17.43
5	19.80	19.66	19.81	19.71	18.25	20.10	19.79	19.22	19.84
6	16.83	17.82	16.78	17.23	16.29	17.48	16.75	17.65	16.68
7	11.45	13.39	11.34	11.89	13.62	11.43	11.35	12.21	11.27
8	7.18	8.53	7.11	7.55	8.03	7.43	7.15	8.30	7.04
9	3.90	4.73	3.85	4.45	4.86	4.34	5.88	4.60	3.81
10 & above	4.18	6.22	4.08	5.60	8.00	4.96	4.31	6.96	4.06
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

Fig. 8 PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED IN SEASONAL AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES BY OUT PUT (PER TWO CULTIVATION SEASONS)

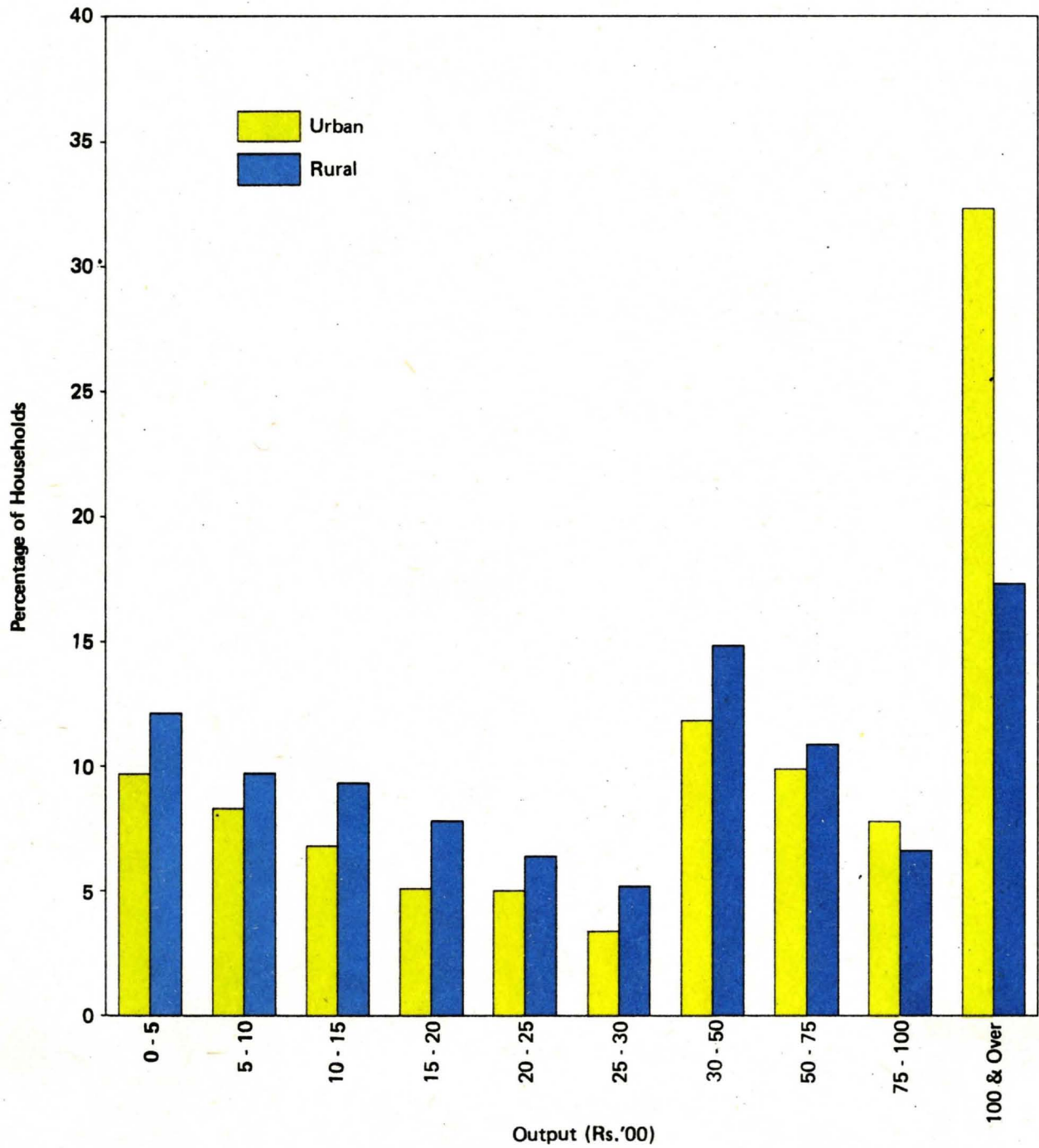


Fig. 9 PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED IN OTHER AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES BY OUT PUT (PER MONTH)

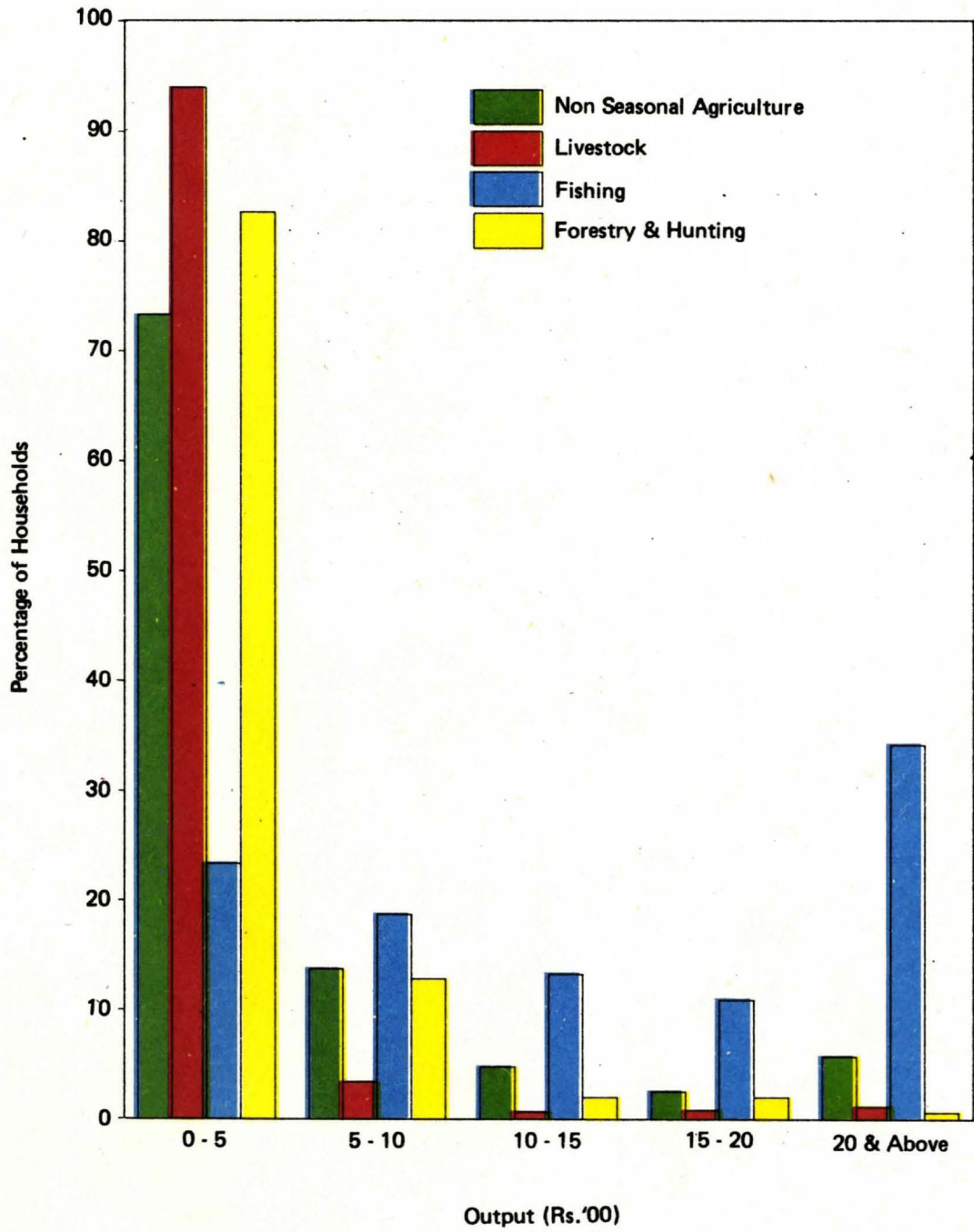


Fig. 10 PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS ENGAGED IN NON AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES BY OUT PUT (PER MONTH)

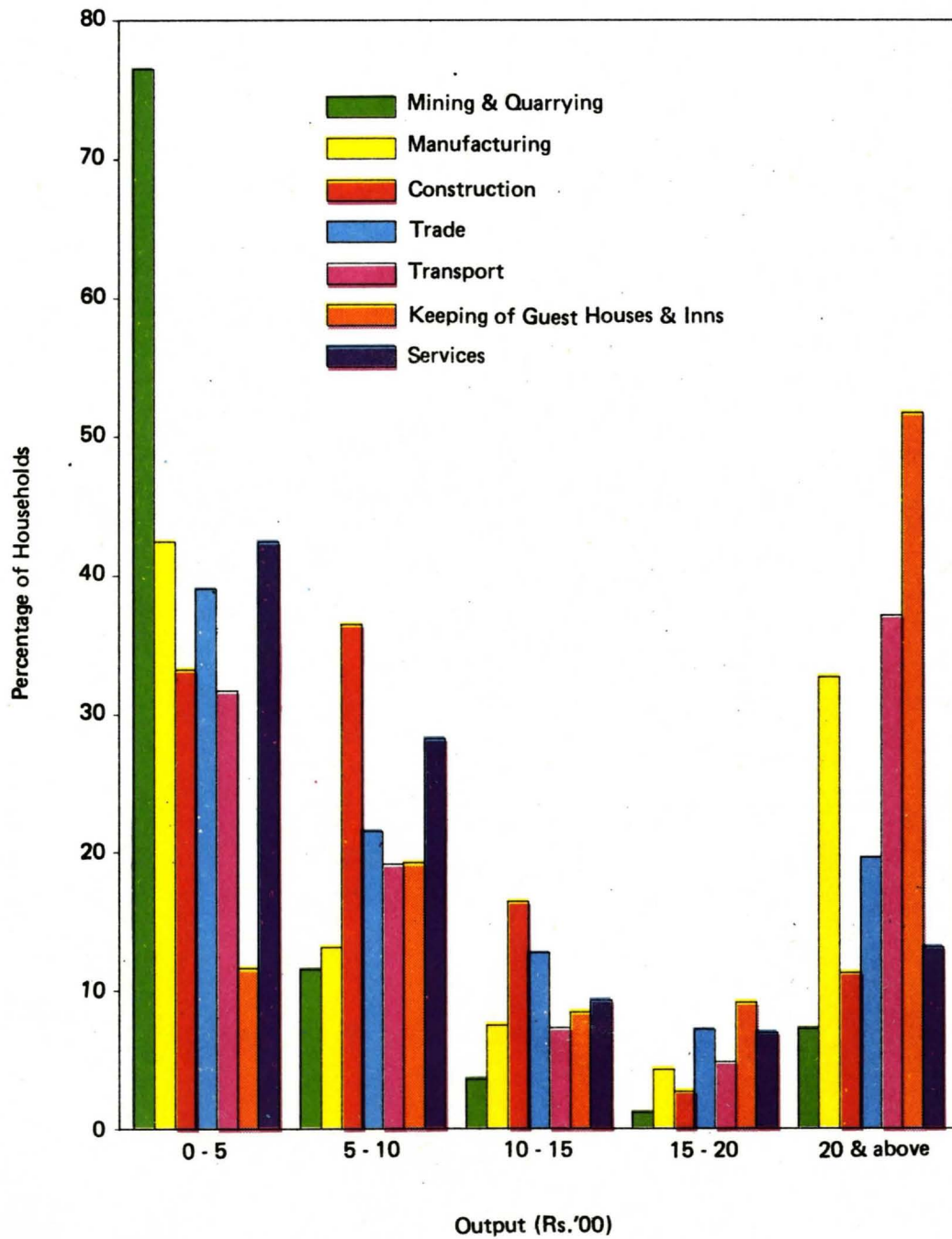
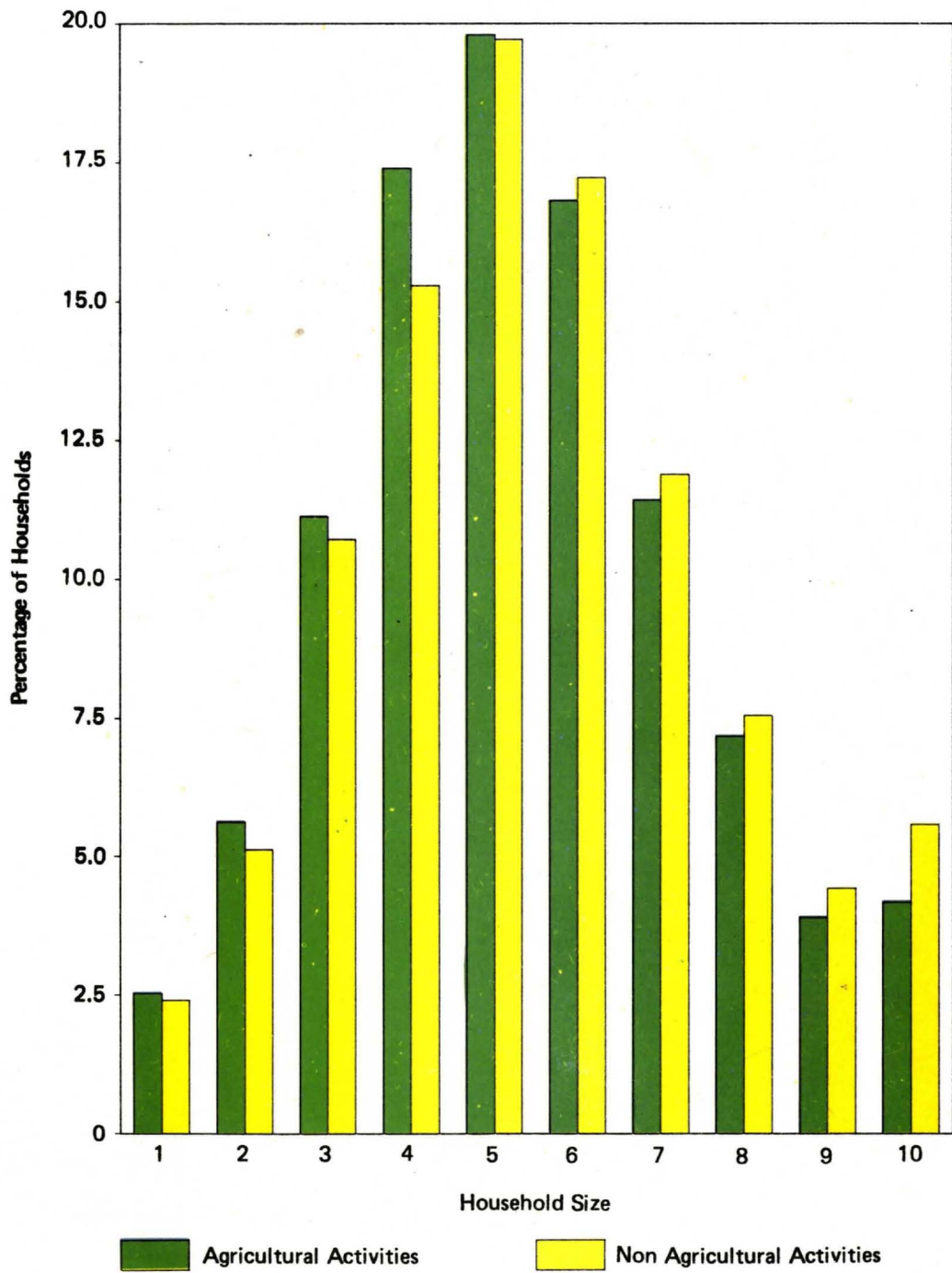


Fig. 11 HOUSEHOLD SIZE AND ACTIVITY



PART III
SURVEY TABLES

**TABLE 1 - DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS LIVING IN HOUSEHOLDS WITH HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES
BY AGE AND SEX FOR SECTORS**

SECTOR	AGE GROUP										
	Total	0 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 39	40 - 49	50 - 59	60 & over	
All Island	T	7,225,523	1,584,548	876,244	806,847	753,669	600,874	938,312	627,885	504,155	532,989
	%	100	21.9	12.1	11.2	10.4	8.3	13.0	8.7	7.0	7.4
	M	3,685,902	798,816	451,053	416,809	381,286	297,278	464,110	310,553	264,014	301,938
	%	100	21.7	12.2	11.3	10.3	8.1	12.6	8.4	7.2	8.2
	F	3,539,621	785,732	425,191	390,038	372,383	303,596	474,202	317,332	240,141	231,006
	%	100	22.2	12.0	11.0	10.5	8.6	13.4	9.0	6.8	6.5
Urban Sector	T	656,589	126,054	77,242	77,337	71,426	54,742	90,145	61,365	46,543	51,735
	%	100	19.2	11.8	11.8	10.9	8.3	13.7	9.3	7.1	7.9
	M	330,397	62,301	39,222	40,506	35,753	27,548	43,226	30,500	23,197	28,144
	%	100	18.9	11.9	12.3	10.8	8.3	13.1	9.2	7.0	8.5
	F	326,192	63,753	38,020	36,831	35,673	27,194	46,919	30,865	23,346	23,591
	%	100	19.5	11.7	11.3	10.9	8.3	14.4	9.5	7.2	7.2
Rural Sector	T	6,568,934	1,458,494	799,002	729,510	682,243	546,132	848,167	566,520	457,612	481,254
	%	100	22.2	12.2	11.1	10.4	8.3	12.9	8.6	7.0	7.3
	M	3,355,505	736,515	411,831	376,303	345,533	269,730	420,884	280,053	240,817	273,839
	%	100	21.9	12.3	11.2	10.3	8.0	12.6	8.3	7.2	8.2
	F	3,213,429	721,979	387,171	353,207	336,710	276,402	427,283	286,467	216,795	207,415
	%	100	22.5	12.0	11.0	10.5	8.6	13.3	8.9	6.7	6.5

TABLE 2 - DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS LIVING IN HOUSEHOLDS WITH HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES
BY ETHNIC GROUP AND SEX FOR SECTORS

SECTOR		ETHNIC GROUP					
		Total	Sinhalese	Sri Lanka Tamil	Indian Tamil	Sri Lanka Moor	Other
All Island	T	7,224,970	5,953,737	718,077	101,512	437,668	13,976
	%	100	82.4	9.9	1.4	6.1	0.2
	M	3,685,198	3,034,579	361,792	50,814	231,195	6,818
	%	100	82.3	9.8	1.4	6.3	0.2
	F	3,539,772	2,919,158	356,285	50,698	206,473	7,158
	%	100	82.5	10.1	1.4	5.8	0.2
Urban Sector	T	657,375	400,501	121,010	7,780	119,643	8,441
	%	100	60.9	18.4	1.2	18.2	1.3
	M	330,394	200,719	59,884	4,022	61,977	3,792
	%	100	60.8	18.1	1.2	18.8	1.1
	F	326,981	199,782	61,126	3,758	57,666	4,649
	%	100	61.1	18.7	1.2	17.6	1.4
Rural Sector	T	6,567,595	5,553,236	597,067	93,732	318,025	5,535
	%	100	84.6	9.1	1.4	4.8	0.1
	M	3,354,804	2,833,860	301,908	46,792	169,218	3,026
	%	100	84.5	9.0	1.4	5.0	0.1
	F	3,212,791	2,719,376	295,159	46,940	148,807	2,509
	%	100	84.6	9.2	1.5	4.6	0.1

TABLE 3 - DISTRIBUTION OF PERSONS LIVING IN HOUSEHOLDS WITH HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES
BY LEVEL OF EDUCATION AND SEX FOR SECTORS

SECTOR		LEVEL OF EDUCATION								
		Total	No Schooling	Grade 1-4	Grade 5-7	Grade 8 or 9	Passed G.C.E.(O/L)/N.C.G.E.	Passed G.C.E.(A/L)/H.N.C.E.	Degree	Post Graduate Degree/Diploma
All Island	T	6,496,663	752,301	2,106,123	1,496,350	1,154,542	792,670	162,736	25,587	6,355
	%	100	11.6	32.4	23.0	17.8	12.2	2.5	0.4	0.1
	M	3,316,981	270,341	1,125,266	817,384	610,285	399,433	76,761	13,980	3,531
	%	100	8.2	34.0	24.6	18.4	12.0	2.3	0.4	0.1
	F	3,179,683	481,960	980,857	678,966	544,257	393,237	85,975	11,607	2,824
	%	100	15.1	30.8	21.4	17.1	12.4	2.7	0.4	0.1
Urban Sector	T	599,777	46,884	154,901	139,071	130,996	98,973	22,181	5,288	1,484
	%	100	7.8	25.8	23.2	21.8	16.5	3.8	0.9	0.2
	M	302,239	15,853	79,964	71,740	68,678	50,953	10,963	2,975	1,113
	%	100	5.2	26.5	23.7	22.7	16.9	3.6	1.0	0.4
	F	297,539	31,031	74,937	67,331	62,318	48,020	11,218	2,313	371
	%	100	10.4	25.3	22.6	20.9	16.1	3.8	0.8	0.1
Rural Sector	T	5,896,886	705,417	1,951,222	1,357,279	1,023,546	693,697	140,555	20,299	4,871
	%	100	11.9	33.1	23.0	17.4	11.8	2.4	0.3	0.1
	M	3,014,742	254,488	1,045,302	745,644	541,607	348,480	65,798	11,005	2,418
	%	100	8.4	34.7	24.7	17.9	11.6	2.2	0.4	0.1
	F	2,882,144	450,929	905,920	611,635	481,939	345,217	74,757	9,294	2,453
	%	100	15.6	31.4	21.2	16.7	12.0	2.7	0.3	0.1

TABLE 4.1 - NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS ENGAGED IN HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES BY MAJOR ACTIVITY GROUP, EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND SEX - ALL ISLAND

ACTIVITY	EMPLOYMENT STATUS											
	Total			Employers			Own Account Workers			Unpaid Family Workers		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Seasonal Agricultural Activities	2,473,441	1,463,571	1,009,870	8,839	8,409	430	953,631	846,905	106,726	1,510,971	608,257	902,714
Other Agricultural Activities	1,791,405	1,100,447	690,958	6,371	6,006	365	1,022,518	805,169	217,349	762,516	289,272	473,244
Non-Agricultural Activities	499,719	337,150	162,569	**	**	**	334,619	266,556	68,063	165,100	70,594	94,506

Note: Number of members engaged in different activities are not additive as one person could have engaged in more than one activity.

** Employers are not covered in Non-Agricultural Activities.

TABLE 4.2 - NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS ENGAGED IN HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES BY MAJOR ACTIVITY GROUP, EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND SEX - URBAN SECTOR

ACTIVITY	EMPLOYMENT STATUS.											
	Total			Employers			Own Account Workers			Unpaid Family Workers		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Seasonal Agricultural Activities	62,798	43,251	19,547	2,031	1,888	143	28,488	25,071	3,417	32,279	16,292	15,987
Other Agricultural Activities	74,207	46,430	27,777	1,347	1,233	114	51,826	36,337	15,489	21,034	8,860	12,174
Non-Agricultural Activities	103,483	68,654	34,829	**	**	**	72,671	54,667	18,004	30,812	13,987	16,825

Note: Number of members engaged in different activities are not additive as one person could have engaged in more than one activity.

** Employers are not covered in Non-Agricultural Activities.

TABLE 4.3 - NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS ENGAGED IN HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES BY MAJOR ACTIVITY GROUP, EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND SEX - RURAL SECTOR

ACTIVITY	EMPLOYMENT STATUS											
	Total			Employers			Own Account Workers			Unpaid Family Workers		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Seasonal Agricultural Activities	2,410,643	1,420,320	990,323	6,808	6,521	287	925,143	821,834	103,309	1,478,692	591,965	886,727
Other Agricultural Activities	1,717,198	1,054,017	663,181	5,024	4,773	251	970,692	768,832	201,860	741,482	280,412	461,070
Non-Agricultural Activities	396,236	268,496	127,740	**	**	**	261,948	211,889	50,059	134,288	56,607	77,681

Note: Number of members engaged in different activities are not additive as one person could have engaged in more than one activity.

** Employers are not covered in Non-Agricultural Activities.

TABLE 5 - AVERAGE NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED PER MONTH BY THE HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS ENGAGED IN HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES BY MAJOR ACTIVITY GROUP, EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND SEX - ALL ISLAND/SECTORS

ACTIVITY	AVERAGE NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY								
	Employers			Own Account Workers			Unpaid Family Workers		
	T	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F
All Island									
Seasonal Agricultural Activities	18	18	16	13	13	10	9	10	9
Other Agricultural Activities	18	18	22	15	15	15	13	13	13
Non-Agricultural Activities	**	**	**	21	21	21	20	19	21
Urban Sector									
Seasonal Agricultural Activities	19	18	23	13	13	12	10	10	9
Other Agricultural Activities	16	16	22	15	15	14	15	15	15
Non-Agricultural Activities	**	**	**	22	22	23	22	21	23
Rural Sector									
Seasonal Agricultural Activities	17	18	13	13	13	10	9	10	9
Other Agricultural Activities	19	19	22	15	15	15	13	13	13
Non-Agricultural Activities	**	**	**	20	21	20	19	19	20

Note: Number of members engaged in different activities are not additive as one person could have engaged in more than one activity. ** Employers are not covered in Non-Agricultural Activities.

TABLE 6.1 - VALUE OF FIXED ASSETS ACQUIRED, DISPOSED, OWNED, OTHERWISE POSSESSED AND USED FOR
HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES BY TYPE OF ASSET - ALL ISLAND

(In ₦. Thousands)

TYPE OF FIXED ASSET	Acquired during a calendar year	Disposed during a calendar year	OWNERSHIP (as of survey date)						USED FOR					
			Total	%	Owned	%	Otherwise possessed	%	Total	%	Agricultural Activities	%	Non-agricultural activities	%
Total	409,168	106,167	52,434,553	100	41,558,336	79.3	10,876,217	20.7	52,459,167	100	48,814,426	93.1	3,644,741	6.9
Land	88,561	67,906	46,120,240	100	35,764,210	77.6	10,356,030	22.4	46,141,030	100	46,013,260	99.7	127,770	0.3
Building	32,248	40	1,866,294	100	1,528,122	81.9	338,172	18.1	1,866,462	100	275,610	14.8	1,590,852	85.2
Machinery	18,530	2,554	380,036	100	350,906	92.3	29,130	7.7	385,268	100	133,282	34.6	251,986	65.4
Furniture and Fixtures	7,074	132	248,902	100	234,607	94.3	14,295	5.7	249,020	100	8,107	3.3	240,913	96.7
Transport equipment														
Motor Vehicles	106,801	19,573	886,318	100	848,263	95.7	38,055	4.3	837,077	100	39,213	4.4	847,864	95.6
Bicycles	6,257	334	106,528	100	104,871	98.4	1,657	1.6	106,584	100	74,952	70.3	31,632	29.7
Boats	9,980	957	188,759	100	160,901	85.2	27,858	14.8	188,869	100	187,199	99.1	1,670	0.9
Other	61,155	9,769	1,322,162	100	1,302,773	98.5	19,389	1.5	1,318,021	100	1,003,507	76.1	314,514	23.9
Other equipment														
Fishing nets	12,238	176	89,132	100	83,682	93.9	5,450	6.1	88,974	100	88,100	99.0	874	1.0
Catering equipment	335	00	9,000	100	8,834	98.2	166	1.8	9,000	100	483	5.4	8,517	94.6
Construction equipment	1,245	54	13,601	100	13,482	99.1	119	0.9	13,600	100	348	2.6	13,252	97.4
Other	64,744	4,672	1,203,581	100	1,157,685	96.2	45,896	3.8	1,205,262	100	990,365	82.2	214,897	17.8

TABLE 6.2 - VALUE OF FIXED ASSETS ACQUIRED, DISPOSED, OWNED, OTHERWISE POSSESSED AND USED FOR HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES BY TYPE OF ASSET - URBAN SECTOR

(In Rs. Thousands)

TYPE OF FIXED ASSET	Acquired during a calendar Year	Disposed during a calendar Year	OWNERSHIP (as of survey date)						USED FOR					
			Total	%	Owned	%	Otherwise Possessed	%	Total	%	Agricultural Activities	%	Non-Agricultural Activities	%
Total	52,325	5,887	6,087,742	100	4,833,560	79.4	1,254,182	20.6	6,084,171	100	5,086,273	83.6	997,898	16.4
Land	6,213	4,246	4,908,077	100	3,844,154	78.3	1,063,923	21.7	4,904,200	100	4,863,357	99.2	40,843	0.8
Building	13,323	6	503,788	100	351,979	69.9	151,809	30.1	503,800	100	39,255	7.8	464,545	92.2
Machinery	2,910	23	61,068	100	58,788	96.3	2,280	3.7	61,285	100	3,362	5.5	57,923	94.5
Furniture and Fixtures	1,182	20	59,733	100	56,379	94.4	3,354	5.6	59,791	100	1,090	1.8	58,701	98.2
Transport equipment														
Motor Vehicles	6,052	304	230,444	100	216,145	93.8	14,299	6.2	230,525	100	7,041	3.1	223,484	96.9
Bicycles	767	-	12,328	100	12,036	97.6	292	2.4	12,341	100	5,768	46.7	6,573	53.3
Boats	2,962	957	38,051	100	29,376	77.2	8,675	22.8	37,949	100	37,821	99.7	128	0.3
Other	8,970	15	132,584	100	129,742	97.9	2,842	2.1	132,588	100	64,935	49.0	67,653	51.0
Other equipment														
Fishing nets	1,611	29	18,660	100	16,601	89.0	2,059	11.0	18,635	100	18,531	99.4	104	0.6
Catering equipment	80	00	1,463	100	1,440	98.4	23	1.6	1,463	100	17	1.2	1,446	98.8
Construction equipment	107	4	2,459	100	2,361	96.0	98	4.0	2,458	100	5	0.0	2,453	100
Other	8,148	283	119,087	100	114,559	96.2	4,528	3.8	119,136	100	45,091	37.8	74,045	62.2

TABLE 6.3 - VALUE OF FIXED ASSETS ACQUIRED, DISPOSED, OWNED, OTHERWISE POSSESSED AND USED
FOR HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES BY TYPE OF ASSET - RURAL SECTOR

(In Rs. Thousands)

TYPE OF FIXED ASSET	Acquired during a calendar year	Disposed during a calendar Year	Ownership (as of survey date)						USED FOR					
			Total	%	Owned	%	Otherwise possessed	%	Total	%	Agricultural Activities	%	Non-Agricultural Activities	%
Total	356,843	100,281	46,346,815	100	36,724,779	79.2	9,622,036	20.8	46,374,995	100	43,728,152	94.3	2,646,843	5.7
Land	82,348	63,659	41,212,167	100	31,920,060	77.5	9,292,107	22.5	41,236,827	100	41,149,900	99.8	86,927	0.2
Building	18,925	34	1,362,507	100	1,176,143	86.3	186,364	13.7	1,362,662	100	236,355	17.3	1,126,307	82.7
Machinery	15,620	2,531	318,968	100	292,118	91.6	26,850	8.4	323,983	100	129,920	40.1	194,063	59.9
Furniture and Fixtures	5,892	112	189,168	100	178,227	94.2	10,941	5.8	189,229	100	7,017	3.7	182,212	96.3
Transport equipment														
Motor Vehicles	100,750	19,269	655,876	100	632,119	96.4	23,757	3.6	656,553	100	32,173	4.9	624,380	95.1
Bicycles	5,490	334	94,200	100	92,835	98.6	1,365	1.4	94,243	100	69,184	73.4	25,059	26.6
Boats	7,018	-	150,707	100	131,525	87.3	19,182	12.7	150,921	100	149,379	99.0	1,542	1.0
Other	52,185	9,755	1,189,577	100	1,173,030	98.6	16,547	1.4	1,185,433	100	938,572	79.2	246,861	20.8
Other equipment														
Fishing nets	10,627	148	70,472	100	67,081	95.2	3,391	4.8	70,339	100	69,569	98.9	770	1.1
Catering equipment	255	-	7,537	100	7,394	98.1	143	1.9	7,537	100	466	6.2	7,071	93.8
Construction equipment	1,137	50	11,142	100	11,121	99.8	21	0.2	11,142	100	343	3.1	10,799	96.9
Other	56,596	4,389	1,084,494	100	1,043,126	96.2	41,368	3.8	1,086,126	100	945,274	87.0	140,852	13.0

TABLE 7.1 - LOANS TAKEN FOR HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES, AMOUNT RE-PAID, INTEREST PAID DURING A CALENDAR YEAR AND AMOUNT OUTSTANDING BY SOURCE OF LOAN - ALL ISLAND

(In Thousands)

Source	LOANS TAKEN FOR				Amount Repaid Rs.	Amount Outstanding Rs.	Interest Paid Rs.
	Agricultural Activities No.	%	Non-Agricultural Activities No.	%			
Total	709,861	100	276,060	100	494,358	636,888	110,554
Government	14,443	2.0	2,656	1.0	11,972	18,983	2,702
Banks	333,337	47.0	111,670	40.4	215,982	272,879	40,256
Co-operatives	22,869	3.2	1,503	0.5	11,274	18,259	2,054
Money Lenders	201,703	28.4	55,124	20.0	121,832	157,764	50,351
Other	137,508	19.4	105,107	38.1	133,298	169,002	15,191

TABLE 7.2 - LOANS TAKEN FOR HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES, AMOUNT RE-PAID, INTEREST PAID DURING
A CALENDAR YEAR AND AMOUNT OUTSTANDING BY SOURCE OF LOAN - URBAN SECTOR

(In Thousands)

	LOANS TAKEN FOR				Amount Repaid Rs.	Amount Outstanding Rs.	Interest Paid Rs.
	Agricultural Activities Rs.	%	Non-Agricultural Activities Rs.	%			
Total	59,389	100	104,724	100	86,881	111,126	23,749
Government	281	0.5	1,635	1.6	4,402	4,763	1,231
Banks	28,977	48.8	60,738	58.0	54,976	47,672	11,818
Co-operatives	369	0.6	144	0.1	358	835	103
Money Lenders	17,878	30.1	22,627	21.6	16,831	31,155	8,618
Other	11,884	20.0	19,579	18.7	10,315	26,701	1,980

TABLE 7.3 - LOANS TAKEN FOR HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES, AMOUNT RE-PAID, INTEREST PAID DURING A CALENDAR YEAR AND AMOUNT OUTSTANDING BY SOURCE OF LOAN - RURAL SECTOR

(In Thousands)

	LOANS TAKEN FOR				Amount Repaid Rs.	Amount Outstanding Rs.	Interest Paid Rs.
	Agricultural Activities No.	%	Non-Agricultural Activities No.	%			
Total	650,473	100	171,336	100	407,477	525,761	86,805
Government	14,162	2.2	1,021	0.6	7,569	14,219	1,472
Banks	304,361	46.8	50,932	29.7	161,007	225,207	28,439
Co-operatives	22,500	3.4	1,358	0.8	10,916	17,425	1,951
Money Lenders	183,826	28.3	32,497	19.0	105,001	126,609	41,733
Other	125,624	19.3	85,528	49.9	122,984	142,301	13,211

TABLE 8.1 - NUMBER OF HIRED PERSONS EMPLOYED IN HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES, PERSON DAYS WORKED AND REMUNERATION BY MAJOR ACTIVITY GROUP - ALL ISLAND

(In Thousands)

MAJOR ACTIVITY	Number of hired persons								Person days worked								Remuneration							
	Total	%	Men	%	Women	%	Children	%	Total	%	Men	%	Women	%	Children	%	Total	%	Men	%	Women	%	Children	%
Agricultural Activities:																								
Seasonal Crops(Per year)	8897.9	100	5425.5	51.0	3347.8	37.6	124.6	1.4	44407.8	100	28719.3	64.7	14995.5	33.8	693	1.5	1208814	100	867136	71.7	330442	27.4	11236	0.9
Non-seasonal crops, livestock and poultry, fishing and fish breeding, forestry and hunting (Per month)	460.7	100	314.0	58.2	138.8	30.1	7.9	1.7	3102.3	100	2237.8	72.1	798.5	25.8	66	2.1	77843	100	59131	76.0	16440	21.1	2272	2.9
Non-agricultural activities (Per month)	111.8	100	87.7	78.4	15.5	13.9	8.6	7.7	1384.7	100	1087	78.5	219.8	15.9	77.9	5.6	42501	100	37474	88.2	3489	8.2	1538	3.6

TABLE 8.2 - NUMBER OF HIRED PERSONS EMPLOYED IN HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES, PERSON DAYS WORKED AND REMUNERATION BY MAJOR ACTIVITY GROUP - URBAN SECTOR

(In Thousands)

MAJOR ACTIVITY	Number of hired persons								Person days worked								Remuneration							
	Total	%	Men	%	Women	%	Children	%	Total	%	Men	%	Women	%	Children	%	Total	%	Men	%	Women	%	Children	%
Agricultural Activities																								
Seasonal crops(Per year)	588.9	100	411.2	69.8	171	29.0	6.7	1.2	2865.5	100	1956.6	68.3	864.8	30.2	44.1	1.5	96282	100	73534	76.4	21979	22.8	769	0.8
Non-seasonal crops, livestock and poultry, fishing and fish breeding, forestry and hunting (Per month)	27.2	100	20.1	73.9	6.5	23.9	0.6	2.2	234.1	100	163.3	69.8	56.4	24.1	14.4	6.1	6330	100	5079	80.2	1155	18.3	96	1.5
Non-Agricultural Activities (Per month)	29.2	100	23.2	79.4	3.3	11.3	2.7	9.3	319.3	100	267.9	83.9	29.1	9.1	22.3	7.0	12131	100	10913	90.0	686	5.6	532	4.4

TABLE 8.3 - NUMBER OF HIRED PERSONS EMPLOYED IN HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES, PERSON DAYS WORKED AND REMUNERATION BY MAJOR ACTIVITY GROUP - RURAL SECTOR

(In Thousands)

MAJOR ACTIVITY	Number of hired persons								Person days worked								Remuneration							
	Total	%	Men	%	Women	%	Children	%	Total	%	Men	%	Women	%	Children	%	Total	%	Men	%	Women	%	Children	%
Agricultural Activities																								
Seasonal crops(Per year)	8309.0	100	5014.3	60.4	3176.8	38.2	117.9	1.4	41542.1	100	26762.6	64.4	14130.7	34.0	648.8	1.6	1112531	100	793602	71.3	308462	27.7	10467	1.0
Non-seasonal crops, livestock and poultry, fishing and fish breeding, forestry and hunting (Per month)	433.5	100	294	67.8	132.3	30.5	7.2	1.7	2868.1	100	2074.5	72.3	742.1	25.9	51.5	1.8	71514	100	54053	75.6	15285	21.4	2176	3.0
Non-agricultural Activities (Per month)	82.5	100	64.5	78.2	12.2	14.8	5.8	7.0	1065.4	100	8194	76.9	190.7	17.9	55.6	5.2	30371	100	26561	87.5	2804	9.2	1006	3.3

TABLE 9.1 - VALUE OF INPUTS PURCHASED AND USED FOR HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES BY INPUT ITEM AND MAJOR ACTIVITY GROUP - ALL ISLAND

(In Thousands)

INPUT ITEM	AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES				NON-AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES	
	Seasonal crops (per year)		Non-seasonal crops, Livestock & Poultry, Fishing & Fishbreeding Forestry & Hunting (per month)		(per, month)	
	Purchased k.	Used k.	Purchased k.	Used k.	Purchased k.	Used k.
Total	2,510,735	2,541,189	131,902	128,779	420,068	409,437
1. Agricultural seeds and Seedlings						
Tea	-	-	2,423	2,781	-	-
Rubber	-	-	716	676	-	-
Coconut	-	-	1,588	1,588	-	-
Paddy	381,663	385,638	-	-	-	-
Vegetables	40,235	41,805	-	-	-	-
Fruits	-	-	919	919	-	-
Other	187,545	196,548	6,700	6,697	-	-
2. Animal, Poultry and Fish feed						
Animal feed	-	-	6,946	7,074	-	-
Poultry feed	-	-	16,807	16,697	-	-
Fish feed	-	-	2	2	-	-
3. Agricultural products used for further processing						
Livestock used for slaughter	-	-	1	1	1,268	1,268
Other Agricultural products	1,390	1,390	56	56	53,378	49,128
4. Forest products used for further processing						
Forest products used for further processing	-	-	123	123	2,872	2,845
5. Mineral products used for further processing						
Mineral products used for further processing	-	-	-	-	55,508	55,153
6. Semi-manufactured goods used for further processing						
Semi-manufactured goods used for further processing	-	-	-	-	102,957	99,559
7. Explosives, Chemicals and Chemical products						
Explosives	70	70	-	-	84	82
Industrial chemicals	-	-	-	-	630	536
Dyes	-	-	5	5	452	415
Drugs and Pharmaceuticals	-	-	836	865	2,303	1,903
Vaccines	-	-	266	266	126	95
Fertilizers	639,041	639,657	40,989	37,948	-	-
Pesticides, Fungicides and Insecticides	289,206	290,613	760	858	13	13
Synthetic Fibres.	-	-	521	469	25	22
Other	13,200	12,711	1,412	1,152	2,386	2,291

TABLE 9.1 (Contd.) - VALUE OF INPUTS PURCHASED AND USED FOR HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES
BY INPUT ITEM AND MAJOR ACTIVITY GROUP - ALL ISLAND

(In Thousands)

INPUT ITEM	AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES				NON-AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES	
	Seasonal crops (per year)		Non-seasonal crops, Livestock & Poultry, Fishing & Fishbreeding Forestry & Hunting (per month)		(per month)	
	Purchased N.	Used N.	Purchased N.	Used N.	Purchased N.	Used N.
8. Other Manufactured goods used as inputs						
Food articles and Beverages used for catering	-	-	-	-	29,056	28,672
Furnishing, Bedding and Clothing materials	-	-	-	-	96	95
Finishing, Packing and Wrapping materials	21,241	23,276	483	480	5,443	4,563
Crockery, Cutlery, Glass ware and other Catering Equipment	-	-	-	-	878	931
Tyres, Tubes and Other Rubber products	11,163	12,425	137	137	5,356	5,321
Stationary and Other Consumable articles	-	-	-	-	4,553	4,314
Salt, Ice etc.	-	-	1,061	1,049	772	754
Other	3,375	3,433	1,191	1,166	13,528	12,976
9. Water, Electricity, Fuel and Lubricants						
Water	409	409	6	6	80	80
Electricity	471	471	71	71	3,539	3,539
Gas	-	-	-	-	868	806
Firewood	8,695	9,191	1,035	856	8,505	8,162
Kerosene	25,027	24,939	10,256	10,219	5,143	5,099
Diesel	29,228	28,918	6,494	6,469	19,618	19,172
Petrol	4,070	4,054	1,080	1,058	7,116	10,480
Lubricants	5,283	5,213	797	768	2,020	2,002
Other	2,522	2,520	141	141	2,866	2,758
10. Building Materials						
Bricks and Tiles	-	-	-	-	2,446	1,962
Wood and Wood products	27	27	-	-	8,743	7,217
Glass, Ceramics and Other Clay products	-	-	20	20	358	358
Steel and Metal products	-	-	222	222	919	879
Paints and Other Finishing materials	-	-	-	-	791	783
Electrical fittings	-	-	-	-	82	70
Cement, Sand and Limestone	4	4	-	-	6,419	6,416
Other Building materials	63	63	36	36	2,766	2,766

TABLE 9.1 (Contd.) - VALUE OF INPUTS PURCHASED AND USED FOR HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES BY INPUT ITEM AND MAJOR ACTIVITY GROUP - ALL ISLAND

(In Thousands)

INPUT ITEM	AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES				NON-AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES	
	Seasonal crops (per year)		Non-seasonal crops, Livestock & Poultry, Fishing & Fishbreeding Forestry & Hunting (per month)		(per month)	
	Purchased Rs.	Used Rs.	Purchased Rs.	Used Rs.	Purchased Rs.	Used Rs.
11. Transportation						
Transportation of raw materials, Building materials, Chemicals, Fuel etc. used as inputs for economic activity	14,144	14,317	812	812	5,789	5,771
Transportation of agricultural produce	62,204	62,378	2,334	2,334	76	76
Transportation of fish	67	56	513	513	404	404
Transportation of livestock and livestock products	9	9	191	191	166	166
Transportation of mineral products	14	14	9	9	186	186
Transportation of manufactured goods	885	922	139	194	2,468	2,470
Transportation of goods used in trading	758	758	295	295	19,345	19,333
Transportation of persons in connection with the economic activity	370	379	200	200	2,083	2,083
Repair and Maintenance of transport equipment including taxes n.e.c.	11,882	11,886	1,186	1,186	10,689	10,544
12. Communication						
Postal, Telegraph and Telex services	190	190	24	24	137	136
Maintenance and Operation of telephones	-	-	-	-	158	158
Other communication facilities	2	2	3	3	10	10
13. Other Rents n.e.c.						
Rent for land	69,843	70,061	687	687	210	210
Rent for buildings	840	840	10	10	5,678	5,675
Rent for tractors	419,090	426,416	896	896	585	585
Rent for other machinery and equipment	14,674	14,682	792	796	724	724
Rent for furniture and fixtures	334	334	10	10	50	53
Other rents	146,607	148,489	7,485	7,483	6,010	6,024
14. Repair and Maintenance	31,410	31,738	8,151	8,140	4,883	4,877
15. Taxes, Tariff's etc.	10,479	10,696	310	310	2,685	2,683
16. Miscellaneous	63,005	63,647	3,754	3,811	3,769	3,784

TABLE 9.2 - VALUE OF INPUTS PURCHASED AND USED FOR HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES BY INPUT ITEM AND MAJOR ACTIVITY GROUP - URBAN SECTOR

(In Thousands)

INPUT ITEM	AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES				NON-AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES	
	Seasonal crops (per year)		Non-seasonal crops, Livestock & Poultry, Fishing & Fishbreed- ing Forestry & Hunt- ing(per month)		(per month)	
	Purchased Rs.	Used Rs.	Purchased Rs.	Used Rs.	Purchased Rs.	Used Rs.
Total	221,997	221,722	18,880	16,689	104,943	101,424
1. Agricultural seeds and Seedlings						
Tea	-	-	65	67	-	-
Rubber	-	-	-	-	-	-
Coconut	-	-	181	181	-	-
Paddy	32,529	32,754	-	-	-	-
Vegetables	7,684	7,691	-	-	-	-
Fruits	-	-	5	5	-	-
Other	23,963	23,992	464	464	-	-
2. Animal, Poultry and Fish feed						
Animal feed	-	-	1,423	1,381	-	-
Poultry feed	-	-	3,597	3,292	-	-
Fish feed	-	-	2	2	-	-
3. Agricultural products used for further processing						
Livestock used for slaughter	-	-	1	1	699	699
Other Agricultural products	36	36	-	-	8,650	8,648
4. Forest products used for further processing	-	-	-	-	938	878
5. Mineral products used for further processing	-	-	-	-	7,769	7,381
6. Semi-manufactured goods used for further processing	-	-	-	-	28,127	26,439
7. Explosives, Chemicals and Chemical products						
Explosives	-	-	-	-	1	1
Industrial chemicals	-	-	-	-	187	158
Dyes	-	-	-	-	124	113
Drugs and Pharmaceuticals	-	-	102	99	680	614
Vaccines	-	-	76	76	91	78
Fertilizers	51,181	51,174	4,582	2,774	-	-
Pesticides, Fungicides and Insecticides	28,328	28,286	62	59	-	-
Synthetic Fibres	-	-	75	68	19	16
Other	2,276	1,666	30	25	533	528

TAB LE 9.2 (Contd.) - VALUE OF INPUTS PURCHASED AND USED FOR HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES
BY INPUT ITEM AND MAJOR ACTIVITY GROUP - URBAN SECTOR

(In Thousands)

INPUT ITEM	AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES				NON-AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES	
	Seasonal crops (per year)		Non-seasonal crops, Livestock & Poultry, Fishing & Fishbreed- ing, Forestry & Hunt- ing(per month)		(per month)	
	Purchased Rs.	Used Rs.	Purchased Rs.	Used Rs.	Purchased Rs.	Used Rs.
8. Other Manufactured goods used as inputs						
Food articles and Beverages used for catering	-	-	-	-	6,264	6,238
Furnishing, Bedding and Clothing materials	-	-	-	-	24	23
Finishing, Packing and Wrapping materials	836	853	15	15	1,732	1,005
Crockery, Cutlery, Glass ware and other Catering Equipment	-	-	-	-	95	122
Tyres, Tubes and Other Rubber products	606	605	4	4	886	885
Stationery and Other Consumable articles	-	-	-	-	606	448
Salt, Ice etc.	-	-	83	83	161	158
Other	69	69	48	47	2,662	2,489
9. Water, Electricity, Fuel and Lubricants						
Water	10	10	1	1	38	38
Electricity	214	214	20	20	1,288	1,288
Gas	-	-	-	-	547	522
Firewood	14	14	21	19	1,053	1,018
Kerosene	2,181	2,181	2,722	2,694	507	499
Diesel	1,296	1,289	1,776	1,751	3,714	3,662
Petrol	801	801	337	337	2,227	2,265
Lubricants	404	399	112	106	330	328
Other	73	73	16	16	759	734
10. Building Materials						
Bricks and Tiles	-	-	-	-	1,085	1,085
Wood and Wood products	-	-	-	-	2,614	2,614
Glass, Ceramics and Other Clay products	-	-	20	20	302	302
Steel and Metal products	-	-	-	-	757	755
Paints and Other Finishing materials	-	-	-	-	575	568
Electrical fittings	-	-	-	-	74	62
Cement, Sand and Limestone	4	4	-	-	5,122	5,122
Other Building materials	-	-	-	-	2,490	2,490

TABLE 9.2 (Contd.) - VALUE OF INPUTS PURCHASED AND USED FOR HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES
BY INPUT ITEM AND MAJOR ACTIVITY GROUP - URBAN SECTOR

(In Thousands)

INPUT ITEM	AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES				NON-AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES	
	Seasonal crops (per year)		Non-seasonal crops, Livestock & Poultry, Fishing & Fishbreed- ing Forestry & Hunt- ing (per month)		(per month)	
	Purchased Rs.	Used Rs.	Purchased Rs.	Used Rs.	Purchased Rs.	Used Rs.
11. Transportation						
Transportation of raw materials, Building materials, Chemicals, Fuel etc. used as inputs for economic activity	2,225	2,322	78	78	4,201	4,199
Transportation of agricultural produce	5,446	5,447	115	116	10	10
Transportation of fish	28	28	74	74	171	171
Transportation of livestock and livestock products	-	-	12	12	11	11
Transportation of mineral products	-	-	6	6	2	2
Transportation of manufactured goods	39	39	6	6	300	301
Transportation of goods used in trading	2	2	4	4	6,016	5,991
Transportation of persons in connection with the economic activity	36	36	11	11	719	718
Repair and Maintenance of transport equipment including taxes n.e.c.	718	719	39	39	2,079	2,047
12. Communication						
Postal, Telegraph and Telex services	-	-	.1	.1	112	111
Maintenance and Operation of telephones	-	-	-	-	144	144
Other communication facilities.	-	-	-	-	7	7
13. Other Rents n.e.c.						
Rent for land	6,605	6,606	231	231	78	78
Rent for buildings	9	9	7	7	1,992	1,990
Rent for tractors	41,015	41,027	8	8	61	61
Rent for other machinery and equipment	868	877	351	351	14	14
Rent for furniture and fixtures	68	68	-	-	5	5
Other rents	5,211	5,155	631	632	1,881	1,886
14. Repair and Maintenance	1,614	1,614	963	957	1,262	1,257
15. Taxes, Tariff's etc.	924	924	44	44	858	858
16. Miscellaneous	4,684	4,739	460	506	1,290	1,290

TABLE 9.3 - VALUE OF INPUTS PURCHASED AND USED FOR HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES BY INPUT ITEM AND MAJOR ACTIVITY GROUP - RURAL SECTOR

(In Thousands)

INPUT ITEM	AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES				NON-AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES	
	Seasonal crops (per year)		Non-seasonal crops, Livestock & Poultry, Fishing & Fishbreeding Forestry & Hunting (per month)		(per month)	
	Purchased Rs.	Used Rs.	Purchased Rs.	Used Rs.	Purchased Rs.	Used Rs.
Total	2,288,731	2,319,462	113,018	112,089	315,124	308,012
1. Agricultural seeds and Seedlings						
Tea	-	-	2,358	2,713	-	-
Rubber	-	-	716	676	-	-
Coconut	-	-	1,406	1,406	-	-
Paddy	349,133	352,883	-	-	-	-
Vegetables	32,550	34,114	-	-	-	-
Fruits	-	-	914	914	-	-
Other	163,582	172,556	6,236	6,238	-	-
2. Animal, Poultry and Fish feed						
Animal feed	-	-	5,523	5,693	-	-
Poultry feed	-	-	13,210	13,405	-	-
Fish feed	-	-	-	-	-	-
3. Agricultural products used for further processing						
Livestock used for slaughter	-	-	-	-	569	569
Other Agricultural products .	1,354	1,354	56	56	44,728	40,481
4. Forest products used for further processing	-	-	123	123	1,934	1,967
5. Mineral products used for further processing	-	-	-	-	47,739	47,772
6. Semi-manufactured goods used for further processing	-	-	-	-	74,830	73,120
7. Explosives, Chemicals and Chemical products						
Explosives	70	70	-	-	83	81
Industrial chemicals	-	-	-	-	443	378
Dyes	-	-	5	5	328	303
Drugs and Pharmaceuticals	-	-	735	766	1,623	1,288
Vaccines	-	-	190	190	36	17
Fertilizers	587,860	588,483	36,407	35,173	-	-
Pesticides, Fungicides and Insecticides	260,877	262,327	698	799	13	13
Synthetic Fibres	-	-	446	401	6	6
Other	10,924	11,045	1,381	1,127	1,853	1,763

TABLE 9.3 (Contd.) - VALUE OF INPUTS PURCHASED AND USED FOR HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES
BY INPUT ITEM AND MAJOR ACTIVITY GROUP - RURAL SECTOR

INPUT ITEM	AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES				(In Thousands)	
	Seasonal crops (per year)		Non-seasonal crops, Livestock & Poultry, Fishing & Fishbreed- ing, Forestry & Hunt- ing(per month)		NON-AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES (per month)	
	Purchased Rs.	Used Rs.	Purchased Rs.	Used Rs.	Purchased Rs.	Used Rs.
8. Other Manufactured goods used as inputs						
Food articles and Beverages used for catering	-	-	-	-	22,792	22,434
Furnishing, Bedding and Clothing materials	-	-	-	-	72	72
Finishing, Packing and Wrapping materials	20,405	22,424	468	465	3,710	3,558
Crockery, Cutlery, Glass ware and other Catering Equipment	-	-	-	-	783	908
Tyres, Tubes and Other Rubber products	10,557	11,820	133	133	4,470	4,436
Stationery and Other Consumable articles	-	-	-	-	3,947	3,866
Salt, Ice etc.	-	-	978	966	611	596
Other	3,306	3,364	1,144	1,118	10,866	10,488
9. Water, Electricity, Fuel and Lubricants						
Water	398	398	5	5	41	41
Electricity	257	257	50	50	2,251	2,251
Gas	-	-	-	-	321	285
Firewood	8,682	9,177	1,014	837	7,452	7,143
Kerosene	22,847	22,758	7,534	7,525	4,636	4,600
Diesel	27,931	27,629	4,718	4,718	15,904	15,509
Petrol	3,269	3,253	743	722	4,889	8,216
Lubricants	4,878	4,814	685	662	1,691	1,674
Other	2,449	2,447	124	125	2,107	2,024
10. Building Materials						
Bricks and Tiles	-	-	-	-	1,361	876
Wood and Wood products	27	27	-	-	6,129	4,604
Glass, Ceramics and Other Clay products	-	-	-	-	56	56
Steel and Metal products	-	-	222	222	163	124
Paints and Other Finishing materials	-	-	-	-	215	214
Electrical fittings	-	-	-	-	8	8
Cement, Sand and Limestone	-	-	-	-	1,296	1,294
Other Building materials	63	63	36	36	276	276

TABLE 9.3 - VALUE OF INPUTS PURCHASED AND USED FOR HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES BY INPUT ITEM AND MAJOR ACTIVITY GROUP - RURAL SECTOR

(In Thousands)

INPUT ITEM	AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES				NON-AGRICULTURAL ACTIVITIES	
	Seasonal crops (per year)		Non-seasonal crops, Livestock & Poultry, Fishing & Fishbreed- ing Forestry & Hunt- ing (per month)		(per month)	
	Purchased Rs.	Used Rs.	Purchased Rs.	Used Rs.	Purchased Rs.	Used Rs.
11. Transportation						
Transportation of raw materials, Building materials, Chemicals, Fuel etc. used as inputs for economic activity	11,919	11,994	734	734	1,587	1,572
Transportation of agricultural produce	56,758	56,931	2,219	2,219	66	66
Transportation of fish	39	28	438	438	234	234
Transportation of livestock and livestock products	9	9	179	179	156	156
Transportation of mineral products	14	14	3	3	184	184
Transportation of manufactured goods	846	883	135	188	2,168	2,168
Transportation of goods used in trading	756	756	291	291	13,329	13,342
Transportation of persons in connection with the economic activity	334	343	189	189	1,364	1,364
Repair and Maintenance of transport equipment including taxes n.e.c.	11,164	11,168	1,147	1,147	8,610	8,497
12. Communication						
Postal, Telegraph and Telex services	190	190	24	24	25	25
Maintenance and Operation of telephones	-	-	-	-	14	14
Other communication facilities	2	2	3	3	3	3
13. Other Rents n.e.c.						
Rent for land	63,238	63,454	456	456	132	132
Rent for buildings	830	830	3	3	3,686	3,686
Rent for tractors	378,075	385,388	888	888	523	523
Rent for other machinery and equipment	13,806	13,805	442	445	710	710
Rent for furniture and fixtures	266	266	10	10	45	48
Other rents	141,395	143,334	6,853	6,852	4,129	4,138
14. Repair and Maintenance	29,795	30,124	7,188	7,184	3,621	3,620
15. Taxes, Tariff's etc.	9,555	9,772	266	266	1,827	1,825
16. Miscellaneous	58,321	58,908	3,294	3,302	2,479	2,494

TABLE 10.1 Distribution of households, engaged in seasonal agricultural activities by number of days worked and output per two cultivation seasons. - All Island.

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.											
	TOTAL NO.	PER.	0 - 499 NO.	PER.	500 - 999 NO.	PER.	1000 - 1499 NO.	PER.	1500 - 1999 NO.	PER.	2000 - 2499 NO.	PER.
TOTAL	928370	100.0	111369	12.0	89785	9.7	85281	9.2	71387	7.7	59066	6.4
UNDER 10	3703	100.0	688	18.6	520	14.0	123	3.3	594	16.0	1377	37.2
10 - 24	20490	100.0	8249	40.3	2730	13.3	2192	10.7	1778	8.7	1287	6.3
25 - 49	45395	100.0	12062	26.6	8184	18.0	5957	13.1	4080	9.0	2511	5.5
50 - 74	52945	100.0	11488	21.7	8665	16.4	6303	11.9	4569	8.6	3319	6.3
75 - 99	56014	100.0	10330	18.4	7927	14.2	5648	10.1	6012	10.7	2852	5.1
100 - 149	110648	100.0	16119	14.6	12731	11.5	12657	11.4	9908	9.0	7491	6.8
150 - 199	104082	100.0	13302	12.8	9194	8.8	10037	9.6	8120	7.8	7409	7.1
200 - 249	98652	100.0	12634	12.8	9558	9.7	9554	9.7	6882	7.0	8930	9.1
250 - 299	67308	100.0	6559	9.7	6025	9.0	5695	8.5	5247	7.8	3909	5.8
300 - 399	122546	100.0	8693	7.1	11101	9.1	9678	7.9	8746	7.1	7140	5.8
400 - 499	84952	100.0	4371	5.1	7295	8.6	5396	6.4	7316	8.6	4405	5.2
500 - 749	106043	100.0	5735	5.4	4213	4.0	10605	10.0	6219	5.9	5749	5.4
750 & OVER	55592	100.0	1139	2.0	1642	3.0	1436	2.6	1916	3.4	2689	4.8

TABLE 10.1 Distribution of households, engaged in seasonal agricultural activities by number of days worked and output per two cultivation seasons. - All Island.
(CONT.)

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.											
	2500 - 2999		3000 - 3999		4000 - 4999		5000 - 7499		7500 - 9999		10000 & OVER	
	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.
TOTAL	47480	5.1	77904	8.4	59206	6.4	100824	10.9	61205	6.6	164865	17.8
UNDER 10	74	2.0	40	1.1	69	1.9	203	5.5	16	.4	-	-
10 - 24	691	3.4	682	3.3	845	4.1	772	3.8	625	3.1	640	3.1
25 - 49	2431	5.4	2888	6.4	2894	6.4	2265	5.0	754	1.7	1368	3.0
50 - 74	3130	5.9	4525	8.5	3153	6.0	3798	7.2	1620	3.1	2375	4.5
75 - 99	2571	4.6	5401	9.6	3687	6.6	4073	7.3	2263	4.0	5250	9.4
100 - 149	6475	5.9	10420	9.4	5389	4.9	11484	10.4	6940	6.3	11035	10.0
150 - 199	6396	6.1	8845	8.5	6295	6.0	13352	12.8	7851	7.5	13281	12.8
200 - 249	6194	6.3	6835	6.9	7112	7.2	9284	9.4	6298	6.4	15371	15.6
250 - 299	3320	4.9	6484	9.6	5129	7.6	5994	8.9	4686	7.0	14262	21.2
300 - 399	5115	4.2	14402	11.8	7557	6.2	16096	13.1	9440	7.7	24577	20.1
400 - 499	3974	4.7	5065	6.0	6537	7.7	11341	13.3	7208	8.5	22045	25.9
500 - 749	4929	4.6	8284	7.8	6715	6.3	15534	14.6	8269	7.8	29791	28.1
750 & OVER	2180	3.9	4033	7.3	3824	6.9	6628	11.9	5235	9.4	24870	44.7

TABLE 10.2 Distribution of households, engaged in seasonal agricultural activities by number of days worked and output per two cultivation seasons. - Urban Sector.

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.											
	TOTAL NO.	PER.	0 - 499 NO.	PER.	500 - 999 NO.	PER.	1000 - 1499 NO.	PER.	1500 - 1999 NO.	PER.	2000 - 2499 NO.	PER.
TOTAL	29443	100.0	2850	9.7	2431	8.3	2015	6.8	1491	5.1	1473	5.0
UNDER 10	193	100.0	43	22.3	-	-	-	-	43	22.3	-	-
10 - 24	1193	100.0	500	41.9	130	10.9	110	9.2	39	3.3	25	2.1
25 - 49	1726	100.0	212	12.3	494	28.6	280	16.2	50	2.9	70	4.1
50 - 74	1959	100.0	315	16.1	226	11.5	142	7.2	82	4.2	103	5.3
75 - 99	2097	100.0	197	9.4	606	28.9	214	10.2	65	3.1	199	9.5
100 - 149	3407	100.0	359	10.5	221	6.5	168	4.9	257	7.5	221	6.5
150 - 199	4366	100.0	342	7.8	220	5.0	361	8.3	192	4.4	215	4.9
200 - 249	3461	100.0	410	11.8	173	5.0	128	3.7	182	5.3	117	3.4
250 - 299	2112	100.0	160	7.6	97	4.6	78	3.7	34	1.6	4	.2
300 - 399	3336	100.0	152	4.6	60	1.8	145	4.3	349	10.5	237	7.1
400 - 499	2197	100.0	81	3.7	69	3.1	262	11.9	162	7.4	84	3.8
500 - 749	2460	100.0	79	3.2	123	5.0	105	4.3	17	.7	175	7.1
750 & OVER	936	100.0	-	-	12	1.3	22	2.4	19	2.0	23	2.5

TABLE 10.2 Distribution of households, engaged in seasonal agricultural activities by number of days worked and output per two cultivation seasons. - Urban Sector.

(CONT.)

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.											
	2500 - 2999		3000 - 3999		4000 - 4999		5000 - 7499		7500 - 9999		10000 & OVER	
	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.
TOTAL	1008	3.4	2022	6.9	1436	4.9	2918	9.9	2286	7.8	9510	32.3
UNDER 10	-	-	40	20.7	-	-	67	34.7	-	-	-	-
10 - 24	-	-	76	6.4	40	3.4	24	2.0	-	-	249	20.9
25 - 49	86	5.0	93	5.4	-	-	63	3.7	113	6.5	264	15.3
50 - 74	111	5.7	235	12.0	167	8.5	133	6.8	32	1.6	413	21.1
75 - 99	57	2.7	200	9.5	-	-	176	8.4	30	1.4	353	16.8
100 - 149	180	5.3	213	6.3	185	5.4	519	15.2	407	11.9	676	19.8
150 - 199	50	1.1	319	7.3	494	11.3	387	8.9	469	10.7	1316	30.2
200 - 249	251	7.2	249	7.2	146	4.2	308	8.9	366	10.6	1132	32.7
250 - 299	80	3.8	109	5.2	24	1.1	269	12.7	12	.6	1245	58.9
300 - 399	99	3.0	229	6.9	143	4.3	269	8.1	344	10.3	1308	39.2
400 - 499	18	.8	113	5.1	130	5.9	205	9.3	253	11.5	820	37.3
500 - 749	44	1.8	123	5.0	23	.9	450	18.3	148	6.0	1173	47.7
750 & OVER	32	3.4	23	2.5	84	9.0	48	5.1	112	12.0	561	59.9

TABLE 10.3 Distribution of households, engaged in Seasonal agricultural activities by number of days worked and output per two cultivation seasons. - Rural Sector.

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.											
	TOTAL NO.	PER.	0 - 499 NO.	PER.	500 - 999 NO.	PER.	1000 - 1499 NO.	PER.	1500 - 1999 NO.	PER.	2000 - 2499 NO.	PER.
TOTAL	898931	100.0	108516	12.1	87357	9.7	83264	9.3	69898	7.8	57597	6.4
UNDER 10	3511	100.0	645	18.4	520	14.8	123	3.5	552	15.7	1377	39.2
10 - 24	19298	100.0	7748	40.1	2600	13.5	2082	10.8	1740	9.0	1263	6.5
25 - 49	43668	100.0	11849	27.1	7689	17.6	5677	13.0	4030	9.2	2441	5.6
50 - 74	50987	100.0	11173	21.9	8440	16.6	6161	12.1	4486	8.8	3217	6.3
75 - 99	53918	100.0	10133	18.8	7321	13.6	5433	10.1	5948	11.0	2654	4.9
100 - 149	107242	100.0	15759	14.7	12511	11.7	12489	11.6	9651	9.0	7270	6.8
150 - 199	99717	100.0	12960	13.0	8974	9.0	9676	9.7	7929	8.0	7194	7.2
200 - 249	95189	100.0	12224	12.8	9385	9.9	9426	9.9	6700	7.0	8812	9.3
250 - 299	65195	100.0	6399	9.8	5928	9.1	5616	8.6	5213	8.0	3905	6.0
300 - 399	119210	100.0	8541	7.2	11042	9.3	9533	8.0	8396	7.0	6903	5.8
400 - 499	82755	100.0	4290	5.2	7226	8.7	5134	6.2	7154	8.6	4321	5.2
500 - 749	103584	100.0	5656	5.5	4091	3.9	10500	10.1	6202	6.0	5574	5.4
750 & OVER	54657	100.0	1139	2.1	1630	3.0	1414	2.6	1897	3.5	2666	4.9

TABLE 10.3 Distribution of households, engaged in Seasonal agricultural activities by number of days worked and output per two cultivation seasons. - Rural Sector.
(CONT.)

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.											
	2500 - 2999		3000 - 3999		4000 - 4999		5000 - 7499		7500 - 9999		10000 & OVER	
	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.
TOTAL	46472	5.2	75880	8.4	57770	6.4	97902	10.9	58919	6.6	155355	17.3
UNDER 10	74	2.1	-	-	69	2.0	136	3.9	16	.5	-	-
10 - 24	691	3.6	605	3.1	805	4.2	748	3.9	625	3.2	390	2.0
25 - 49	2345	5.4	2795	6.4	2894	6.6	2202	5.0	641	1.5	1104	2.5
50 - 74	3019	5.9	4290	8.4	2986	5.9	3665	7.2	1588	3.1	1962	3.8
75 - 99	2514	4.7	5201	9.6	3687	6.8	3897	7.2	2233	4.1	4897	9.1
100 - 149	6295	5.9	10207	9.5	5204	4.9	10964	10.2	6533	6.1	10359	9.7
150 - 199	6346	6.4	8526	8.6	5801	5.8	12964	13.0	7382	7.4	11965	12.0
200 - 249	5943	6.2	6587	6.9	6966	7.3	8975	9.4	5931	6.2	14240	15.0
250 - 299	3240	5.0	6374	9.8	5105	7.8	5725	8.8	4674	7.2	13016	20.0
300 - 399	5015	4.2	14174	11.9	7414	6.2	15827	13.3	9096	7.6	23269	19.5
400 - 499	3956	4.8	4952	6.0	6407	7.7	11136	13.5	6955	8.4	21225	25.6
500 - 749	4886	4.7	8160	7.9	6692	6.5	15083	14.6	8121	7.8	28618	27.6
750 & OVER	2148	3.9	4009	7.3	3740	6.8	6580	12.0	5124	9.4	24310	44.5

TABLE 11.1 Distribution of households engaged in non-seasonal agricultural activities by number of days worked and output per month. - All Island.

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.													
	TOTAL NO.	PER.	0 - 249 NO.	PER.	250 - 499 NO.	PER.	500 - 999 NO.	PER.	1000 - 1499 NO.	PER.	1500 - 1999 NO.	PER.	2000 & OVER NO.	PER.
TOTAL	842084	100.0	472863	56.2	143943	17.1	115783	13.7	40524	4.8	20761	2.5	48210	5.7
UNDER 10	390390	100.0	259724	66.5	59890	15.3	43442	11.1	11816	3.0	5357	1.4	10161	2.6
10 - 24	275666	100.0	143979	52.2	51757	18.8	40573	14.7	13907	5.0	8059	2.9	17391	6.3
25 - 49	132716	100.0	53838	40.6	23713	17.9	25264	19.0	11341	8.5	5281	4.0	13279	10.0
50 - 74	32986	100.0	12919	39.2	6622	20.1	4349	13.2	2228	6.8	1191	3.6	5677	17.2
75 - 99	7174	100.0	1759	24.5	1661	23.2	1407	19.6	664	9.3	326	4.5	1357	18.9
100 & OVER	3152	100.0	644	20.4	300	9.5	748	23.7	568	18.0	547	17.4	345	10.9

TABLE 11.2 Distribution of households engaged in non-seasonal agricultural activities by number of days worked and output per month. - Urban Sector.

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.													
	TOTAL NO.	PER.	0 - 249 NO.	PER.	250 - 499 NO.	PER.	500 - 999 NO.	PER.	1000 - 1499 NO.	PER.	1500 - 1999 NO.	PER.	2000 & OVER NO.	PER.
TOTAL	32463	100.0	16411	50.6	5914	18.2	4745	14.6	1696	5.2	1047	3.2	2650	8.2
UNDER 10	18205	100.0	9640	53.0	3763	20.7	2634	14.5	584	3.2	415	2.3	1169	6.4
10 - 24	7982	100.0	4298	53.8	1077	13.5	970	12.2	613	7.7	364	4.6	662	8.3
25 - 49	5596	100.0	2326	41.6	995	17.8	990	17.7	413	7.4	268	4.8	604	10.8
50 - 74	620	100.0	129	20.8	79	12.7	151	24.4	86	13.9	-	-	175	28.2
75 - 99	19	100.0	13	68.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	31.6
100 & OVER	41	100.0	7	17.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	82.9

TABLE 11.3 Distribution of households engaged in non-seasonal agricultural activities by number of days worked and output per month.
- Rural Sector.

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.											
	TOTAL NO. PER.	0 - 249 NO. PER.	250 - 499 NO. PER.	500 - 999 NO. PER.	1000 - 1499 NO. PER.	1500 - 1999 NO. PER.	2000 & OVER NO. PER.					
TOTAL	809622 100.0	456452 56.4	138029 17.0	111039 13.7	38827 4.8	19714 2.4	45561 5.6					
UNDER 10	372186 100.0	250084 57.2	56127 15.1	40809 11.0	11231 3.0	4942 1.3	8993 2.4					
10 - 24	267684 100.0	139683 52.2	50680 18.9	39603 14.8	13294 5.0	7695 2.9	16729 6.2					
25 - 49	127120 100.0	51512 40.5	22718 17.9	24274 19.1	10928 8.6	5013 3.9	12675 10.0					
50 - 74	32367 100.0	12791 39.5	6543 20.2	4198 13.0	2142 6.6	1191 3.7	5502 17.0					
75 - 99	7155 100.0	1746 24.4	1661 23.2	1407 19.7	664 9.3	326 4.6	1351 18.9					
100 & OVER	3110 100.0	636 20.5	300 9.6	748 24.1	568 18.3	547 17.6	311 10.0					

TABLE 12.1 Distribution of households engaged in livestock activities by number of days worked and output per month - All Island

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.											
	TOTAL NO. PER.	0 - 249 NO. PER.	250 - 499 NO. PER.	500 - 999 NO. PER.	1000 - 1499 NO. PER.	1500 - 1999 NO. PER.	2000 & OVER NO. PER.					
TOTAL	367302 100.0	320399 87.2	24854 6.8	12928 3.5	2249 .6	2839 .8	4033 1.1					
UNDER 10	66686 100.0	63729 95.6	1135 1.7	1708 2.6	- -	114 .2	- -					
10 - 24	34111 100.0	31521 92.4	1766 5.2	542 1.6	- -	- -	282 .8					
25 - 49	207580 100.0	183305 88.3	13920 6.7	5511 2.7	949 .5	1945 .9	1950 .9					
50 - 74	44709 100.0	33717 75.4	5121 11.5	3450 7.7	1072 2.4	478 1.1	871 1.9					
75 - 99	9276 100.0	5781 62.3	1756 18.9	677 7.3	82 .9	183 2.0	797 8.6					
100 & OVER	4940 100.0	2346 47.5	1156 23.4	1040 21.1	146 3.0	119 2.4	133 2.7					

TABLE 12.2 Distribution of households engaged in livestock activities by number of days worked and output per month - Urban Sector

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.													
	TOTAL		0 - 249		250 - 499		500 - 999		1000 - 1499		1500 - 1999		2000 & OVER	
	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.
TOTAL	18996	100.0	14629	77.0	2090	11.0	875	4.6	86	.5	461	2.4	855	4.5
UNDER 10	4972	100.0	4829	97.1	106	2.1	37	.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 - 24	2306	100.0	1898	82.3	316	13.7	48	2.1	-	-	-	-	44	1.9
25 - 49	8732	100.0	6361	72.8	1168	13.4	509	5.8	43	.5	214	2.5	437	5.0
50 - 74	2078	100.0	1177	56.6	358	17.2	228	11.0	43	2.1	126	6.1	146	7.0
75 - 99	520	100.0	254	48.8	62	11.9	38	7.3	-	-	27	5.2	139	26.7
100 & OVER	388	100.0	110	28.4	80	20.6	15	3.9	-	-	94	24.2	89	22.9

TABLE 12.3 Distribution of households engaged in live stock activities by number of days worked and output per month - Rural Sector

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.													
	TOTAL		0 - 249		250 - 499		500 - 999		1000 - 1499		1500 - 1999		2000 & OVER	
	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.
TOTAL	348308	100.0	305770	87.8	22765	6.5	12054	3.5	2163	.6	2378	.7	3178	.9
UNDER 10	61716	100.0	58900	95.4	1030	1.7	1672	2.7	-	-	114	.2	-	-
10 - 24	31804	100.0	29622	93.1	1450	4.6	494	1.6	-	-	-	-	238	.7
25 - 49	198849	100.0	176945	89.0	12752	6.4	5002	2.5	906	.5	1731	.9	1513	.8
50 - 74	42631	100.0	32540	76.3	4763	11.2	3222	7.6	1029	2.4	352	.8	725	1.7
75 - 99	8756	100.0	5527	63.1	1694	19.3	639	7.3	82	.9	156	1.8	658	7.5
100 & OVER	4552	100.0	2236	49.1	1076	23.6	1025	22.5	146	3.2	25	.5	44	1.0

TABLE 13.3 Distribution of households engaged in fishing and fish breeding by number of days worked and output per month. - Rural Sector.

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.													
	TOTAL NO.	PER.	0 - 249 NO.	PER.	250 - 499 NO.	PER.	500 - 999 NO.	PER.	1000 - 1499 NO.	PER.	1500 - 1999 NO.	PER.	2000 & OVER NO.	PER.
TOTAL	23871	100.0	3333	14.0	2928	12.3	3961	16.6	2866	12.0	2913	12.2	7870	33.0
UNDER 10	804	100.0	598	74.4	182	22.6	24	3.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 - 24	10462	100.0	1139	10.9	1712	16.4	2490	23.8	1105	10.6	1006	9.6	3010	28.8
25 - 49	10079	100.0	1596	15.8	915	9.1	1181	11.7	1422	14.1	1403	13.9	3562	35.3
50 - 74	1916	100.0	-	-	95	5.0	242	12.6	339	17.7	430	22.4	810	42.3
75 - 99	457	100.0	-	-	-	-	24	5.3	-	-	59	12.9	374	81.8
100 & OVER	153	100.0	-	-	24	15.7	-	-	-	-	15	9.8	114	74.5

TABLE 14.1 Distribution of households engaged in forestry and hunting by number of days worked and output per month. - All Island.

SRI LANKA

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.													
	TOTAL NO.	PER.	0 - 249 NO.	PER.	250 - 499 NO.	PER.	500 - 999 NO.	PER.	1000 - 1499 NO.	PER.	1500 - 1999 NO.	PER.	2000 & OVER NO.	PER.
TOTAL	4722	100.0	3139	66.5	768	16.3	600	12.7	95	2.0	94	2.0	26	.6
UNDER 10	2098	100.0	1717	81.8	356	17.0	25	1.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 - 24	1851	100.0	1034	55.9	361	19.5	298	16.1	66	3.6	66	3.6	26	1.4
25 - 49	669	100.0	340	50.8	51	7.6	249	37.2	29	4.3	-	-	-	-
50 - 74	104	100.0	48	46.2	-	-	28	26.9	-	-	28	26.9	-	-
75 - 99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100 & OVER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 15.1 Distribution of households engaged in mining and quarrying by number of days worked and output per month - All Island

SRI LANKA												
NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.											
	TOTAL NO. PER.	0 - 249 NO. PER.	250 - 499 NO. PER.	500 - 999 NO. PER.	1000 - 1499 NO. PER.	1500 - 1999 NO. PER.	2000 & OVER NO. PER.					
TOTAL	10661 100.0	7065 66.3	1099 10.3	1223 11.5	384 3.6	125 1.2	765 7.2					
UNDER 10	1397 100.0	1193 85.4	44 3.1	- -	- -	- -	160 11.5					
10 - 24	7080 100.0	4626 65.3	893 12.6	934 13.2	182 2.6	82 1.2	363 5.1					
25 - 49	1904 100.0	1203 63.2	108 5.7	289 15.2	202 10.6	43 2.3	59 3.1					
50 - 74	265 100.0	43 16.2	54 20.4	- -	- -	- -	168 63.4					
75 - 99	15 100.0	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	15 100.0					
100 & OVER	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -					

TABLE 15.2 Distribution of households engaged in mining and quarrying by number of days worked and output per month - Urban Sector

SRI LANKA URBAN SECTOR												
NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.											
	TOTAL NO. PER.	0 - 249 NO. PER.	250 - 499 NO. PER.	500 - 999 NO. PER.	1000 - 1499 NO. PER.	1500 - 1999 NO. PER.	2000 & OVER NO. PER.					
TOTAL	362 100.0	255 70.4	- -	72 19.9	- -	- -	35 9.7					
UNDER 10	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -					
10 - 24	221 100.0	162 73.3	- -	49 22.2	- -	- -	10 4.5					
25 - 49	116 100.0	93 80.2	- -	23 19.8	- -	- -	- -					
50 - 74	10 100.0	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	10 100.0					
75 - 99	15 100.0	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	15 100.0					
100 & OVER	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -					

TABLE 15.3 Distribution of households engaged in mining and quarrying by number of days worked and output per month - Rural Sector

SRI LANKA RURAL SECTOR

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.													
	TOTAL		0 - 249		250 - 499		500 - 999		1000 - 1499		1500 - 1999		2000 & OVER	
	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.
TOTAL	10299	100.0	6810	66.1	1099	10.7	1151	11.2	384	3.7	125	1.2	730	7.1
UNDER 10	1397	100.0	1193	85.4	44	3.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	160	11.5
10 - 24	6859	100.0	4464	65.1	893	13.0	885	12.9	182	2.7	82	1.2	353	5.1
25 - 49	1788	100.0	1110	62.1	108	6.0	266	14.9	202	11.3	43	2.4	59	3.3
50 - 74	255	100.0	43	16.9	54	21.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	158	62.0
75 - 99	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100 & OVER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 16.1 Distribution of households engaged in manufacturing activities by number of days worked and output per month - All Island

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.													
	TOTAL		0 - 249		250 - 499		500 - 999		1000 - 1499		1500 - 1999		2000 & OVER	
	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.
TOTAL	78866	100.0	22671	28.7	10683	13.5	10365	13.1	5945	7.5	3419	4.3	25783	32.7
UNDER 10	5640	100.0	2937	52.1	650	11.5	984	17.4	140	2.5	115	2.0	814	14.4
10 - 24	31447	100.0	11858	37.7	4779	15.2	3319	10.6	2190	7.0	1311	4.2	7990	25.4
25 - 49	26670	100.0	6386	23.9	2972	11.1	3979	14.9	2448	9.2	956	3.6	9929	37.2
50 - 74	10591	100.0	1269	12.0	2234	21.1	1237	11.7	490	4.6	772	7.3	4589	43.3
75 - 99	2633	100.0	57	2.2	48	1.8	721	27.4	389	14.8	176	6.7	1242	47.2
100 & OVER	1885	100.0	164	8.7	-	-	125	6.6	288	15.3	89	4.7	1219	64.7

TABLE 16.2 Distribution of households engaged in manufacturing activities by number of days worked and output per month - Urban Sector

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.													
	TOTAL		0 - 249		250 - 499		500 - 999		1000 - 1499		1500 - 1999		2000 & OVER	
	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.
TOTAL	15436	100.0	3055	19.8	2212	14.3	1358	8.8	2149	13.9	1222	7.9	5440	35.2
UNDER 10	500	100.0	190	38.0	24	4.8	76	15.2	16	3.2	53	10.6	141	28.2
10 - 24	6121	100.0	1285	21.0	1452	23.7	536	8.8	712	11.6	356	5.8	1780	29.1
25 - 49	5225	100.0	1450	27.8	263	5.0	477	9.1	865	16.6	290	5.6	1880	36.0
50 - 74	2396	100.0	130	5.4	473	19.7	206	8.6	242	10.1	437	18.2	908	37.9
75 - 99	652	100.0	-	-	-	-	52	8.0	242	37.1	55	8.4	303	46.5
100 & OVER	542	100.0	-	-	-	-	11	2.0	72	13.3	31	5.7	428	79.0

TABLE 16.3 Distribution of households engaged in manufacturing activities by number of days worked and output per month - Rural Sector.

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.													
	TOTAL		0 - 249		250 - 499		500 - 999		1000 - 1499		1500 - 1999		2000 & OVER	
	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.
TOTAL	63429	100.0	19616	30.9	8471	13.4	9008	14.2	3795	6.0	2195	3.5	20344	32.1
UNDER 10	5141	100.0	2747	53.4	626	12.2	908	17.7	125	2.4	62	1.2	673	13.1
10 - 24	25325	100.0	10573	41.7	3327	13.1	2782	11.0	1478	5.8	955	3.8	6210	24.5
25 - 49	21445	100.0	4936	23.0	2709	12.6	3503	16.3	1582	7.4	666	3.1	8049	37.5
50 - 74	8195	100.0	1139	13.9	1761	21.5	1032	12.6	247	3.0	334	4.1	3682	44.9
75 - 99	1980	100.0	57	2.9	48	2.4	669	33.8	147	7.4	120	6.1	939	47.4
100 & OVER	1343	100.0	164	12.2	-	-	114	8.5	216	16.1	58	4.3	791	58.9

TABLE 17.3 Distribution of households engaged in construction by number of days worked and output per month. - Rural Sector.

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.													
	TOTAL NO.	PER.	0 - 249 NO.	PER.	250 - 499 NO.	PER.	500 - 999 NO.	PER.	1000 - 1499 NO.	PER.	1500 - 1999 NO.	PER.	2000 & OVER NO.	PER.
TOTAL	9660	100.0	920	9.5	2341	24.2	3499	36.2	1732	17.9	203	2.1	965	10.0
UNDER 10	1681	100.0	446	26.5	483	28.7	687	40.9	44	2.6	-	-	21	1.2
10 - 24	6216	100.0	336	5.4	1572	25.3	2404	38.7	1447	23.3	80	1.3	377	6.1
25 - 49	1470	100.0	138	9.4	286	19.5	326	22.2	241	16.4	123	8.4	356	24.2
50 - 74	109	100.0	-	-	-	-	82	75.2	-	-	-	-	27	24.8
75 - 99	184	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	184	100.0
100 & OVER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 18.1 Distribution of households engaged in trade activity by number of days worked and output per month - All Island.

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.													
	TOTAL NO.	PER.	0 - 249 NO.	PER.	250 - 499 NO.	PER.	500 - 999 NO.	PER.	1000 - 1499 NO.	PER.	1500 - 1999 NO.	PER.	2000 & OVER NO.	PER.
TOTAL	135506	100.0	30916	22.8	21806	16.1	29177	21.5	17249	12.7	9787	7.2	26571	19.6
UNDER 10	6071	100.0	2384	39.3	1352	22.3	1080	17.8	510	8.4	136	2.2	609	10.0
10 - 24	35330	100.0	8439	23.9	5539	15.7	8101	22.9	4525	12.8	2497	7.1	6229	17.6
25 - 49	56997	100.0	14226	25.0	10280	18.0	11467	20.1	6976	12.2	3637	6.4	10411	18.3
50 - 74	30320	100.0	5159	17.0	3809	12.6	6777	22.4	4646	15.3	2880	9.5	7049	23.2
75 - 99	4915	100.0	468	9.5	481	9.8	1530	31.1	347	7.1	442	9.0	1647	33.5
100 & OVER	1873	100.0	240	12.8	345	18.4	222	11.9	245	13.1	195	10.4	626	33.4

TABLE 18.2 Distribution of households engaged in trade activity by number of days worked and output per month - Urban Sector.

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.									
	TOTAL NO. PER.	0 - 249 NO. PER.	250 - 499 NO. PER.	500 - 999 NO. PER.	1000 - 1499 NO. PER.	1500 - 1999 NO. PER.	2000 & OVER NO. PER.			
TOTAL	29519 100.0	4842 16.4	3255 11.0	5810 19.7	4436 15.0	3223 10.9	7953 26.9			
UNDER 10	900 100.0	293 32.6	183 20.3	178 19.8	116 12.9	28 3.1	102 11.3			
10 - 24	9247 100.0	1278 13.8	1076 11.6	2421 26.2	1354 14.6	1036 11.2	2082 22.5			
25 - 49	12011 100.0	2401 20.0	1268 10.6	2178 18.1	2010 16.7	1133 9.4	3021 25.2			
50 - 74	5806 100.0	711 12.2	601 10.4	773 13.3	739 12.7	758 13.1	2224 38.3			
75 - 99	1033 100.0	135 13.1	101 9.8	174 16.8	101 9.8	163 15.8	359 34.8			
100 & OVER	522 100.0	24 4.6	26 5.0	86 16.5	116 22.2	105 20.1	165 31.6			

TABLE 18.3 Distribution of households engaged in trade activity by number of days worked and output per month - Rural Sector.

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.									
	TOTAL NO. PER.	0 - 249 NO. PER.	250 - 499 NO. PER.	500 - 999 NO. PER.	1000 - 1499 NO. PER.	1500 - 1999 NO. PER.	2000 & OVER NO. PER.			
TOTAL	105987 100.0	26073 24.6	18552 17.5	23366 22.0	12813 12.1	6563 6.2	18620 17.6			
UNDER 10	5169 100.0	2090 40.4	1169 22.6	902 17.5	394 7.6	108 2.1	506 9.8			
10 - 24	26083 100.0	7161 27.5	4463 17.1	5679 21.8	3171 12.2	1461 5.6	4148 15.9			
25 - 49	44987 100.0	11825 26.3	9013 20.0	9289 20.6	4966 11.0	2503 5.6	7391 16.4			
50 - 74	24514 100.0	4448 18.1	3208 13.1	6004 24.5	3907 15.9	2122 8.7	4825 19.7			
75 - 99	3882 100.0	333 8.6	380 9.8	1356 34.9	246 6.3	279 7.2	1288 33.2			
100 & OVER	1352 100.0	216 16.0	319 23.6	136 10.1	129 9.5	90 6.7	462 34.2			

TABLE 19.1 Distribution of households engaged in transport activity by number of days worked and output per month. - All Island.

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.													
	TOTAL		0 - 249		250 - 499		500 - 999		1000 - 1499		1500 - 1999		2000 & OVER	
	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.
TOTAL	13594	100.0	2547	18.7	1767	13.0	2591	19.1	990	7.3	652	4.8	5047	37.1
UNDER 10	4079	100.0	1622	39.8	766	18.8	917	22.5	135	3.3	14	.3	625	15.3
10 - 24	6686	100.0	894	13.4	876	13.1	1446	21.6	462	6.9	394	5.9	2614	39.1
25 - 49	2727	100.0	31	1.1	125	4.6	228	8.4	372	13.6	207	7.6	1764	64.7
50 - 74	64	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	32.8	17	26.6	26	40.6
75 - 99	38	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	52.6	18	47.4
100 & OVER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 19.2 Distribution of households engaged in transport activity by number of days worked and output per month. - Urban Sector.

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.													
	TOTAL		0 - 249		250 - 499		500 - 999		1000 - 1499		1500 - 1999		2000 & OVER	
	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.
TOTAL	2902	100.0	61	2.1	309	10.6	491	16.9	358	12.3	207	7.1	1476	50.9
UNDER 10	383	100.0	17	4.4	120	31.3	102	26.6	51	13.3	14	3.7	79	20.6
10 - 24	1404	100.0	44	3.1	171	12.2	374	26.6	43	3.1	86	6.1	686	48.9
25 - 49	1078	100.0	-	-	18	1.7	15	1.4	264	24.5	70	6.5	711	66.0
50 - 74	17	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	100.0	-	-
75 - 99	20	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	100.0	-	-
100 & OVER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 19.3 Distribution of households engaged in transport activity by number of days worked and output per month. - Rural Sector.

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.													
	TOTAL NO.	PER.	0 - 249 NO.	PER.	250 - 499 NO.	PER.	500 - 999 NO.	PER.	1000 - 1499 NO.	PER.	1500 - 1999 NO.	PER.	2000 & OVER NO.	PER.
TOTAL	10695	100.0	2486	23.2	1458	13.6	2100	19.6	632	5.9	446	4.2	3573	33.4
UNDER 10	3696	100.0	1605	43.4	646	17.5	815	22.1	84	2.3	-	-	546	14.8
10 - 24	5283	100.0	850	16.1	705	13.3	1072	20.3	419	7.9	308	5.8	1929	36.5
25 - 49	1651	100.0	31	1.9	107	6.5	213	12.9	108	6.5	138	8.4	1054	63.8
50 - 74	47	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	44.7	-	-	26	55.3
75 - 99	18	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	100.0
100 & OVER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 20.1 Distribution of households engaged in keeping of guest houses, inns etc. by number of days worked and output per month - All Island.

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.													
	TOTAL NO.	PER.	0 - 249 NO.	PER.	250 - 499 NO.	PER.	500 - 999 NO.	PER.	1000 - 1499 NO.	PER.	1500 - 1999 NO.	PER.	2000 & OVER NO.	PER.
TOTAL	9985	100.0	268	2.7	889	8.9	1916	19.2	841	8.4	905	9.1	5166	51.7
UNDER 10	298	100.0	77	25.8	24	8.1	-	-	36	12.1	161	54.0	-	-
10 - 24	912	100.0	23	2.5	23	2.5	163	17.9	164	18.0	143	15.7	396	43.4
25 - 49	4680	100.0	146	3.1	711	15.2	1232	26.3	500	10.7	300	6.4	1791	38.3
50 - 74	2731	100.0	22	.8	131	4.8	373	13.7	59	2.2	285	10.4	1861	68.1
75 - 99	921	100.0	-	-	-	-	148	16.1	82	8.9	16	1.7	675	73.3
100 & OVER	443	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	443	100.0

TABLE 20.2 Distribution of households engaged in keeping of guest houses, inns etc. by number of days worked and output per month. - Urban

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.													
	TOTAL NO.	PER.	0 - 249 NO.	PER.	250 - 499 NO.	PER.	500 - 999 NO.	PER.	1000 - 1499 NO.	PER.	1500 - 1999 NO.	PER.	2000 & OVER NO.	PER.
TOTAL	1986	100.0	95	4.8	44	2.2	197	9.9	158	8.0	198	10.0	1294	65.2
UNDER 10	30	100.0	30	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 - 24	235	100.0	23	9.8	-	-	14	6.0	66	28.1	15	6.4	117	49.8
25 - 49	724	100.0	42	5.8	44	6.1	99	13.7	83	11.5	111	15.3	345	47.7
50 - 74	603	100.0	-	-	-	-	45	7.5	6	1.0	56	9.3	496	82.3
75 - 99	295	100.0	-	-	-	-	39	13.2	3	1.0	16	5.4	237	80.3
100 & OVER	99	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99	100.0

TABLE 20.3 Distribution of households engaged in keeping of guest houses, inns etc. by number of days worked and output per month. - Rural Sector.

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.													
	TOTAL NO.	PER.	0 - 249 NO.	PER.	250 - 499 NO.	PER.	500 - 999 NO.	PER.	1000 - 1499 NO.	PER.	1500 - 1999 NO.	PER.	2000 & OVER NO.	PER.
TOTAL	8001	100.0	173	2.2	844	10.5	1720	21.5	684	8.5	707	8.8	3873	48.4
UNDER 10	268	100.0	47	17.5	24	9.0	-	-	36	13.4	161	60.1	-	-
10 - 24	678	100.0	-	-	23	3.4	149	22.0	99	14.6	128	18.9	279	41.2
25 - 49	3955	100.0	104	2.6	666	16.8	1133	28.6	417	10.5	189	4.8	1446	36.6
50 - 74	2129	100.0	22	1.0	131	6.2	329	15.5	53	2.5	229	10.8	1365	64.1
75 - 99	626	100.0	-	-	-	-	109	17.4	79	12.6	-	-	438	70.0
100 & OVER	345	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	345	100.0

TABLE 21.1 Distribution of households engaged in services activities by number of days worked and output per month. - All Island.

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.													
	TOTAL NO.	PER.	0 - 249 NO.	PER.	250 - 499 NO.	PER.	500 - 999 NO.	PER.	1000 - 1499 NO.	PER.	1500 - 1999 NO.	PER.	2000 & OVER NO.	PER.
TOTAL	78427	100.0	17356	22.1	15886	20.3	22161	28.3	7262	9.3	5450	6.9	10312	13.1
UNDER 10	13372	100.0	7771	58.1	2980	22.3	1501	11.2	218	1.6	126	.9	776	5.8
10 - 24	34991	100.0	7212	20.6	7991	22.8	10347	29.6	3189	9.1	1670	4.8	4582	13.1
25 - 49	24389	100.0	1880	7.7	4137	17.0	8736	35.8	3237	13.3	3034	12.4	3365	13.8
50 - 74	4612	100.0	394	8.5	680	14.7	1443	31.3	426	9.2	394	8.5	1275	27.6
75 - 99	786	100.0	99	12.6	23	2.9	134	17.0	133	16.9	178	22.6	219	27.9
100 & OVER	277	100.0	-	-	75	27.1	-	-	59	21.3	48	17.3	95	34.3

TABLE 21.2 Distribution of households engaged in services activities by number of days worked and output per month. - Urban Sector.

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.													
	TOTAL NO.	PER.	0 - 249 NO.	PER.	250 - 499 NO.	PER.	500 - 999 NO.	PER.	1000 - 1499 NO.	PER.	1500 - 1999 NO.	PER.	2000 & OVER NO.	PER.
TOTAL	19431	100.0	2912	15.0	2626	13.5	4831	24.9	2638	13.6	1962	10.1	4462	23.0
UNDER 10	2436	100.0	1187	48.7	566	23.2	285	11.7	91	3.7	29	1.2	278	11.4
10 - 24	7996	100.0	1461	18.3	1187	14.8	2155	27.0	846	10.6	494	6.2	1853	23.2
25 - 49	6935	100.0	208	3.0	865	12.5	1874	27.0	1367	19.7	1045	15.1	1576	22.7
50 - 74	1557	100.0	16	1.0	8	.5	471	30.3	265	17.0	188	12.1	609	39.1
75 - 99	416	100.0	40	9.6	-	-	46	11.1	69	16.6	158	38.0	103	24.8
100 & OVER	91	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	52.7	43	47.3

TABLE 21.3 Distribution of households engaged in services activities by number of days worked and output per month. - Rural Sector.

NUMBER OF DAYS WORKED BY HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS	OUTPUT RS.													
	TOTAL		0 - 249		250 - 499		500 - 999		1000 - 1499		1500 - 1999		2000 & OVER	
	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.	NO.	PER.
TOTAL	58996	100.0	14444	24.5	13260	22.5	17330	29.4	4625	7.8	3488	5.9	5849	9.9
UNDER 10	10936	100.0	6584	60.2	2414	22.1	1216	11.1	127	1.2	97	.9	498	4.6
10 - 24	26996	100.0	5751	21.3	6805	25.2	8192	30.3	2343	8.7	1176	4.4	2729	10.1
25 - 49	17453	100.0	1672	9.6	3272	18.7	6862	39.3	1870	10.7	1989	11.4	1788	10.2
50 - 74	3055	100.0	378	12.4	671	22.0	972	31.8	162	5.3	206	6.7	666	21.8
75 - 99	370	100.0	59	15.9	23	6.2	88	23.8	64	17.3	20	5.4	116	31.4
100 & OVER	186	100.0	-	-	75	40.3	-	-	59	31.7	-	-	52	28.0

TABLE 22.2 Distribution of self employed farmers engaged in seasonal agricultural activities by level of education and by output groups per two cultivation season - Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION							
	TOTAL		NO SCHOOLING		GRADE 1 - 4		GRADE 5 - 7	
	NO.	%	NO.	%	NO.	%	NO.	%
TOTAL . . .	30,528	100.0	968	3.2	7,026	23.0	6,851	22.4
0 - 499 . . .	12,946	100.0	172	1.3	2,891	22.3	2,623	20.3
500 - 999 . . .	1,541	100.0	84	5.5	148	9.6	316	20.5
1000 - 1499 . . .	1,105	100.0	15	1.4	291	26.3	312	28.2
1500 - 1999 . . .	1,930	100.0	50	2.6	705	36.5	451	23.4
2000 - 2499 . . .	1,149	100.0	160	13.9	187	16.3	307	26.7
2500 - 2999 . . .	800	100.0	111	13.9	242	30.3	132	16.5
3000 - 3999 . . .	1,012	100.0	4	.4	280	27.7	185	18.3
4000 - 4999 . . .	1,555	100.0	9	.6	223	14.3	296	19.0
5000 - 7499 . . .	1,395	100.0	28	2.0	214	15.3	409	29.3
7500 - 9999 . . .	1,315	100.0	28	2.1	368	28.0	561	42.7
10000 & OVER . . .	5,780	100.0	307	5.3	1,477	25.6	1,259	21.8
NOT CLASSIFIED . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 22.2 Distribution of self employed farmers engaged in seasonal agricultural activities by level of education and by output groups per two cultivation season - Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION									
	GRADE 8 OR 9		GCE(O/L)/NCGE		GCE(A/L)/HNCE		DEGREE		POST GRAD/DIPLOMA	
	NO.	%	NO.	%	NO.	%	NO.	%	NO.	%
TOTAL . . .	6,693	21.9	6,487	21.2	2,014	6.6	374	1.2	115	.4
0 - 499 . . .	2,998	23.2	3,184	24.6	868	6.7	137	1.1	73	.6
500 - 999 . . .	422	27.4	333	21.6	200	13.0	35	2.3	3	.2
1000 - 1499 . . .	347	31.4	109	9.9	31	2.8	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	321	16.6	223	11.6	126	6.5	54	2.8	-	-
2000 - 2499 . . .	241	21.0	157	13.7	71	6.2	12	1.0	14	1.2
2500 - 2999 . . .	227	28.4	71	8.9	17	2.1	-	-	-	-
3000 - 3999 . . .	208	20.6	324	32.0	-	-	11	1.1	-	-
4000 - 4999 . . .	551	35.4	409	26.3	57	3.7	10	.6	-	-
5000 - 7499 . . .	336	24.1	300	21.5	91	6.5	12	.9	5	.4
7500 - 9999 . . .	88	6.7	201	15.3	56	4.3	10	.8	3	.2
10000 & OVER . . .	954	16.5	1,176	20.3	497	8.6	93	1.6	17	.3
NOT CLASSIFIED . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 23.1 Distribution of male self employed farmers engaged in seasonal agricultural activities by level of education and by output groups per two cultivation season - Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION							
	TOTAL		NO SCHOOLING		GRADE 1 - 4		GRADE 5 - 7	
	NO.	%	NO.	%	NO.	%	NO.	%
TOTAL . . .	26,975	100.0	541	2.0	6,220	23.1	6,205	23.0
0 - 499 . . .	11,507	100.0	74	.6	2,472	21.5	2,366	20.6
500 - 999 . . .	1,371	100.0	48	3.5	148	10.8	265	19.3
1000 - 1499 . . .	907	100.0	8	.9	291	32.1	294	32.4
1500 - 1999 . . .	1,589	100.0	30	1.9	618	38.9	390	24.5
2000 - 2499 . . .	975	100.0	81	8.3	174	17.8	299	30.7
2500 - 2999 . . .	651	100.0	39	6.0	181	27.8	124	19.0
3000 - 3999 . . .	810	100.0	4	.5	169	20.9	149	18.4
4000 - 4999 . . .	1,372	100.0	-	-	207	15.1	246	17.9
5000 - 7499 . . .	1,215	100.0	16	1.3	188	15.5	383	31.5
7500 - 9999 . . .	1,211	100.0	-	-	339	28.0	535	44.2
10000 & OVER . . .	5,367	100.0	241	4.5	1,433	26.7	1,154	21.5
NOT CLASSIFIED . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 23.1 Distribution of male self employed farmers engaged in seasonal agricultural activities by level of education and by output groups per two cultivation season - Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION									
	GRADE 8 OR 9		GCE(O/L)/NCGE		GCE(A/L)/HNCE		DEGREE		POST GRAD/DIPLOMA	
	NO.	%	NO.	%	NO.	%	NO.	%	NO.	%
TOTAL . . .	5,672	21.0	5,896	21.9	1,964	7.3	362	1.3	115	.4
0 - 499 . . .	2,754	23.9	2,792	24.3	839	7.3	137	1.2	73	.6
500 - 999 . . .	379	27.6	314	22.9	179	13.1	35	2.6	8	.2
1000 - 1499 . . .	178	19.6	105	11.6	31	3.4	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	227	14.3	144	9.1	126	7.9	54	3.4	-	-
2000 - 2499 . . .	197	20.2	127	13.0	71	7.3	12	1.2	14	1.4
2500 - 2999 . . .	219	33.6	71	10.9	17	2.6	-	-	-	-
3000 - 3999 . . .	176	21.7	301	37.2	-	-	11	1.4	-	-
4000 - 4999 . . .	443	32.3	409	29.8	57	4.2	10	.7	-	-
5000 - 7499 . . .	257	21.2	275	22.6	91	7.5	-	-	5	.4
7500 - 9999 . . .	81	6.7	187	15.4	56	4.6	10	.8	3	.2
10000 & OVER . . .	761	14.2	1,171	21.8	497	9.3	93	1.7	17	.3
NOT CLASSIFIED . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 24.1 Distribution of female self employed farmers engaged in seasonal agricultural activities by level of education and by output groups per two cultivation seasons. - Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION							
	TOTAL		NO SCHOOLING		GRADE 1 - 4		GRADE 5 - 7	
	NO.	%	NO.	%	NO.	%	NO.	%
TOTAL . . .	3,553	100.0	427	12.0	806	22.7	646	18.2
0 - 499 . . .	1,439	100.0	98	6.8	419	29.1	257	17.9
500 - 999 . . .	170	100.0	36	21.2	-	-	51	30.0
1000 - 1499 . . .	198	100.0	7	3.5	-	-	18	9.1
1500 - 1999 . . .	341	100.0	20	5.9	87	25.5	61	17.9
2000 - 2499 . . .	174	100.0	79	45.4	13	7.5	8	4.6
2500 - 2999 . . .	149	100.0	72	48.3	61	40.9	8	5.4
3000 - 3999 . . .	202	100.0	-	-	111	55.0	36	17.8
4000 - 4999 . . .	183	100.0	9	4.9	16	8.7	50	27.3
5000 - 7499 . . .	180	100.0	12	6.7	26	14.4	26	14.4
7500 - 9999 . . .	104	100.0	28	26.9	29	27.9	26	25.0
10000 & OVER . . .	413	100.0	66	16.0	44	10.7	105	25.4
NOT CLASSIFIED . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 24.1 Distribution of female self employed farmers engaged in seasonal agricultural activities by level of education and by output groups per two cultivation seasons. - Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION									
	GRADE 8 OR 9		GCE(O/L)/NCGE		GCE(A/L)/HNCE		DEGREE		POST GRAD/DIPLOMA	
	NO.	%	NO.	%	NO.	%	NO.	%	NO.	%
TOTAL . . .	1,021	28.7	591	16.6	50	1.4	12	.3	-	-
0 - 499 . . .	244	17.0	392	27.2	29	2.0	-	-	-	-
500 - 999 . . .	43	25.3	19	11.2	21	12.4	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	169	85.4	4	2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	94	27.6	79	23.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 - 2499 . . .	44	25.3	30	17.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
2500 - 2999 . . .	8	5.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3000 - 3999 . . .	32	15.8	23	11.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
4000 - 6999 . . .	108	59.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5000 - 7499 . . .	79	43.9	25	13.9	-	-	12	6.7	-	-
7500 - 9999 . . .	7	6.7	14	13.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
10000 & OVER . . .	193	46.7	5	1.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
NOT CLASSIFIED . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 25.1 Distribution of self employed farmers engaged in non-seasonal agricultural activities by level of education and by output groups per month. (All Island)

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION							
	TOTAL		NO SCHOOLING		GRADE 1 - 4		GRADE 5 - 7	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	786,207	100.0	71,859	9.1	245,053	31.2	214,440	27.3
0 - 249. . .	557,960	100.0	53,646	9.6	176,718	31.7	152,817	27.4
250 - 499. . .	88,133	100.0	9,053	10.3	27,002	30.6	22,831	25.9
500 - 999 . . .	61,860	100.0	3,101	5.0	18,106	29.3	18,699	30.2
1000 - 1499 . . .	27,665	100.0	2,633	9.5	8,950	32.4	7,212	26.1
1500 - 1999 . . .	13,126	100.0	575	4.4	3,588	27.3	3,952	30.1
2000 & OVER . . .	37,463	100.0	2,851	7.6	10,689	28.5	8,929	23.8

TABLE 25.1 Distribution of self employed farmers engaged in non-seasonal agricultural activities by level of education and by output groups per month. (All Island)

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION									
	GRADE 8 OR 9		GCE(D/L)/NCGE		GCE(A/L)/HNCE		DEGREE		POST GRAD/DIPLOMA	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	130,424	16.6	105,950	13.5	12,700	1.6	4,545	.6	1,236	.2
0 - 249. . .	90,084	16.1	71,419	12.8	9,156	1.6	3,157	.6	963	.2
250 - 499. . .	15,222	17.3	12,201	13.8	1,128	1.3	572	.6	124	.1
500 - 999 . . .	11,303	18.3	9,237	14.9	867	1.4	509	.8	38	.1
1000 - 1499 . . .	5,466	19.8	2,833	10.2	394	1.4	177	.6	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	2,443	18.6	2,439	18.6	112	.9	-	-	17	.1
2000 & OVER . . .	5,906	15.8	7,821	20.9	1,043	2.8	130	.3	94	.3

TABLE 25.2 Distribution of self employed farmers engaged in non-seasonal agricultural activities by level of education and by output groups per month. - Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION							
	TOTAL		NO SCHOOLING		GRADE 1 - 4		GRADE 5 - 7	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	29,171	100.0	995	3.4	4,864	16.7	7,173	24.6
0 - 249. . .	22,166	100.0	556	2.5	3,812	17.2	5,559	25.1
250 - 499. . .	2,654	100.0	303	11.4	525	19.8	423	15.9
500 - 999 . . .	2,019	100.0	26	1.3	328	16.2	618	30.6
1000 - 1499 . . .	954	100.0	19	2.0	30	3.1	285	29.9
1500 - 1999 . . .	310	100.0	10	3.2	107	34.5	113	36.5
2000 & OVER . . .	1,068	100.0	81	7.6	62	5.8	175	16.4

TABLE 25.2 Distribution of self employed farmers engaged in non-seasonal agricultural activities by level of education and by output groups per month. - Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION									
	GRADE 8 OR 9		GCE(O/L)/NCGE		GCE(A/L)/HNCE		DEGREE		POST GRAD/DIPLOMA	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	5,760	19.7	7,064	24.2	1,916	6.6	1,077	3.7	322	1.1
0 - 249. . .	4,178	18.8	5,618	25.3	1,407	6.3	839	3.8	197	.9
250 - 499. . .	487	18.3	686	25.8	173	6.5	50	1.9	7	.3
500 - 999 . . .	353	17.5	510	25.3	119	5.9	41	2.0	24	1.2
1000 - 1499 . . .	292	30.6	82	8.6	130	13.6	116	12.2	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	60	19.4	20	6.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 & OVER . . .	390	36.5	148	13.9	87	8.1	31	2.9	94	8.8

TABLE 25.3 Distribution of self employed farmers engaged in non-seasonal agricultural activities by level of education and by output groups per month. - Rural Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION							
	TOTAL		NO SCHOOLING		GRADE 1 - 4		GRADE 5 - 7	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	757,036	100.0	70,864	9.4	240,189	31.7	207,267	27.4
0 - 249. . .	535,794	100.0	53,090	9.9	172,906	32.3	147,258	27.5
250 - 499. . .	85,479	100.0	8,750	10.2	26,477	31.0	22,408	26.2
500 - 999 . . .	59,841	100.0	3,075	5.1	17,778	29.7	18,081	30.2
1000 - 1499 . . .	26,711	100.0	2,614	9.8	8,920	33.4	6,927	25.9
1500 - 1999 . . .	12,816	100.0	565	4.4	3,481	27.2	3,839	30.0
2000 & OVER . . .	36,395	100.0	2,770	7.6	10,627	29.2	8,754	24.1

TABLE 25.3 Distribution of self employed farmers engaged in non-seasonal agricultural activities by level of education and by output groups per month. - Rural Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION									
	GRADE 8 OR 9		GCE(O/L)/NCGE		GCE(A/L)/HNCE		DEGREE		POST GRAD/DIPLOMA	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	124,664	16.5	98,886	13.1	10,784	1.4	3,468	.5	914	.1
0 - 249. . .	85,906	16.0	65,801	12.3	7,749	1.4	2,318	.4	766	.1
250 - 499. . .	14,735	17.2	11,515	13.5	955	1.1	522	.6	117	.1
500 - 999 . . .	10,950	18.3	8,727	14.6	748	1.2	468	.8	14	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	5,174	19.4	2,751	10.3	264	1.0	61	.2	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	2,383	18.6	2,419	18.9	112	.9	-	-	17	.1
2000 & OVER . . .	5,516	15.2	7,673	21.1	956	2.6	99	.3	-	-

TABLE 26.1 Distribution of male self employed farmers engaged in non-seasonal agricultural activities by level of education and by output groups per month. - Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION							
	TOTAL		NO SCHOOLING		GRADE 1 - 4		GRADE 5 - 7	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	21,172	100.0	265	1.3	3,359	15.9	5,072	24.0
0 - 249 . . .	16,186	100.0	169	1.0	2,590	16.0	3,855	23.8
250 - 499 . . .	1,741	100.0	48	2.8	354	20.3	332	19.1
500 - 999 . . .	1,430	100.0	-	-	231	16.2	442	30.9
1000 - 1499 . . .	857	100.0	-	-	30	3.5	244	28.5
1500 - 1999 . . .	246	100.0	-	-	107	43.5	76	30.9
2000 & OVER . . .	712	100.0	48	6.7	47	6.6	123	17.3

TABLE 26.1 Distribution of male self employed farmers engaged in non-seasonal agricultural activities by level of education and by output groups per month. - Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION									
	GRADE 8 OR 9		GCE(O/L)/NCGE		GCE(A/L)/HNCE		DEGREE		POST GRAD/DIPLOMA	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	4,135	19.5	5,463	25.8	1,538	7.3	1,065	5.0	275	1.3
0 - 249 . . .	3,033	18.7	4,440	27.4	1,110	6.9	839	5.2	150	.9
250 - 499 . . .	274	15.7	556	31.9	132	7.6	38	2.2	7	.4
500 - 999 . . .	258	18.0	315	22.0	119	8.3	41	2.9	24	1.7
1000 - 1499 . . .	261	30.5	76	8.9	130	15.2	116	13.5	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	43	17.5	20	8.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 & OVER . . .	266	37.4	56	7.9	47	6.6	31	4.4	94	13.2

TABLE 26.2 Distribution of male self employed farmers engaged in non-seasonal agricultural activities by level of education and by output groups per month. - Rural Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION							
	TOTAL		NO SCHOOLING		GRADE 1 - 4		GRADE 5 - 7	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	622,607	100.0	41,261	6.6	205,385	33.0	178,195	28.6
0 - 249. . .	439,148	100.0	29,906	6.8	147,973	33.7	127,532	29.0
250 - 499. . .	71,031	100.0	5,474	7.7	22,390	31.5	18,876	26.6
500 - 999 . . .	49,984	100.0	1,941	3.9	15,588	31.2	15,079	30.2
1000 - 1499 . . .	21,043	100.0	1,745	8.3	7,297	34.7	5,833	27.7
1500 - 1999 . . .	8,807	100.0	282	3.2	2,333	26.5	2,955	33.6
2000 & OVER . . .	32,594	100.0	1,913	5.9	9,804	30.1	7,920	24.3

TABLE 26.2 Distribution of male self employed farmers engaged in non-seasonal agricultural activities by level of education and by output groups per month. - Rural Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION									
	GRADE 8 OR 9		GCE(O/L)/NCGE		GCE(A/L)/HNCE		DEGREE		POST GRAD/DIPLOMA	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	103,157	16.6	81,377	13.1	9,366	1.5	2,952	.5	914	.1
0 - 249. . .	70,190	16.0	54,338	12.4	6,489	1.5	1,954	.4	766	.2
250 - 499. . .	13,050	18.4	9,795	13.8	898	1.3	431	.6	117	.2
500 - 999 . . .	9,089	18.2	7,110	14.2	695	1.4	468	.9	14	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	3,923	18.6	1,981	9.4	264	1.3	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	2,055	23.3	1,053	12.0	112	1.3	-	-	17	.2
2000 & OVER . . .	4,850	14.9	7,100	21.8	908	2.8	99	.3	-	-

TABLE 27.1 Distribution of female self employed farmers engaged in non-seasonal agricultural activities by level of education and by output group per month. - Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION							
	TOTAL		NO SCHOOLING		GRADE 1 - 4		GRADE 5 - 7	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	7,999	100.0	730	9.1	1,505	18.8	2,101	26.3
0 - 249 . . .	5,980	100.0	387	6.5	1,222	20.4	1,704	28.5
250 - 499 . . .	913	100.0	255	27.9	171	18.7	91	10.0
500 - 999 . . .	589	100.0	26	4.4	97	16.5	176	29.9
1000 - 1499 . . .	97	100.0	19	19.6	-	-	41	42.3
1500 - 1999 . . .	64	100.0	10	15.6	-	-	37	57.8
2000 & OVER . . .	356	100.0	33	9.3	15	4.2	52	14.6

TABLE 27.1 Distribution of female self employed farmers engaged in non-seasonal agricultural activities by level of education and by output group per month. - Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION									
	GRADE 8 OR 9		GCE(O/L)/NCGE		GCE(A/L)/HNCE		DEGREE		POST GRAD/DIPLOMA	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	1,625	20.3	1,601	20.0	378	4.7	12	.2	47	.6
0 - 249 . . .	1,145	19.1	1,178	19.7	297	5.0	-	-	47	.8
250 - 499 . . .	213	23.3	130	14.2	41	4.5	12	1.3	-	-
500 - 999 . . .	95	16.1	195	33.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	31	32.0	6	6.2	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	17	26.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 & OVER . . .	124	34.8	92	25.8	40	11.2	-	-	-	-

TABLE 27.2 Distribution of female self employed farmers engagedd in non-seasonal agricultural activities by level of education and by output group per month. - Rural Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	L E V E L O F E D U C A T I O N							
	T O T A L		N O S C H O O L I N G		G R A D E 1 - 4		G R A D E 5 - 7	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
T O T A L . . .	134,429	100.0	29,603	22.0	34,804	25.9	29,072	21.6
0 - 249. . .	96,646	100.0	23,184	24.0	24,933	25.8	19,726	20.4
250 - 499. . .	14,448	100.0	3,276	22.7	4,087	28.3	3,532	24.4
500 - 999 . . .	9,857	100.0	1,134	11.5	2,190	22.2	3,002	30.5
1000 - 1499 . . .	5,668	100.0	869	15.3	1,623	28.6	1,094	19.3
1500 - 1999 . . .	4,009	100.0	283	7.1	1,148	28.6	884	22.1
2000 & OVER . . .	3,801	100.0	857	22.5	823	21.7	834	21.9

TABLE 27.2 Distribution of female self employed farmers engagedd in non-seasonal agricultural activities by level of education and by output group per month. - Rural Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	L E V E L O F E D U C A T I O N									
	G R A D E 8 O R 9		G C E (O / L) / N C G E		G C E (A / L) / H N C E		D E G R E E		P O S T G R A D / D I P L O M A	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
T O T A L . . .	21,507	16.0	17,509	13.0	1,418	1.1	516	.4	-	-
0 - 249. . .	15,716	16.3	11,463	11.9	1,260	1.3	364	.4	-	-
250 - 499. . .	1,685	11.7	1,720	11.9	57	.4	91	.6	-	-
500 - 999 . . .	1,861	18.9	1,617	16.4	53	.5	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	1,251	22.1	770	13.6	-	-	61	1.1	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	328	8.2	1,366	34.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 & OVER . . .	666	17.5	573	15.1	48	1.3	-	-	-	-

TABLE 28.1 Distribution of self employed farmers engaged in livestock farming by level of education and by output groups per month. (All Island)

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION							
	TOTAL		NO SCHOOLING		GRADE 1 - 4		GRADE 5 - 7	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	298,858	100.0	27,540	9.2	92,664	31.0	86,960	29.1
0 - 249 . . .	286,644	100.0	26,898	9.4	88,356	30.8	83,225	29.0
250 - 499 . . .	7,871	100.0	447	5.7	2,976	37.8	2,539	32.3
500 - 999 . . .	1,829	100.0	165	9.0	355	19.4	659	36.0
1000 - 1499 . . .	189	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	1,068	100.0	-	-	177	16.6	368	34.5
2000 & OVER . . .	1,257	100.0	30	2.4	800	63.6	169	13.4

TABLE 28.1 Distribution of self employed farmers engaged in livestock farming by level of education and by output groups per month. (All Island)

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION									
	GRADE 8 OR 9		GCE(O/L)/NCGE		GCE(A/L)/HNCE		DEGREE		POST GRAD/DIPLOMA	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	49,682	16.6	35,542	11.9	4,738	1.6	1,493	.5	239	.1
0 - 249 . . .	48,017	16.8	34,148	11.9	4,294	1.5	1,467	.5	239	.1
250 - 499 . . .	642	8.2	1,088	13.8	153	1.9	26	.3	-	-
500 - 999 . . .	276	15.1	146	8.0	228	12.5	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	189	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	368	34.5	155	14.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 & OVER . . .	190	15.1	5	.4	63	5.0	-	-	-	-

TABLE 28.2 Distribution of self employed farmers engaged in livestock farming by level of education and by output groups per month. - Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION							
	TOTAL		NO SCHOOLING		GRADE 1 - 4		GRADE 5 - 7	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	13,884	100.0	630	4.5	2,479	17.9	3,266	23.5
0 - 249 . . .	12,908	100.0	599	4.6	2,237	17.3	3,108	24.1
250 - 499 . . .	694	100.0	17	2.4	148	21.3	144	20.7
500 - 999 . . .	124	100.0	14	11.3	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	108	100.0	-	-	94	87.0	14	13.0
2000 & OVER . . .	50	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 28.2 Distribution of self employed farmers engaged in livestock farming by level of education and by output groups per month. - Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION									
	GRADE 8 OR 9		GCE(O/L)/NCGE		GCE(A/L)/HNCE		DEGREE		POST GRAD/DIPLOMA	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	2,793	20.1	3,288	23.7	976	7.0	435	3.1	17	.1
0 - 249 . . .	2,693	20.9	2,898	22.5	947	7.3	409	3.2	17	.1
250 - 499 . . .	35	5.0	324	46.7	-	-	26	3.7	-	-
500 - 999 . . .	37	29.8	61	49.2	12	9.7	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 & OVER . . .	28	56.0	5	10.0	17	34.0	-	-	-	-

TABLE 28.3 Distribution of self employed farmers engaged in livestock farming by level of education and by output groups per month. - Rural Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION							
	TOTAL		NO SCHOOLING		GRADE 1 - 4		GRADE 5 - 7	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	284,974	100.0	26,910	9.4	90,185	31.6	83,694	29.4
0 - 249 . . .	273,736	100.0	26,299	9.6	86,119	31.5	80,117	29.3
250 - 499 . . .	7,177	100.0	430	6.0	2,828	39.4	2,395	33.4
500 - 999 . . .	1,705	100.0	151	8.9	355	20.8	659	38.7
1000 - 1499 . . .	189	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	960	100.0	-	-	83	8.6	354	36.9
2000 & OVER . . .	1,207	100.0	30	2.5	800	66.3	169	14.0

TABLE 28.3 Distribution of self employed farmers engaged in livestock farming by level of education and by output groups per month. - Rural Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION									
	GRADE 8 OR 9		GCE(D/L)/NCGE		GCE(A/L)/HNCE		DEGREE		POST GRAD/DIPLOMA	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	46,889	16.5	32,254	11.3	3,762	1.3	1,058	.4	222	.1
0 - 249 . . .	45,324	16.6	31,250	11.4	3,347	1.2	1,058	.4	222	.1
250 - 499 . . .	607	8.5	764	10.6	153	2.1	-	-	-	-
500 - 999 . . .	239	14.0	85	5.0	216	12.7	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	189	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	368	38.3	155	16.1	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 & OVER . . .	162	13.4	-	-	46	3.8	-	-	-	-

TABLE 29.1 Distribution of male self employed farmers engaged in livestock farming by level of education and by output groups per month.
- Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION							
	TOTAL		NO SCHOOLING		GRADE 1 - 4		GRADE 5 - 7	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	7,588	100.0	233	3.1	1,159	15.3	1,942	25.6
0 - 249. . .	6,793	100.0	216	3.2	941	13.9	1,798	26.5
250 - 499. . .	549	100.0	17	3.1	124	22.6	144	26.2
500 - 999 . . .	102	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	94	100.0	-	-	94	100.0	-	-
2000 & OVER . . .	50	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 29.1 Distribution of male self employed farmers engaged in livestock farming by level of education and by output groups per month.
- Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION									
	GRADE 8 OR 9		GCE(O/L)/NCGE		GCE(A/L)/HNCE		DEGREE		POST GRAD/DIPLOMA	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	1,439	19.0	1,817	23.9	562	7.4	419	5.5	17	.2
0 - 249. . .	1,347	19.8	1,548	22.8	533	7.8	393	5.8	17	.3
250 - 499. . .	35	6.4	203	37.0	-	-	26	4.7	-	-
500 - 999 . . .	29	28.4	61	59.8	12	11.8	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 & OVER . . .	28	56.0	5	10.0	17	34.0	-	-	-	-

TABLE 29.2 Distribution of male self employed farmers engaged in livestock farming by level of education and by output groups per month.
- Rural Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION							
	TOTAL		NO SCHOOLING		GRADE 1 - 4		GRADE 5 - 7	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	212,977	100.0	15,215	7.1	71,442	33.5	65,228	30.6
0 - 249. . .	204,863	100.0	14,854	7.3	68,422	33.4	62,871	30.7
250 - 499. . .	4,747	100.0	246	5.2	1,844	38.8	1,483	31.2
500 - 999 . . .	1,464	100.0	115	7.9	339	23.2	556	38.0
1000 - 1499 . . .	189	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	662	100.0	-	-	83	12.5	228	34.4
2000 & OVER . . .	1,052	100.0	-	-	754	71.7	90	8.6

TABLE 29.2 Distribution of male self employed farmers engaged in livestock farming by level of education and by output groups per month.
- Rural Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION									
	GRADE 8 OR 9		GCE(O/L)/NCGE		GCE(A/L)/HNCE		DEGREE		POST GRAD/DIPLOMA	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	35,171	16.5	22,627	10.6	2,253	1.1	819	.4	222	.1
0 - 249. . .	33,989	16.6	21,695	10.6	1,991	1.0	819	.4	222	.1
250 - 499. . .	446	9.4	728	15.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
500 - 999 . . .	189	12.9	49	3.3	216	14.8	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	189	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	196	29.6	155	23.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 & OVER . . .	162	15.4	-	-	46	4.4	-	-	-	-

TABLE 30.1 Distribution of female self employed farmers engaged in livestock farming by level of education and by output groups per month - Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION							
	TOTAL		NO SCHOOLING		GRADE 1 - 4		GRADE 5 - 7	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	6,296	100.0	397	6.3	1,320	21.0	1,324	21.0
0 - 249. . .	6,115	100.0	383	6.3	1,296	21.2	1,310	21.4
250 - 499. . .	145	100.0	-	-	24	16.6	-	-
500 - 999 . . .	22	100.0	14	63.6	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	14	100.0	-	-	-	-	14	100.0
2000 & OVER . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 30.1 Distribution of female self employed farmers engaged in livestock farming by level of education and by output groups per month - Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION									
	GRADE 8 OR 9		GCE(O/L)/NCGE		GCE(A/L)/HNCE		DEGREE		POST GRAD/DIPLOMA	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	1,354	21.5	1,471	23.4	414	6.6	16	.3	-	-
0 - 249. . .	1,346	22.0	1,350	22.1	414	6.8	16	.3	-	-
250 - 499. . .	-	-	121	83.4	-	-	-	-	-	-
500 - 999 . . .	8	36.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 & OVER . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 31.1 Distribution of self employed farmers engage in fishing and fish breeding by level of education and by output groups per month. (All Island.)

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION							
	TOTAL		NO SCHOOLING		GRADE 1 - 4		GRADE 5 - 7	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	33,628	100.0	2,659	7.9	12,281	36.5	13,990	41.6
0 - 249. . .	29,614	100.0	2,019	6.8	11,179	37.7	12,120	40.9
250 - 499. . .	251	100.0	94	37.5	85	33.9	56	22.3
500 - 999 . . .	607	100.0	210	34.6	228	37.6	116	19.1
1000 - 1499 . . .	399	100.0	84	21.1	133	33.3	62	15.5
1500 - 1999 . . .	1,074	100.0	74	6.9	208	19.4	628	58.5
2000 & OVER . . .	1,683	100.0	178	10.6	448	26.6	1,008	59.9

TABLE 31.1 Distribution of self employed farmers engage in fishing and fish breeding by level of education and by output groups per month. (All Island.)

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION									
	GRADE 8 OR 9		GCE (O/L)/NCGE		GCE (A/L)/HNCE		DEGREE		POST GRAD/DIPLOMA	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	3,060	9.1	1,436	4.3	202	.6	-	-	-	-
0 - 249. . .	2,682	9.1	1,412	4.8	202	.7	-	-	-	-
250 - 499. . .	16	6.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
500 - 999 . . .	38	6.3	15	2.5	-	-	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	111	27.8	9	2.3	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	164	15.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 & OVER . . .	49	2.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 31.3 Distribution of self employed farmers engage in fishing and fish breeding by level of education and by output groups per month. - Rural Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION							
	TOTAL		NO SCHOOLING		GRADE 1 - 4		GRADE 5 - 7	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	24,531	100.0	1,938	7.9	8,661	35.3	10,908	44.5
0 - 249. . .	21,719	100.0	1,356	6.2	8,145	37.5	9,413	43.3
250 - 499. . .	192	100.0	94	49.0	49	25.5	33	17.2
500 - 999 . . .	215	100.0	161	74.9	10	4.7	44	20.5
1000 - 1499 . . .	167	100.0	84	50.3	42	25.1	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	1,011	100.0	74	7.3	187	18.5	607	60.0
2000 & OVER . . .	1,227	100.0	169	13.8	228	18.6	811	66.1

TABLE 31.3 Distribution of self employed farmers engage in fishing and fish breeding by level of education and by output groups per month. - Rural Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION									
	GRADE 8 OR 9		GCE(O/L)/NCGE		GCE(A/L)/HNCE		DEGREE		POST GRAD/DIPLOMA	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	1,959	8.0	874	3.6	191	.8	-	-	-	-
0 - 249. . .	1,740	8.0	874	4.0	191	.9	-	-	-	-
250 - 499. . .	16	8.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
500 - 999 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	41	24.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	143	14.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 & OVER . . .	19	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 32.2 Distribution of male self-employed farmers engaged in by fishing and fish breeding level of education and by output groups per month - Rural Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION							
	TOTAL		NO SCHOOLING		GRADE 1 - 4		GRADE 5 - 7	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	23,748	100.0	1,938	8.2	8,318	35.0	10,787	45.4
0 - 249. . .	20,936	100.0	1,356	6.5	7,802	37.3	9,292	44.4
250 - 499. . .	192	100.0	94	49.0	49	25.5	33	17.2
500 - 999 . . .	215	100.0	161	74.9	10	4.7	44	20.5
1000 - 1499 . . .	167	100.0	84	50.3	42	25.1	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	1,011	100.0	74	7.3	187	18.5	607	60.0
2000 & OVER . . .	1,227	100.0	169	13.8	228	18.6	811	66.1

TABLE 32.2 Distribution of male self-employed farmers engaged in by fishing and fish breeding level of education and by output groups per month - Rural Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION									
	GRADE 8 OR 9		GCE(O/L)/NCGE		GCE(A/L)/HNCE		DEGREE		POST GRAD/DIPLOMA	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	1,959	8.2	555	2.3	191	.8	-	-	-	-
0 - 249. . .	1,740	8.3	555	2.7	191	.9	-	-	-	-
250 - 499. . .	16	8.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
500 - 999 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	41	24.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	143	14.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 & OVER . . .	19	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 33.2 Distribution of female self employed farmers engaged in fishing and fish breeding by level of education and by output groups per month. - Rural Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION							
	TOTAL		NO SCHOOLING		GRADE 1 - 4		GRADE 5 - 7	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	783	100.0	-	-	343	43.8	121	15.5
0 - 249. . .	783	100.0	-	-	343	43.8	121	15.5
250 - 499. . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
500 - 999 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 & OVER . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 33.2 Distribution of female self employed farmers engaged in fishing and fish breeding by level of education and by output groups per month. - Rural Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION									
	GRADE 8 OR 9		GCE(O/L)/NCGE		GCE(A/L)/HNCE		DEGREE		POST GRAD/DIPLOMA	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	-	-	319	40.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
0 - 249. . .	-	-	319	40.7	-	-	-	-	-	-
250 - 499. . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
500 - 999 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 & OVER . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 34.2 Distribution of self employed farmers engaged in forestry and hunting by level of education and by output groups per month.
- Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION							
	TOTAL		NO SCHOOLING		GRADE 1 - 4		GRADE 5 - 7	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	453	100.0	17	3.8	155	34.2	257	56.7
0 - 249. . .	453	100.0	17	3.8	155	34.2	257	56.7
250 - 499. . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
500 - 999. . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499. . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999. . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 & OVER. . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 34.2 Distribution of self employed farmers engaged in forestry and hunting by level of education and by output groups per month.
- Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION									
	GRADE 8 OR 9		GGE(U/L)/NCGE		GCE(A/L)/HNCE		DEGREE		POST GRAD/DIPLOMA	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	24	5.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0 - 249. . .	24	5.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
250 - 499. . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
500 - 999. . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499. . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999. . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 & OVER. . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 35.1 - Distribution of male self employed farmers engaged in forestry and hunting by level of education and by output groups per month. - Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION							
	TOTAL		NO SCHOOLING		GRADE 1 - 4		GRADE 5 - 7	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	173	100.0	-	-	149	86.1	-	-
0 - 249. . .	173	100.0	-	-	149	86.1	-	-
250 - 499. . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
500 - 999 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 & OVER . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 35.1 Distribution of male self employed farmers engaged in forestry and hunting by level of education and by output groups per month. - Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION									
	GRADE 8 OR 9		GCE(O/L)/NCGE		GCE(A/L)/HNCE		DEGREE		POST GRAD/DIPLOMA	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	24	13.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0 - 249. . .	24	13.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
250 - 499. . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
500 - 999 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 & OVER . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 36.1 Distribution of female self employed farmers engaged in forestry and hunting by level of education and by output groups per month - Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION							
	TOTAL		NO SCHOOLING		GRADE 1 - 4		GRADE 5 - 7	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	280	100.0	17	6.1	6	2.1	257	91.8
0 - 249. . .	280	100.0	17	6.1	6	2.1	257	91.8
250 - 499. . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
500 - 999 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 & OVER . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 36.1 Distribution of female self employed farmers engaged in forestry and hunting by level of education and by output groups per month - Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	LEVEL OF EDUCATION									
	GRADE 8 OR 9		GCE(O/L)/NCGE		GCE(A/L)/HNCE		DEGREE		POST GRAD/DIPLOMA	
	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(	NO.	(
TOTAL . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
0 - 249. . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
250 - 499. . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
500 - 999 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1000 - 1499 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1500 - 1999 . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2000 & OVER . . .	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 37.1 Distribution of households engaged in all activities by input groups and by output groups per month. (All Island)

INPUT	OUTPUT (RS)						
	0	250	500	1000	1500	2000	& OVER
TOTAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	249	499	999	1499	1999	1999	OVER
TOTAL	1351128	366817	250160	297420	146161	79115	211455
0 - 249	936524	348025	223633	210693	76771	32020	45382
250 - 499	174407	10850	18851	62779	37213	17828	26836
500 - 999	112657	5043	5520	17659	25363	19755	39317
1000 - 1499	43198	1065	1133	3497	4696	6241	26566
1500 - 1999	21319	504	247	1337	735	1735	16761
2000 & OVER	63023	1330	776	1455	1383	1536	56543

TABLE 37.2 Distribution of households engaged in all activities by input groups and by output groups per month. - Urban Sector.

INPUT	OUTPUT (RS)						
	0	250	500	1000	1500	2000	& OVER
TOTAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	249	499	999	1499	1999	1999	OVER
TOTAL	113782	20277	14571	21849	13435	10106	33544
0 - 249	61987	18033	12077	15010	6309	3640	6918
250 - 499	14764	1216	983	4419	2965	1748	3433
500 - 999	14472	512	894	1648	3454	2764	5200
1000 - 1499	6418	131	158	406	338	1093	4292
1500 - 1999	3710	69	33	106	173	241	3088
2000 & OVER	12431	316	426	260	196	620	10613

TABLE 37.3 Distribution of households engaged in all activities by input groups and by output groups per month. - Rural Sector.

INPUT	OUTPUT (RS)						
	0	250	500	1000	1500	2000	& OVER
TOTAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	249	499	999	1499	1999	1999	OVER
TOTAL	1237354	346542	235590	275573	132727	69009	177913
0 - 249	874539	329993	211556	195683	70462	28380	38465
250 - 499	159644	9634	17868	58360	34249	16080	23453
500 - 999	98186	4532	4626	10011	21909	16991	34117
1000 - 1499	36781	934	975	3092	4358	5148	22274
1500 - 1999	17611	435	214	1232	562	1494	13674
2000 & OVER	50593	1014	351	1195	1187	916	45930

TABLE 38.1 Distribution of households engaged in seasonal agricultural activities by input groups and by output groups per two cultivation seasons. - All Island.

INPUT	OUTPUT (RS)											
	TOTAL	0	500	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	4000	5000	7500	10000 & OVER
TOTAL	928368	111367	89786	85279	71386	59069	47479	77903	59205	100823	61205	164866
0 - 499	273821	91271	65890	45523	24487	15893	8335	10647	3900	4763	1821	1291
500 - 999	185459	9559	14713	25201	32383	26247	16941	25011	13794	13920	4315	3375
1000 - 1499	104491	3176	3899	8482	7420	9346	11556	18937	13225	17706	5734	5010
1500 - 1999	63819	1769	1527	2423	2003	2868	4932	9551	8045	16713	7746	6242
2000 - 2499	43715	1498	1093	1536	1152	1528	1869	4608	5545	11196	6396	7294
2500 - 2999	34515	682	651	248	773	555	968	2614	4816	9409	6549	7254
3000 - 3999	53833	1127	911	1067	1503	1119	1684	2845	4620	11899	10503	16555
4000 - 4999	38936	619	629	321	523	216	584	1344	1973	8005	7116	17606
5000 - 7499	53345	620	325	231	765	932	535	1494	2015	4265	6894	35269
7500 - 9999	26874	249	93	247	21	284	-	486	761	1681	2815	20237
10000 & OVER	49560	797	55	-	356	81	75	366	511	1266	1320	44733

TABLE 38.2 Distribution of households engaged in seasonal agricultural activities by input groups and by output groups per two cultivation seasons. - Urban Sector.

INPUT	OUTPUT (RS)											
	TOTAL	0	500	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	4000	5000	7500	10000 & OVER
TOTAL	29441	2851	2430	2015	1491	1473	1009	2022	1434	2919	2286	9511
0 - 499	4661	1723	1418	551	409	132	31	75	133	142	47	-
500 - 999	3732	570	457	825	585	497	265	267	161	64	21	20
1000 - 1499	2272	152	114	166	152	435	155	277	337	291	91	102
1500 - 1999	1716	79	53	125	16	255	80	418	72	419	199	-
2000 - 2499	1369	31	137	87	12	57	191	90	47	498	73	146
2500 - 2999	997	8	92	-	33	6	-	308	87	253	150	60
3000 - 3999	1976	159	-	84	47	23	154	195	210	341	320	443
4000 - 4999	1761	28	16	-	79	65	44	146	23	412	607	341
5000 - 7499	2997	43	59	-	130	-	46	154	48	284	557	1676
7500 - 9999	2387	4	84	177	-	-	-	11	235	161	150	1565
10000 & OVER	5573	54	-	-	28	3	43	81	81	54	71	5158

TABLE 38.3 Distribution of households engaged in seasonal agricultural activities by input groups and by output groups per two cultivation seasons. - Rural Sector.

INPUT	OUTPUT (RS)											
	TOTAL	0	500	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	4000	5000	7500	10000 & OVER
TOTAL	898923	108516	87356	83266	69896	57595	46472	75879	57771	97903	58919	155355
0 - 499	269160	89548	64472	44973	24079	15760	8304	10572	3766	4621	1774	1291
500 - 999	181725	8988	14255	24376	31798	25750	16677	24744	13633	13855	4294	3355
1000 - 1499	102220	3024	3785	8317	7268	8911	11401	18660	12888	17415	5643	4908
1500 - 1999	62102	1690	1474	2298	1987	2613	4852	9132	7973	16294	7547	6242
2000 - 2499	42348	1467	957	1449	1140	1471	1679	4518	5498	10698	6323	7148
2500 - 2999	33520	675	559	248	740	549	968	2306	4729	9157	6395	7194
3000 - 3999	51857	968	911	983	1456	1096	1530	2650	4410	11558	10183	16112
4000 - 4999	37174	591	613	321	444	151	540	1198	1950	7592	6509	17265
5000 - 7499	50348	577	266	231	635	932	489	1340	1967	3981	6317	33593
7500 - 9999	24488	246	9	70	21	284	-	474	527	1520	2665	18672
10000 & OVER	43936	742	55	-	328	78	32	285	430	1212	1249	39575

TABLE 39.1 Distribution of household engaged in other agricultural activities by input groups and by output groups per month. - All Island

INPUT	OUTPUT (RS)						
	0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER	
TOTAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	249	499	999	1499	1999	1999	OVER
TOTAL	406006	207069	69387	57849	21740	13666	36295
0 - 249	361605	201427	64598	52165	18745	9692	14978
250 - 499	17208	2997	3426	3597	1898	1551	3739
500 - 999	9586	1152	939	1550	720	488	4737
1000 - 1499	4387	112	300	336	181	1118	2340
1500 - 1999	3301	965	-	24	33	392	1887
2000 & OVER	9919	416	124	177	163	425	8614

TABLE 39.2 Distribution of household engaged in other agricultural activities by input groups and by output groups per month. - Urban Sector.

INPUT	OUTPUT (RS)						
	0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER	
TOTAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	249	499	999	1499	1999	1999	OVER
TOTAL	27477	10515	3406	4693	2455	1571	4837
0 - 249	20076	9904	2955	3628	1647	834	1108
250 - 499	2604	351	236	762	607	142	506
500 - 999	1734	200	143	248	201	237	705
1000 - 1499	966	40	72	-	-	205	649
1500 - 1999	436	16	-	24	-	42	354
2000 & OVER	1661	4	-	31	-	111	1515

TABLE 39.3 Distribution of household engaged in other agricultural activities by input groups and by output groups per month. - Rural Sector.

INPUT	OUTPUT (RS)						
	0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER	
TOTAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	249	499	999	1499	1999	1999	OVER
TOTAL	378530	196554	65980	53157	19285	12096	31458
0 - 249	341528	191522	61643	48537	17098	8858	13870
250 - 499	14604	2647	3189	2835	1291	1409	3233
500 - 999	7852	952	796	1303	519	251	4031
1000 - 1499	3421	72	226	336	181	913	1691
1500 - 1999	2867	949	-	-	33	351	1534
2000 & OVER	8258	412	124	146	163	314	7099

TABLE 40.1 Distribution of households engaged in non agricultural activities by input groups and by output groups per month. - All Island.

INPUT	TOTAL	OUTPUT (RS)					
		0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER
		-	-	-	-	-	-
		249	499	999	1499	1999	OVER
TOTAL	317424	71524	50304	67365	32374	19943	75914
0 - 249	193357	56042	41822	45727	16457	8580	14729
250 - 499	38183	2211	5444	13671	6901	3567	6389
500 - 999	27273	1509	1366	5045	6604	4190	8559
1000 - 1499	14083	762	390	1803	1057	2484	7587
1500 - 1999	7518	262	192	256	172	728	5908
2000 & OVER	37010	738	1090	863	1183	394	32742

TABLE 40.2 Distribution of households engaged in non agricultural activities by input groups and by output groups per month. - Urban Sector.

INPUT	TOTAL	OUTPUT (RS)					
		0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER
		-	-	-	-	-	-
		249	499	999	1499	1999	OVER
TOTAL	66280	9664	7302	12183	9156	6742	21233
0 - 249	36313	8687	6407	8671	4627	2751	5170
250 - 499	8212	372	566	2223	1510	1248	2493
500 - 999	7674	335	106	731	2294	1562	2646
1000 - 1499	3525	9	4	356	156	826	2174
1500 - 1999	1915	25	33	8	76	210	1563
2000 & OVER	8641	236	366	194	493	145	7187

TABLE 40.3 Distribution of households engaged in non agricultural activities by input groups and by output groups per month. - Rural Sector.

INPUT	TOTAL	OUTPUT (RS)					
		0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER
		-	-	-	-	-	-
		249	499	999	1499	1999	OVER
TOTAL	251144	61861	43000	55182	23219	13201	54681
0 - 249	157044	57355	35414	37056	11830	5830	9559
250 - 499	29973	1840	5078	11448	5392	2319	3896
500 - 999	19598	1173	1260	4314	4310	2628	5913
1000 - 1499	10557	753	385	1447	901	1658	5413
1500 - 1999	5602	237	159	248	96	517	4345
2000 & OVER	28370	503	704	669	690	249	25555

TABLE 41.1 Distribution of households engaged in agricultural activities classified by output groups and by value of fixed assets used. - All Island.

VALUE OF FIXED ASSETS USED (RS)	TOTAL	OUTPUT (RS)					
		0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER
		-	-	-	-	-	-
		249	499	999	1499	1999	
TOTAL	1216578	408018	243775	259810	116370	58992	129613
1000	40376	28262	4345	5046	1272	864	587
1000 - 2999	79298	58173	10699	5706	1978	1130	1612
3000 - 5999	130518	80983	25554	16154	3398	1820	2609
6000 - 8999	118018	57251	29847	18117	7078	1834	3891
9000 - 11999	88602	41381	22808	15746	4000	1646	3021
12000 - 14999	58396	18807	16421	12780	6016	1294	3078
15000 - 19999	116176	38178	30236	28521	10498	3200	5543
20000 - 24999	81064	21255	20161	23896	7688	3069	4995
25000 - 49999	242809	42143	54331	72760	33719	17390	22466
50000 - 99999	163128	16133	24742	48394	28959	15804	29096
100000-499999	90309	5425	4447	12462	11627	10350	45998
500000 & OVER	7884	27	184	228	137	591	6717

TABLE 41.2 Distribution of households engaged in agricultural activities classified by output groups and by value of fixed assets used. - Urban Sector.

VALUE OF FIXED ASSETS USED (RS)	TOTAL	OUTPUT (RS)					
		0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER
		-	-	-	-	-	-
		249	499	999	1499	1999	
TOTAL	62238	19962	9412	12213	5309	3550	11792
1000	5903	3004	507	1174	772	128	318
1000 - 2999	3621	1235	429	913	353	182	509
3000 - 5999	4255	2126	407	722	159	439	402
6000 - 8999	3118	1247	1008	296	149	122	296
9000 - 11999	3819	1713	607	708	119	79	593
12000 - 14999	1820	702	339	244	43	-	492
15000 - 19999	3052	1236	750	417	89	48	512
20000 - 24999	4563	1989	788	1019	304	83	380
25000 - 49999	10037	3165	1951	2410	863	554	1085
50000 - 99999	9360	2212	1535	2483	1029	643	1458
100000-499999	10960	1906	1064	1750	1382	1165	4293
500000 & OVER	1730	27	27	68	47	107	1454

TABLE 41.3 Distribution of households engaged in agricultural activities classified by output groups and by value of fixed assets used. - Rural Sector.

VALUE OF FIXED ASSETS USED (RS)	TOTAL	OUTPUT (RS)					
		0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER
		249	499	999	1499	1999	
TOTAL	1154340	388057	234361	247598	111062	55442	117820
> 1000	34474	25258	3839	3872	500	736	269
1000 - 2999	75677	56938	10270	4793	1625	949	1102
3000 - 5999	126261	78857	25147	15431	3239	1381	2206
6000 - 8999	114900	56004	28839	17821	6929	1712	3595
9000 - 11999	84783	39668	22200	15039	3882	1567	2427
12000 - 14999	56578	18105	16082	12537	5973	1294	2587
15000 - 19999	113126	36943	29486	28104	10410	3152	5031
20000 - 24999	76501	19266	19373	22878	7384	2986	4614
25000 - 49999	232772	38978	52380	70341	32856	16836	21381
50000 - 99999	153766	13921	23206	45910	27930	15160	27639
100000-499999	79348	4119	3383	10712	10244	9185	41705
500000 & OVER	6154	-	156	160	90	484	5264

TABLE 42.1 Distribution of households engaged in non agricultural activities classified by output groups and by value of fixed assets used. - All Island.

VALUE OF FIXED ASSETS USED (RS)	TOTAL	OUTPUT (RS)					
		0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER
		249	499	999	1499	1999	
TOTAL	317426	71524	50304	67365	32373	19943	75917
> 1000	135752	42624	25907	31102	12865	6100	17154
1000 - 2999	48860	11987	8186	10189	5806	3563	9129
3000 - 5999	37694	7663	6360	9762	3427	2437	8045
6000 - 8999	18382	3016	2610	3133	2204	1685	5734
9000 - 11999	13856	1893	2356	3190	1687	1321	3409
12000 - 14999	9004	1130	768	1867	1023	703	3513
15000 - 19999	9432	885	1094	1777	1253	924	3499
20000 - 24999	6609	1153	565	1111	722	638	2420
25000 - 49999	21226	745	1733	3601	2009	1642	11496
50000 - 99999	10583	222	640	1363	1011	764	6583
100000-499999	5747	206	85	270	360	166	4660
500000 & OVER	281	-	-	-	6	-	275

TABLE 42.2 Distribution of households engaged in non agricultural activities classified by output groups and by value of fixed assets used. - Urban Sector.

VALUE OF FIXED ASSETS USED (RS)	TOTAL	OUTPUT (RS)					
		0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER
TOTAL	66276	9663	7303	12184	9152	6740	21234
> 1000	27778	5524	4087	5529	4391	2328	5919
1000 - 2999	10403	1742	1094	2589	1224	1099	2655
3000 - 5999	7091	1020	883	1426	947	831	1984
6000 - 8999	3412	349	447	563	473	411	1169
9000 - 11999	2510	305	133	493	387	255	937
12000 - 14999	1941	87	77	465	328	233	751
15000 - 19999	2141	84	169	303	300	308	977
20000 - 24999	1717	218	114	47	253	260	825
25000 - 49999	4413	216	133	330	398	647	2689
50000 - 99999	2326	51	138	227	238	202	1470
100000-499999	2429	67	28	212	207	166	1749
500000 & OVER	115	-	-	-	6	-	109

TABLE 42.3 Distribution of households engaged in non agricultural activities classified by output groups and by value of fixed assets used. - Rural Sector.

VALUE OF FIXED ASSETS USED (RS)	TOTAL	OUTPUT (RS)					
		0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER
TOTAL	251150	61859	43004	55184	23220	13201	54682
> 1000	107973	37100	21820	25573	8474	3771	11235
1000 - 2999	38457	10245	7092	7600	4582	2464	6474
3000 - 5999	30604	6643	5478	8336	2480	1606	6061
6000 - 8999	14970	2667	2163	2571	1730	1274	4565
9000 - 11999	11346	1588	2223	2697	1301	1066	2471
12000 - 14999	7062	1042	692	1403	695	469	2761
15000 - 19999	7292	801	925	1475	953	616	2522
20000 - 24999	4891	935	451	1063	469	378	1595
25000 - 49999	16812	528	1600	3271	1610	995	8808
50000 - 99999	8258	171	503	1136	773	562	5113
100000-499999	3319	139	57	59	153	-	2911
500000 & OVER	166	-	-	-	-	-	166

TABLE 43.1 Distribution of households engaged in both agricultural and non-agricultural activities classified by output groups and by value of fixed assets used.
- All Island.

VALUE OF FIXED ASSETS USED (RS)	TOTAL	OUTPUT (RS)					
		0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER
		-	-	-	-	-	-
		249	499	999	1499	1999	OVER
TOTAL	1351122	366817	250159	297418	146160	79115	211453
1000	89643	31322	14903	19269	8099	4914	11136
1000 - 2999	96159	52463	14940	11767	5276	3805	7908
3000 - 5999	143866	72655	28293	23185	7401	3829	8503
6000 - 8999	125635	51597	28909	22443	9455	4039	9192
9000 - 11999	93738	36869	22177	17936	7498	2873	6385
12000 - 14999	63981	16741	16614	14920	7832	2073	5801
15000 - 19999	119749	31164	28898	31931	13152	4394	10215
20000 - 24999	83731	18681	18770	23435	9471	4714	8660
25000 - 49999	254408	37041	49661	74171	37128	19713	36694
50000 - 99999	172742	13649	23077	46791	29081	17581	42563
100000-499999	99167	4608	3768	11342	11624	10581	57246
500000 & OVER	8303	27	156	228	143	599	7150

TABLE 43.2 Distribution of households engaged in both agricultural and non-agricultural activities classified by output groups and by value of fixed assets used. - Urban Sector.

VALUE OF FIXED ASSETS USED (RS)	TOTAL	OUTPUT (RS)					
		0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER
		-	-	-	-	-	-
		249	499	999	1499	1999	OVER
TOTAL	113779	20276	14571	21849	13435	10106	33542
1000	26537	4753	4169	3588	4226	2252	5549
1000 - 2999	11577	2201	1127	3020	1325	1320	2584
3000 - 5999	9900	1981	1291	2010	1260	1054	2304
6000 - 8999	5906	1126	1073	846	644	561	1654
9000 - 11999	5619	1429	625	1183	569	304	1509
12000 - 14999	3388	449	379	727	516	137	1180
15000 - 19999	4745	823	759	835	317	380	1631
20000 - 24999	5893	1604	828	885	620	766	1190
25000 - 49999	13688	2779	2010	2329	1321	1074	4181
50000 - 99999	11469	1922	1515	2682	1144	717	3489
100000-499999	13200	1182	793	1682	1440	1407	6696
500000 & OVER	1857	27	-	68	53	134	1575

TABLE 43.3 Distribution of households engaged in both agricultural and non-agricultural activities classified by output groups and by value of fixed assets used. - Rural Sector.

VALUE OF FIXED ASSETS USED (RS)	TOTAL	OUTPUT (RS)					
		0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER
		-	-	-	-	-	-
		249	499	999	1499	1999	OVER
TOTAL	1237346	346540	235587	275572	132726	69007	177914
> 1000	63105	26569	10734	13681	9872	2662	5587
1000 - 2999	84581	50262	13813	8747	3951	2484	5324
3000 - 5999	133968	70674	27002	21176	6141	2775	6200
6000 - 8999	119729	50471	27834	21597	8811	3478	7538
9000 - 11999	88121	35440	21552	16753	6930	2569	4877
12000 - 14999	60594	16292	16235	14194	7316	1936	4621
15000 - 19999	115004	30341	28133	31096	12835	4014	8585
20000 - 24999	77838	17077	17942	22550	8851	3948	7470
25000 - 49999	240722	34262	47651	71849	35808	18639	32513
50000 - 99999	161272	11726	21562	44109	27937	16864	39074
100000-499999	85966	3426	2973	9660	10184	9173	50550
500000 & OVER	6446	-	156	160	90	465	5575

TABLE 44.1 Distribution of households engaged in agricultural activities by loans taken (for the activity) and total output per month. (All Island.)

LOANS TAKEN FOR THE ACTIVITY (RS)	TOTAL	OUTPUT (RS)					
		0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER
		-	-	-	-	-	-
		249	499	999	1499	1999	OVER
TOTAL	1216580	408020	243773	259812	116370	58994	129611
> 500	1074968	388251	222394	226377	94168	46861	96917
500 - 999	22196	5273	6192	6553	2003	1189	986
1000 - 2499	46511	8411	7526	13787	7414	3558	5815
2500 - 4999	34100	3385	4340	8083	6712	3617	7963
5000 - 7499	17633	1360	1891	2318	4375	1941	5748
7500 - 9999	4595	186	737	767	697	520	1688
10000 - 14999	6670	621	519	815	438	796	3481
15000 - 19999	3330	300	168	534	321	312	1695
20000 - 29999	2635	115	6	246	166	162	1940
30000 - 49999	3168	118	-	68	46	-	2936
50000 - 74999	496	-	-	232	30	22	212
75000 - 99999	221	-	-	-	-	-	221
100000 & OVER	57	-	-	32	-	16	9

TABLE 44.2. Distribution of households engaged in agricultural activities by loans taken (for the activity) and total output per month. - Urban Sector.

LOANS TAKEN FOR THE ACTIVITY (RS)	TOTAL	OUTPUT (RS)					
		0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER
		249	499	999	1499	1999	OVER
TOTAL	62239	19961	9412	12215	5308	3550	11793
500	55556	18829	8654	11045	4544	3057	9427
500 - 999	274	44	19	95	24	92	-
1000 - 2499	1782	366	191	553	268	66	338
2500 - 4999	1360	391	92	297	166	-	414
5000 - 7499	1038	68	418	33	102	165	252
7500 - 9999	294	42	-	65	23	35	129
10000 - 14999	503	40	-	75	121	56	211
15000 - 19999	472	66	32	52	8	79	235
20000 - 29999	595	115	6	-	6	-	468
30000 - 49999	190	-	-	-	46	-	144
50000 - 74999	140	-	-	-	-	-	140
75000 - 99999	35	-	-	-	-	-	35
100000 & OVER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

TABLE 44.3. Distribution of households engaged in agricultural activities by loans taken (for the activity) and total output per month. - Rural Sector.

LOANS TAKEN FOR THE ACTIVITY (RS)	TOTAL	OUTPUT (RS)					
		0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER
		249	499	999	1499	1999	OVER
TOTAL	1154339	388057	234362	247598	111061	55441	117820
500	1019410	369421	213740	215332	89623	43804	87490
500 - 999	21922	5229	6173	6458	1979	1097	986
1000 - 2499	44729	8045	7335	13235	7146	3491	5477
2500 - 4999	32740	2993	4248	7787	6546	3617	7549
5000 - 7499	16597	1292	1474	2285	4273	1776	5497
7500 - 9999	4300	144	737	702	674	484	1559
10000 - 14999	6167	581	519	739	317	740	3271
15000 - 19999	2857	234	136	482	313	232	1460
20000 - 29999	2040	-	-	246	160	162	1472
30000 - 49999	2978	118	-	68	-	-	2792
50000 - 74999	356	-	-	232	30	22	72
75000 - 99999	186	-	-	-	-	-	186
100000 & OVER	57	-	-	32	-	16	9

TABLE 45.1 Distribution of households engaged in non agricultural activities by loans taken (for the activity) and total output per month. - All Island.

LOANS TAKEN FOR THE ACTIVITY (RS)	TOTAL	OUTPUT (RS)					
		0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER
		-	-	-	-	-	-
		249	499	999	1499	1999	OVER
TOTAL	317420	71522	50302	67365	32372	19944	75915
) 500	298155	70322	47953	64320	29814	18772	66974
500 - 999	1627	105	368	468	161	200	325
1000 - 2499	5248	407	1060	861	835	320	1765
2500 - 4999	2798	318	182	704	487	113	994
5000 - 7499	2753	183	539	375	276	246	1134
7500 - 9999	518	99	68	27	-	19	305
10000 - 14999	1878	16	109	282	84	118	1269
15000 - 19999	925	25	-	166	241	13	480
20000 - 29999	979	47	4	115	265	-	548
30000 - 49999	674	-	19	-	118	19	518
50000 - 74999	1136	-	-	47	31	109	949
75000 - 99999	162	-	-	-	-	15	147
100000 & OVER	567	-	-	-	60	-	507

TABLE 45.2 Distribution of households engaged in non agricultural activities by loans taken (for the activity) and total output per month. - Urban Sector.

LOANS TAKEN FOR THE ACTIVITY (RS)	TOTAL	OUTPUT (RS)					
		0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER
		-	-	-	-	-	-
		249	499	999	1499	1999	OVER
TOTAL	66283	9664	7303	12183	9156	6742	21235
) 500	61641	9417	6919	11749	8373	6329	18854
500 - 999	294	11	115	55	32	24	57
1000 - 2499	945	103	131	108	220	95	288
2500 - 4999	684	100	49	141	144	94	156
5000 - 7499	633	11	56	-	191	19	356
7500 - 9999	155	-	5	27	-	19	104
10000 - 14999	556	-	24	43	39	6	444
15000 - 19999	209	-	-	-	42	13	154
20000 - 29999	373	22	4	60	16	-	271
30000 - 49999	112	-	-	-	8	19	85
50000 - 74999	368	-	-	-	31	109	228
75000 - 99999	81	-	-	-	-	15	66
100000 & OVER	232	-	-	-	60	-	172

TABLE 45.3 Distribution of households engaged in non agricultural activities by loans taken (for the activity) and total output per month.
- Rural Sector.

LOANS TAKEN FOR THE ACTIVITY (RS)	TOTAL	OUTPUT (RS)					
		0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER
		249	499	999	1499	1999	OVER
TOTAL	251142	61859	43001	55182	23219	13201	54680
> 500	236514	60905	41034	52571	21442	12442	48120
500 - 999	1333	94	253	414	129	175	268
1000 - 2499	4307	305	930	754	616	225	1477
2500 - 4999	2114	218	133	562	344	19	838
5000 - 7499	2120	172	483	375	85	227	778
7500 - 9999	363	99	63	-	-	-	201
10000 - 14999	1322	16	86	238	45	113	824
15000 - 19999	716	25	-	166	199	-	326
20000 - 29999	606	25	-	55	249	-	277
30000 - 49999	562	-	19	-	110	-	433
50000 - 74999	769	-	-	47	-	-	722
75000 - 99999	81	-	-	-	-	-	81
100000 & OVER	335	-	-	-	-	-	335

TABLE 46.1 Distribution of households engaged in economic activities (Agricultural and Non-agricultural) by loans taken (for the activity) and total output per month.
- All Island.

LOANS TAKEN FOR THE ACTIVITY (RS)	TOTAL	OUTPUT (RS)					
		0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER
		249	499	999	1499	1999	OVER
TOTAL	1351128	366817	250161	297418	146160	79115	211457
> 500	1191951	348376	228842	261164	122108	64883	166578
500 - 999	23720	5045	6688	6684	2216	1690	1397
1000 - 2499	50275	7668	7542	14663	8714	4058	7830
2500 - 4999	37110	3506	4110	8828	6824	3875	9967
5000 - 7499	20466	1311	1710	3072	4399	2460	7514
7500 - 9999	5015	180	742	688	756	405	2244
10000 - 14999	8353	256	476	951	673	881	5116
15000 - 19999	4252	234	168	692	207	531	2420
20000 - 29999	3516	137	64	364	115	142	2694
30000 - 49999	3784	104	19	68	21	19	3553
50000 - 74999	1556	-	-	212	67	140	1137
75000 - 99999	497	-	-	-	-	15	482
100000 & OVER	633	-	-	32	60	16	525

TABLE 46.2 Distribution of households engaged in economic activities (Agricultural and Non-agricultural) by loans taken (for the activity) and total output per month.
- Urban Sector.

LOANS TAKEN FOR THE ACTIVITY (RS)	TOTAL	OUTPUT (RS)					
		0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER
		249	499	999	1499	1999	OVER
TOTAL	113777	20276	14569	21850	13434	10106	33542
> 500	102566	18993	13723	20371	11890	9083	28506
500 - 999	567	54	126	157	32	116	82
1000 - 2499	2701	390	257	658	545	222	629
2500 - 4999	1997	492	117	363	310	94	621
5000 - 7499	1693	68	305	68	286	203	763
7500 - 9999	436	42	5	79	23	54	233
10000 - 14999	1060	40	-	82	209	68	661
15000 - 19999	667	60	32	12	50	92	421
20000 - 29999	934	137	4	60	21	-	712
30000 - 49999	255	-	-	-	8	19	228
50000 - 74999	554	-	-	-	-	140	414
75000 - 99999	115	-	-	-	-	15	100
100000 & OVER	232	-	-	-	60	-	172

TABLE 46.3 Distribution of households engaged in economic activities (Agricultural and Non-agricultural) by loans taken (for the activity) and total output per month.
- Rural Sector.

LOANS TAKEN FOR THE ACTIVITY (RS)	TOTAL	OUTPUT (RS)					
		0	250	500	1000	1500	2000 & OVER
		249	499	999	1499	1999	OVER
TOTAL	1237348	346541	235589	275571	132725	69008	177914
> 500	1089386	329384	215119	240794	110218	55800	138071
500 - 999	23152	4990	6561	6528	2184	1574	1315
1000 - 2499	47572	7277	7084	14005	8169	3836	7201
2500 - 4999	35112	3014	3992	8465	6514	3780	9347
5000 - 7499	18773	1243	1405	3004	4113	2257	6751
7500 - 9999	4580	138	737	610	733	351	2011
10000 - 14999	7295	217	476	869	464	814	4455
15000 - 19999	3584	174	136	680	157	438	1999
20000 - 29999	2581	-	60	304	93	142	1982
30000 - 49999	3529	104	19	68	13	-	3325
50000 - 74999	1002	-	-	212	67	-	723
75000 - 99999	382	-	-	-	-	-	382
100000 & OVER	400	-	-	32	-	16	352

TABLE 47.1 Distribution of households engaged in agricultural activities by household size and total output per month. - All Island.

OUTPUT (RS.)	HOUSEHOLD SIZE										
	TOTAL	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 & ABOVE
TOTAL	1,216,679	30,519	68,467	135,255	211,682	240,699	204,818	139,282	87,443	47,417	50,897
0-249 .	408,056	12,574	29,088	50,187	75,975	80,162	62,075	43,424	27,788	14,795	11,988
250-499 .	243,800	6,357	14,457	29,524	46,989	45,188	41,389	27,756	16,801	7,532	7,807
500-999 .	259,804	5,321	12,304	26,797	40,343	58,072	46,517	30,572	16,376	9,605	13,897
1000-1499 .	116,368	2,641	5,815	11,762	19,354	19,954	23,771	12,608	10,198	5,546	4,719
1500-1999 .	59,004	1,056	2,118	6,230	8,641	10,736	11,270	7,541	6,231	2,405	2,726
2000 & OVER	129,647	2,570	4,685	10,755	20,380	26,737	19,796	17,381	10,049	7,534	9,760

TABLE 47.2 Distribution of households engaged in agricultural activities by household size and total output per month. - Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	HOUSEHOLD SIZE										
	TOTAL	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 & ABOVE
TOTAL	62,300	1,061	2,697	5,206	9,510	12,246	11,102	8,340	5,316	2,948	3,874
0-249 .	19,976	304	1,225	1,609	3,087	4,284	2,887	3,022	1,357	927	1,274
250-499 .	9,419	297	1,111	1,241	1,361	1,602	1,797	1,465	874	318	353
500-999 .	12,229	169	630	1,037	2,387	2,266	2,916	1,285	754	359	426
1000-1499 .	5,304	146	134	411	860	1,175	1,154	694	256	276	198
1500-1999 .	3,558	42	201	388	317	563	526	591	521	299	110
2000 & OVER	11,814	103	396	520	1,498	2,356	1,822	1,283	1,554	769	1,513

TABLE 47.3 Distribution of households engaged in agricultural activities by household size and total output per month. - Rural Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	HOUSEHOLD SIZE										
	TOTAL	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 & ABOVE
TOTAL	1,154,379	29,458	65,770	130,049	202,172	228,653	193,716	130,942	82,127	44,469	47,023
0-249 .	388,080	12,270	27,863	48,578	72,888	75,878	59,188	40,402	26,431	13,868	10,714
250-499 .	234,381	6,060	14,346	28,283	45,628	43,586	39,592	26,291	15,927	7,214	7,454
500-999 .	247,575	5,152	11,674	25,760	37,956	55,806	43,601	29,287	15,622	9,246	13,471
1000-1499 .	111,064	2,495	5,681	11,951	18,494	18,779	22,617	11,914	9,942	5,270	4,521
1500-1999 .	55,446	1,014	1,917	5,842	8,324	10,223	10,744	6,950	5,710	2,106	2,616
2000 & OVER	117,833	2,467	4,289	10,235	18,882	24,381	17,974	16,098	8,495	6,765	8,247

TABLE 48.1 Distribution of household engaged in non agricultural activities by household size and total output per month. - All Island.

OUTPUT (RS.)	HOUSEHOLD SIZE										
	TOTAL	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 & ABOVE
TOTAL	317,519	7,728	16,244	33,996	48,604	62,598	54,710	37,745	23,979	14,146	17,769
0-249 .	71,528	2,510	5,444	8,573	11,827	12,713	12,688	6,746	5,090	2,918	3,019
250-499 .	50,316	1,530	2,351	6,546	7,358	11,445	7,999	5,290	4,059	1,627	2,111
500-999 .	67,366	1,578	3,359	7,495	10,757	12,687	11,963	8,398	4,983	2,607	3,539
1000-1499 .	32,383	636	1,469	2,887	4,466	7,029	6,260	4,245	2,518	1,190	1,683
1500-1999 .	19,963	575	520	1,480	3,143	3,547	3,958	2,380	1,719	1,159	1,482
2000 & OVER	75,963	899	3,101	7,015	11,053	15,177	11,842	10,686	5,610	4,645	5,935

TABLE 48.2 Distribution of household engaged in non agricultural activities by household size and total output per month. -Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	HOUSEHOLD SIZE										
	TOTAL	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 & ABOVE
TOTAL	64,360	1,224	3,081	7,226	9,003	12,110	10,813	9,041	5,327	3,223	5,312
0-249 .	9,676	232	724	1,252	965	1,469	1,547	1,681	869	400	537
250-499 .	7,313	378	724	1,251	702	1,421	1,383	713	491	267	456
500-999 .	12,190	333	733	1,457	1,917	2,084	1,984	1,166	971	565	980
1000-1499 .	9,164	111	460	963	1,193	2,138	1,261	1,484	634	377	543
1500-1999 .	6,753	20	221	553	1,064	1,090	1,448	981	671	330	375
2000 & OVER	21,264	150	692	1,750	3,162	3,908	3,190	3,016	1,691	1,284	2,421

TABLE 48.3 Distribution of household engaged in non agricultural activities by household size and total output per month. - Rural Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	HOUSEHOLD SIZE										
	TOTAL	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 & ABOVE
TOTAL	251,159	6,504	13,163	26,770	39,601	50,488	43,897	28,704	18,652	10,923	12,457
0-249 .	61,852	2,278	4,720	7,321	10,862	11,244	11,141	5,065	4,221	2,518	2,482
250-499 .	43,003	1,152	2,100	5,295	6,656	10,024	6,616	4,577	3,568	1,360	1,655
500-999 .	55,176	1,245	2,626	6,038	8,840	10,603	9,979	7,232	4,012	2,042	2,559
1000-1499 .	23,219	525	1,009	1,924	3,273	4,891	4,999	2,761	1,884	813	1,140
1500-1999 .	13,210	555	299	927	2,079	2,457	2,510	1,399	1,048	829	1,107
2000 & OVER	54,699	749	2,409	5,265	7,891	11,269	8,652	7,670	3,919	3,361	3,514

TABLE 49.1 Distribution of households engaged in economic activities
(Agricultural and non-agricultural) by household size and
total output for month. (All Island.)

OUTPUT (RS.)	HOUSEHOLD SIZE										
	TOTAL	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 & ABOVE
TOTAL	1,351,299	35,834	77,246	151,604	232,373	267,381	226,318	153,387	96,585	52,389	58,182
0-249 .	366,847	13,337	28,550	46,688	69,225	71,973	54,780	37,893	23,297	12,141	8,963
250-499 .	250,183	7,626	15,579	32,076	46,904	47,302	40,893	27,370	16,896	7,405	8,132
500-999 .	297,407	6,215	14,686	32,230	47,934	64,133	52,163	33,823	19,788	11,229	15,206
1000-1499.	146,187	3,346	7,730	13,150	23,430	26,705	30,728	16,306	12,635	6,040	6,117
1500-1999.	79,142	1,736	2,783	8,782	12,562	14,816	14,133	9,792	7,579	3,424	3,535
2000 & OVER	211,533	3,574	7,918	18,678	32,318	42,452	33,621	28,203	16,390	12,150	16,229

TABLE 49.2 Distribution of households engaged in Economic Activities
(Agricultural and non-agricultural) by household size and
total output for month. - Urban Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	HOUSEHOLD SIZE										
	TOTAL	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 & ABOVE
TOTAL	113,902	2,276	5,293	11,309	16,727	21,889	19,883	13,903	9,460	5,237	7,925
0-249 .	20,293	527	1,582	1,997	2,895	4,208	3,367	2,601	1,369	821	926
250-499 .	14,581	675	379	2,450	1,668	2,775	2,763	1,604	1,165	471	631
500-999 .	21,869	502	1,157	2,380	4,097	3,802	4,478	1,912	1,516	749	1,276
1000-1499.	13,442	257	656	1,347	1,760	3,215	2,329	1,770	979	510	619
1500-1999.	10,126	62	444	842	1,442	1,511	1,689	1,746	1,194	654	542
2000 & OVER	33,591	253	1,075	2,293	4,865	6,378	5,257	4,270	3,237	2,032	3,931

TABLE 49.3 Distribution of households engaged in economic activities
(Agricultural and non-agricultural) by household size and
total output for month. - Rural Sector.

OUTPUT (RS.)	HOUSEHOLD SIZE										
	TOTAL	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 & ABOVE
TOTAL	1,237,397	33,558	71,953	140,295	215,646	245,492	206,435	139,484	87,125	47,152	50,257
0-249 .	346,554	12,810	26,968	44,691	66,930	67,765	51,413	35,292	21,928	11,320	8,037
250-499 .	235,602	6,951	15,200	29,626	45,236	44,527	38,130	25,766	15,731	6,934	7,501
500-999 .	275,538	5,713	13,529	29,850	43,837	60,331	47,685	31,911	18,272	10,480	13,930
1000-1499.	132,745	3,089	7,074	11,803	21,670	23,490	28,399	14,536	11,656	5,530	5,498
1500-1999.	69,016	1,674	2,339	7,940	11,120	13,305	12,444	8,046	6,385	2,770	2,993
2000 & OVER	177,942	3,321	6,843	16,385	27,453	36,074	28,364	23,933	13,153	10,118	12,298

APPENDIX

II

**CONFIDENTIAL**

All information collected in
this survey is under the
Statistics Ordinance and is
Confidential

SURVEY OF HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES - 1984/85

NATIONAL HOUSEHOLD
SAMPLE SURVEY PROGRAMME

SURVEY SCHEDULE

DEPARTMENT OF CENSUS AND STATISTICS
Ministry of Plan Implementation
Sri Lanka

PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS

Serial Number	Name, all persons in the household including those who are temporarily absent. (include Boarders, Lodgers and Domestic servants. Exclude temporary visitors)	Relationship to head of household	Sex	Age (as at last birthday)	Race	Religion	Level of Education (For persons 5 years & over)	Marital Status	Did s(he) work for pay, profit or family gain in any seasonal Agricultural activity during last year? Yes - 1 No - 2 → GO to Col. 13	Did s(he) do any work as an employer, own account worker or unpaid family worker? Yes - 1 No - 2 → GO to Col. 13	Employment status code	Number of days worked in seasonal Agricultural activities in self-employment	
												During last Calendar Month	During last year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		12	13
01													
02													
03													
04													
05													
06													
07													
08													
09													
10													
11													
12													
13													
14													
15													

CODES

* last year - last two cultivation seasons, Maha-Yala or Yala-Maha

Column 3

Relationship to head of household	
Head of household	1
Wife/Husband	2
Son/Daughter	3
Parent	4
Other relative	5
Domestic servant	6
Boarder/lodger	7
Other	9

Column 4

Sex	
Male	1
Female	2

Column 6

Race	
Sinhalese	1
Sri Lanka Tamil	2
Indian Tamil	3
Sri Lanka Moor	4
Malay	5
Burgher	6
Other	9

Column 7

Religion	
Buddhist	1
Hindu	2
Muslim	3
Roman Catholic or Other Christian	4
Other	9

For Office Use only	
Month	Unique household Serial Number

For persons 10 years & Over

13	Did s(he) work for pay, profit or family gain in any other Agricultural activity during last calendar month? Yes - 1 No - 2 → Go to Col. 19	
	14	Did s(he) do any work as an employer, own account worker or unpaid family worker? Yes - 1 No - 2 → Go to Col. 19
Employment status code		
15	Non-seasonal Crops	Number of days worked in self-employment during last calendar month
16	Livestock and Poultry farming	
17	Fishing and Fish breeding	
18	Forestry and Hunting	
19	Did s(he) work for pay, profit or family gain in any Non-Agricultural activity during last calendar month? Yes - 1 No - 2 → Go to next person	
	20	Did s(he) do any work as an own account worker or as an unpaid family worker? Yes - 1 No - 2 → Go to next person
Employment status code		
21	Mining and Quarrying	Number of days worked in Non-Agricultural activities during last calendar month as an own account worker or unpaid family worker
22	Manufacturing	
23	Construction	
24	Trade	
25	Transport	
26	Guest Houses, Restaurants etc.	
27	Services	

Column 8
Level of Education

- No Schooling
- Grade 1 - 4
- Grade 5 - 7
- Grade 8 or 9
- Passed G.C.E. (O.L.)/NCE
- Passed G.C.E. (A.L.)/HNCE
- Degree
- Post graduate degree/Diploma

1

Column 9
Marital Status

- Never Married
- Married
- Widowed
- Divorced
- Separated

1

Column 11, 14 & 20
Employment status code

- Employer
- Own account worker
- Unpaid family worker

1

2

3

SECTION 2

2.1- FIXED ASSETS USED FOR ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

Item	Code	Acquired during the last calendar year (Rs.)	Disposed off during the last calendar year (Rs.)	Owned as of date (Rs.)	Otherwise possessed as of date (Rs.)	Used for	
						Agricultural activities (Rs.)	Non-Agricultural activities (Rs.)
1		2	3	4	5	6	7
Land	10						
Building	20						
Machinery	30						
Furniture and Fixtures	40						
Transport equipment	50						
Motor vehicles	51						
Bicycles	52						
Boats	53						
Other	54						
Other Equipment	60						
Fishing nets	61						
Catering equipment	62						
Construction equipment	63						
Other	64						

2.2 - LOANS TAKEN FOR ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

Source	Code	Taken During the last calendar year for...		Re-paid during the last calendar year (Rs.)	Outstanding at the end of the last calendar year (Rs.)	Interest paid during the last calendar year (Rs.)
		Agricultural activities (Rs.)	Non-Agricultural activities (Rs.)			
1		2	3	4	5	6
Government	1					
Banks	2					
Co-operatives	3					
Money-lenders	4					
Other	5					
Total						

2.3 - HIRED LABOUR EMPLOYED IN ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

	Agricultural Activities						Non-Agricultural activities		
	Seasonal Crops Last Year*			Non-Seasonal crops, Livestock & Poultry, Fishing & Fishbreeding, Forestry & Hunting Last calendar month			Last calendar month		
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
	Men	Women	Children	Men	Women	Children	Men	Women	Children
Number of persons regularly employed									
Number of person -days worked by									
i. Regular employees									
ii. Casual workers									
Remuneration paid									
i. in cash (Rs.)									
ii. in kind (Rs.)									
Value of perquisites provided, if any (Rs.)									

* Last year - Last two cultivation seasons, Maha - Yala or Yala - Maha

+ Children - those who are under 15 years

Input Item	Code	Agricultural Activities				Non-Agricultural activities				
		Seasonal Crops (Last Year)**		Non-Seasonal crops, Livestock & Poultry, Fishing & Fish breeding, Forestry & Hunting (Last calendar month)		Non-Agricultural activities (Last calendar month)				
		Purchased during the period (Rs.)	*Source Code	Used during the period (Rs.)	Purchased during the period (Rs.)	*Source Code	Used during the period (Rs.)	Purchased during the period (Rs.)	*Source Code	Used during the period (Rs.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
2.4.11 Transportation	110									
(i) Transportation of raw materials, building materials, chemicals, fuel etc. used as inputs for economic activity.	111									
(ii) Transportation of agricultural produce	112									
(iii) Transportation of fish	113									
(iv) Transportation of livestock and livestock products	114									
(v) Transportation of mineral products	115									
(vi) Transportation of manufactured goods	116									
(vii) Transportation of goods used in trading	117									
(viii) Transportation of persons in connection with the economic activity	118									
(ix) Repair and Maintenance of transport, equipment including taxes n.e.c.	119									
2.4.12 Communication	120									
(i) Postal, telegraph and telex services.	121									
(ii) Maintenance and operation of telephones	122									
(iii) Other communication facilities.	123									
2.4.13 Other Rents n.e.c.	130									
(i) Rent for land	131									
(ii) Rent for buildings	132									
(iii) Rent for tractors	133									
(iv) Rent for other machinery and equipment	134									
(v) Rent for furniture and fixtures	135									
(vi) Other rents	136									
2.4.14 Repair and Maintenance	140									
2.4.15 Taxes, tariff's etc.	150									
2.4.16 Miscellaneous	160									
Total										

** Last year - Last two cultivation seasons, Maha - Yala or Yala - Maha

* Source Codes

Government	1	Retailers	4
Co-operatives	2	Middlemen	5
Wholesalers	3	Others	6

Note:

Record in the attached working sheet the quantities and values, which went into the derivation of the values entered in the input block for verification.

SECTION 3

CURRENT OPERATIONS, OUTPUT AND SALES

3.1- AGRICULTURE

3.1.1 (a) - SEASONAL CROPS (LAST YEAR)**

Crop	Code	Area Owned			Area used for cultivation			Number of times crop raised	Output Qty. (kg)	Given away to the landlord Qty. (kg)	Consumed within the household Qty. (kg)	Transferred to others as gifts, loans etc. Qty. (kg)	Used for further processing Qty. (kg)
		A	R	P	A	R	P						
1		2			3			4	5	6	7	8	9
Paddy	01												
Kurakkan	02												
Cow-pea	03												
Green-gram	04												
Potatoes	05												
Onions	06												
Chillies	07												
Gingelly	08												
Vegetables	09												
Other	10												
Processed Products	20												
Total													

**last year - last two cultivation seasons, Maha - Yala or Yala - Maha

3.1.1 (a) Contd. - SALES

Crop	Code	Total Sales		Sold to												Stock as of date Qty. (kg)
				Government		Co-operatives		Factories		Traders		Final consumers		Others		
		Qty. (kg)	Val. (Rs)	Qty. (kg)	Val. (Rs)	Qty. (kg)	Val. (Rs)	Qty. (kg)	Val. (Rs)	Qty. (kg)	Val. (Rs)	Qty. (kg)	Val. (Rs)	Qty. (kg)	Val. (Rs)	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
Paddy	01															
Kurakkan	02															
Cow-pea	03															
Green gram	04															
Potatoes	05															
Onions	06															
Chillies	07															
Gingelly	08															
Vegetables	09															
Other	10															
Processed Products	20															

Number of other households involved in this activity as partners, if any...

Percentage share of this household in the output..... %

3.1.2 - NON-SEASONAL CROPS - (LAST CALENDAR MONTH)

Crop	Code	Area Owned			Area Cultivated			No. of trees Vines	Output		Given away to the landlord.	Consumed within the household	Transferred to others as gifts, loans etc.	Used for further processing	Sold			Stock as of date
		A	R	P	A	R	P		Unit	Qty.					Qty.	Qty.	Qty.	
1		2			3			4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Tea	10								kg.									
Rubber-Sheet/Latex	21								kg.									
- Other products	22																	
Coconut-Nuts	31								No.									
-Other products	32																	
Spices	40																	
Cinnamon	41								kg.									
Cardamom	42								kg.									
Cloves	43								kg.									
Pepper	44								kg.									
Condiments	45								kg.									
Other	46																	
Processed Products	47																	
Fruits	50																	
Papaw	51								No.									
Pineapple	52								No.									
Plantain	53								bun									
Mango	54								No.									
Oranges	55								No.									
Avocado	56								No.									
Other	57																	
Processed Products	58																	
Flowers	60								No.									
Other	70																	
Betel	71								No.									
Arecanuts	72								No.									
Tobacco	73								kg.									
Other	74																	
Processed Products	75																	
Total																		

Number of other households involved in this activity as partners, if any

Percentage share of this household in the out put..... %

- | | | | | |
|----------------|---------------|---|----------------|---|
| * Agency Codes | Government | 1 | Traders | 4 |
| | Co-operatives | 2 | Final Consumer | 5 |
| | Factories | 3 | Others | 6 |

3.1.3 (a) - LIVESTOCK (LAST CALENDAR YEAR)

Type of Stock	Code	Stock at the beginning of the year	Born during the year	Dead during the year	Purchased during the year		Sold during the year		Slaughtered during the year	Received as gifts, loans etc.	Given away as gifts, loans etc.	Otherwise lost during the year	Stock at the end of the year	Used as draught animals
		No.	No.	No.	No.	Value (Rs.)	No.	Value (Rs.)	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Cattle	1													
Buffaloes	2													
Goats	3													
Pigs	4													
Poultry	5													
Other	6													

3.1.3 (b) - LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS (LAST CALENDAR MONTH)

Product	Code	Unit	Output Qty.	Consumed within the household Qty.	Transferred to others as gifts, loans etc. Qty.	Sold			Left in cold storage as of date Qty.
						Qty	Value (Rs.)	Agency Code*	
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Meat	10								
Cattle	11	kg.							
Buffaloes	12	kg.							
Goats	13	kg.							
Pigs	14	kg.							
Poultry	15	kg.							
Other	16	kg.							
Other Products	20								
Eggs	21	No.							
Milk	22	Lt.							
Curd	23	No.							
Other	24								

Number of other households, involved in this activity as partners, if any....

--	--

Percentage share of this household in the out put.....

--	--

*Agency Codes

Government	1	Traders	4
Co-operatives	2	Final Consumer	5
Factories	3	Others	6

3.1.4 - FISHING AND FISH BREEDING (LAST CALENDAR MONTH)

Item	Code	Catch/ Output Qty. kg.	Consumed within the household Qty. kg.	Transferred to others as gifts, loans etc. Qty. kg.	Used for drying, salting etc Qty. kg.	Sold			Left in storage as of date Qty. kg.
						Qty. kg.	Value (Rs.)	Agency Code*	
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Coastal fish - Large	1								
- Small	2								
Inland fish	3								
Lobsters, Crabs, Cuttle fish, Prawns etc.	4								
Dry fish, Salt fish etc.	5								

Number of other households involved in this activity as partners, if any....

Percentage share of this household in the output

3.1.5 - FORESTRY AND HUNTING, (LAST CALENDAR MONTH)

Item	Code	Gathered/ Hunted Qty. kg.	Consumed within the household Qty. kg.	Used for further processing Qty. kg.	Sold			Left in stock as of date Qty. kg.
					Qty. kg.	Value (Rs.)	Agency Code*	
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Firewood	1							
Fruits	2							
Bee honey	3							
Herbs	4							
Animals	5							
Other	6							
Processed Products	9							

Number of other households involved in this activity as partners, if any...

Percentage share of this household in the output.....

* Agency Codes

- | | | | |
|---------------|---|-----------------|---|
| Government | 1 | Final consumers | 5 |
| Co-operatives | 2 | Others | 6 |
| Factories | 3 | | |
| Traders | 4 | | |

3.2 NON-AGRICULTURE

3.2.1 - MINING AND QUARRYING (LAST CALENDAR MONTH)

Item	Code	Output		Used for further Processing Qty.	Sold			Stock as of date Qty.
		Unit	Qty.		Qty.	Value (Rs.)	Agency Code*	
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Gems	1	carat						
Limestone	2	kg.						
Stone	3	cubes						
Clay	4	cubes						
Sand	5	cubes						
Other	6							
Processed Products	9							

Number of other households involved in this activity as partners, if any....

Percentage share of this household in the output..... %

3.2.2 - MANUFACTURING (LAST CALENDAR MONTH)

Product	Code (for office use)	Output		Consumed within the household Qty.	Used for further processing Qty.	Sold			Stock as of date Qty.
		Unit	Qty.			Qty.	Value (Rs.)	Agency Code*	
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Processed products	99								

Is this activity carried out within the household premises?..... 1
 at some other place?..... 2

Number of other households involved in this activity as partners, if any...

Percentage share of this household in the output %

* Agency Codes

- | | | | |
|---------------|---|----------------|---|
| Government | 1 | Traders | 4 |
| Co-operatives | 2 | Final Consumer | 5 |
| Factories | 3 | Others | 6 |

3.2.3 - CONSTRUCTION (WORK DONE DURING LAST THREE CALENDAR MONTHS)

Type of Construction	Code	Own Use		For others		
		Number of person-days put-in (including hired labour, if any)	Cost of materials used (Rs.)	For whom (Code)*	Number of person-days put-in (including hired labour, if any)	Amount received in payment for work done (including cost of material inputs) (Rs.)
1		2	3	4	5	6
Buildings	1					
Roads and Bridges	2					
Drainages	3					
Irrigation	4					
Wells, Pumps and taps	5					
Land improvements	6					
Repairs, painting, White-washing etc.	7					
Other	8					

Number of other households involved in this activity as partners, if any...

Percentage share of this household in the output..... %

* Codes

Government 1
 Local bodies 2
 Private individuals or institutions 3

3.2.4 - TRADE (LAST CALENDAR MONTH)

Main Branch of Trade	Code	Purchases	Consumed within household	Transferred to others as gifts, loans etc.	Sales	Trade margin (%)	Making charges (Rs.)	Value of stocks as of date (Rs.)
		Value (Rs.)	value (Rs.)	(Rs.)	Value (Rs.)			
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Groceries	1							
Food, Beverages and Tobacco	2							
Textile goods, Leather products, Rubber and Plastic products	3							
Drugs & Pharmaceuticals	4							
Cosmetics and articles of personal care	5							
Stationery, Books, Magazines etc.	6							
Building materials, Hardware etc.	7							
Jewellery (Gold, Silver etc.)	8							
Other	9							

Is this activity carried out within the household premises?.....
 at some other place?.....
 Number of other households involved in this activity as partners, if any.
 Percentage share of this household in the output.....

1	
2	
	%

3.2.5 - TRANSPORT (LAST CALENDAR MONTH)

Type of Vehicle	Code	Number of vehicles Owned/ leased	Vehicle miles driven	Number of passengers transported	Goods transported (Tons)	Receipts from	
						Passenger transport (Rs.)	goods transport (Rs.)
1		2	3	4	5	6	7
Mechanical							
Bus/Coach	1						
Car	2						
Scooter taxi	3						
Tractor	4						
Lorry/Truck	5						
Boat	6						
Other	7						
Manual	8						
Animal drawn	9						

Number of other households involved in this activity as partners, if any....
 Percentage share of this household in the output.....

	%

3.2.6 - GUEST HOUSES, RESTAURANTS, BARS, COFFEE SHOPS, TEA SHOPS ETC.
(LAST CALENDAR MONTH)

Type of Service Provided	Code	Number of beds available	Number of bed days occupied	Number of meals served	Receipts from sales and services (Rs.)
1		2	3	4	5
Lodging	1				
Boarding	2				
Laundry	3				
Liquor	4				
Food and related beverages	5				
Other services	6				

Is this activity carried out within the household premises?..... 1
 at some other place?..... 2
 Number of other households involved in this activity as partners, if any..
 Percentage share of this household in the output..... %

3.2.7 - SERVICES (LAST CALENDAR MONTH)

Type of Service Provided	Code	Number of clients served	Amount received (Rs.)
1		2	3
Real estate	01		
Business	02		
Medical, Dental, Health and veterinary	03		
Educational	04		
Recreational and cultural	05		
Repair	06		
Other services	07		

Is this activity carried out within the household premises?..... 1
 at some other place?..... 2
 Number of other households involved in this activity as partners, if any..
 Percentage share of this household in the output..... %

3.2.8 - PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES OF THE HOUSEHOLD (to be filled by Head Office)
 In terms of the gross value of output Activity Code

Primary

Secondary

ALLOCATION OF CENSUS BLOCKS FOR URBAN AND RURAL SECTORS BY DISTRICT

APPENDIX III

DISTRICT	Number of own account workers in Agricultural/Non-Agricultural activities as at the Census of Population - 1981			Allocation on the basis of own account Agricultural workers	Allocation on the basis of own account Non-Agricultural workers	Total Sample (simple average of (5) & (6))	Sample for	
	Total	Agricultural Activities	Non-Agricultural Activities				Urban	Rural
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
All Island	1,171,650	874,709	296,941	2,400	2,400	2,436	355	2,081
Colombo	50,120	10,601	39,519	29	319	168	115	53
Gampaha	55,585	21,604	33,981	59	275	168	31	137
Kalutara	41,126	23,243	17,803	64	145	108	19	89
Kandy	72,503	49,331	23,172	135	187	156	12	144
Matale	42,502	36,278	6,224	100	50	72	4	68
Nuwara Eliya	14,818	10,376	4,442	28	36	60	5	55
Galle	44,018	22,996	21,022	63	170	120	18	102
Matara	38,815	26,025	12,790	71	103	84	8	76
Hambantota	61,478	52,212	9,266	143	75	108	7	101
Jaffna	62,762	41,619	21,143	114	171	144	34	110
Mannar	14,885	11,841	3,044	33	25	48	3	45
Vavuniya	11,225	9,450	1,775	26	14	48	7	41
Mullativu	10,057	9,187	870	25	07	36	3	33
Batticaloa	27,938	19,281	8,657	53	70	60	10	50
Ampara	39,328	33,129	6,199	91	50	72	6	66
Trincomalee	19,593	15,957	3,636	44	29	60	12	48
Kurunegala	158,671	137,141	21,530	376	174	180	26	154
Puttalam	49,434	38,079	11,355	104	92	96	11	85
Anuradhapura	110,157	101,183	8,974	278	72	180	4	176
Pollonnaruwa	41,578	37,762	3,816	104	31	72	2	70
Badulla	53,446	47,054	6,392	129	52	96	3	93
Monaragala	51,583	47,714	3,869	131	31	84	1	83
Ratnapura	63,677	48,018	15,659	132	127	132	8	124
Kegalle	36,351	24,628	11,723	68	95	84	6	78

APPENDIX V - NUMBER OF AGRICULTURAL AND NON-AGRICULTURAL HOUSEHOLDS
 SURVEYED FOR THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE SURVEY.

Survey month	Total	%	Households with Agricultural activities	%	Households with Non-Agricultural activities and both activities	%
April	1908	100.0	1343	70.4	565	29.6
May	1884	100.0	1364	72.4	520	27.6
June	1954	100.0	1334	68.3	620	31.7
July	2032	100.0	1301	64.0	731	36.0
August	1980	100.0	1352	68.3	628	31.7
September	1928	100.0	1279	66.3	649	33.7
Total	11686	100.0	7973	68.2	3713	31.8

APPENDIX VI EACF-1

Statistical Officer,

SURVEY OF HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES - 1984/'85

The list of selected Census Blocks and the corresponding F1 forms which are to be updated in 1984, is sent herewith. The updated F1 forms along with the completed listing forms EALF, should be sent to reach the Sample Survey Division on or before the 28th of 1984.

Serial No.	A.C.A. Division	G.S. Division and Village	M.C/U.C/T.C and Ward No.	Name of Estate	Block No.	Remarks

Dept: of Census & Statistics.
 Sample Survey Division,
 No. 16, Barnes Place,
 Colombo 7.

Date:

.....
 for Director of Census & Statistics

APPENDIX VII

- EACF - 2

To all range S.II.
 Through S.O.

SURVEY OF HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES - 1984/'85

The list of Selected Households to be surveyed in1984

District:- Census Block No:
 A.G.A. Division: M.C/U.C./T.C.:
 G.S. Division: Ward No.:
 Name of Village: Name of the Estate:

Serial No. of the household in EALF	Name of the head of the household	Address of the household	Sample reference No.

The completed survey schedules along with this form should be forwarded to your statistical officer on 1st 1984.

Dept: of Census & Statistics
 Sample Survey Division,
 No. 16, Barnes Place, Colombo 7.

Date:

.....
 for Director of Census & Statistics

SURVEY OF HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES - 1984/1985
MONTHLY FIELD SUPERVISION REPORT - PRE-LISTING

EACF - 3

DISTRICT:.....

MONTH :.....

To be sent to reach the Sample Survey Division on or before 28th of each month.

A.G.A. Division	Name of S.I.	Urban: M.C./U.C./T.C & Ward No. Rural: G.S. Division & Village Estate: Name of Estate	Census Block No.	Whether the boundaries of the block have been identified correctly		No. of Households checked	Sample Reference No. of households checked	Quality of work done Grades *			Remarks
				Yes	No			A	B	C	

DATE:

* Grades A - Good
B - Satisfactory
C - Unsatisfactory

.....
STATISTICAL OFFICER

EACF 4

SURVEY OF HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES - 1984/85
SURVEY PROGRESS REPORT

District:- Name of M.C/U.C/T.C:-
A.G.A. Division:- Ward No.:-
G.S. Division:- Name:-
Village:-
Estate:-

Month
Census Block No.:
No. of Households surveyed by 15th of 1984/85

Remarks:- Signature of S.I.:-

Name of S.I.:- Date:-

This progress report should be sent to your S.O. by 16th of each month.

SURVEY OF HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES - 1984/1985

EACF - 5

SURVEY PROGRESS REPORT FOR THE DISTRICT

Month:-

District:- To be sent to reach the Sample Survey Division on or before 25th of each month.

Name of S.I.	A.G.A.Division	Urban: M.C/U.C./T.C. & Ward No: Rural: G.S. Division & village Estate : Name of Estate	Census Block No.:	No. of house holds surveyed by 15th	Sample reference Nos.	Remarks

Date:

.....
Statistical Officer

EACF - 6

SURVEY OF HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES - 1984/1985

DISTRICT:

MONTHLY FIELD SUPERVISION REPORT - SURVEY

MONTH:

To be sent to the Sample Survey Division on or before

A.G.A. Division	Name of S.I.	Urban: M.C/U.C/T.C & Ward No.: Rural: G.S. Division & Village Estate: Name of Estate	Census Block No.	No. of House-holds checked	Sample Reference No. of Households	Quality of work done			Remarks
						Grades*			
						A	B	C	

Date:

- * Grade: A - Good
- B - Satisfactory
- C - Unsatisfactory

.....
Statistical Officer

EACF - 7

SURVEY OF HOUSEHOLD ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES 1984/'85

Distribution of Survey Materials

Statistical Officer,
 District:
 Requirements for

The following Survey Materials are sent herewith. Please acknowledge* receipt.

Sample Survey Division.
 1984 for Director of Census & Statistics

Description	Quantity
1. List of Census Blocks EACF-1	
2. F 1 forms	
3. Listing Forms (EALF)	
4. S. II's Progress sheets(Survey) EACF - 4	
5. S.OO's Progress sheets(Survey) EACF - 5	
6. Letters to respondents	
7. Survey schedules (EAHS)	
8. Extra schedules	
9. S.OO's Field Supervision Record Sheets(Listing) EACF-3	
10. S. OO's Field Supervision Record-Sheets(Surveying)	
11. Form for distribution of survey materials to S.II	
EACF-6	
EACF-8	
12. Ballpoint Pens	
13. Case Covers	
14. Half Sheets	
15. Roneo Sheets	
16. Envelopes - Size 1	
2	
3	
17. Brown Paper(Sheets)	
18. Twine	

Received the above Survey Materials.

Date:

.....
 Signature of S.O.

* Please send one copy of this form, duly signed to the Sample Survey Division by return of post.

DEPARTMENTAL PUBLICATIONS

	PRICE Rs.
GENERAL PURPOSE PUBLICATIONS	
1. Statistical Pocket Book - 1984, 1985 (English) each	20.00
2. Statistical Pocket Book (Sinhala & Tamil) 1984	15.00
3. Administration Report of the DC & S 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985 each	4.00
4. Administration Report of the DC & S Financial Year 1986, 1987	15.00
5. Statistical Abstract - 1985	105.00
6. Sri Lanka Economic Atlas (Sinhala) 1980	26.50
7. Statistical Pocket Book - 1987	36.00
8. Statistical Pocket Book (Sinhala & Tamil) 1986	48.00
9. Reference Notes on Statistical Methods and Applications	55.00
10. Statistical Pocket Book 1988	46.00
 POPULATION AND DEMOGRAPHY	
1. Census of Population and Housing 1981 - General Report	110.00
2. Census of Population and Housing, 1981 Population Tables - Based on 10 percent sample	35.00
3. Housing Tables based on 10 percent sample	20.00
4. Statistics on Physically Disabled Persons	20.00
5. Migration - All Island Table - 5	100.00
6. Population District Reports based on Complete tabulation each	50.00
7. Census of Population 1963	60.00
8. Population Data for Wards and Gramasevaka Divisions	125.00
9. මූලික සංඛ්‍යාත සටහන් පොත	36.00
10. Vital Statistics 1967 - 1980	78.00
11. Demographic & Health Survey 1987 (Second Report)	90.00
12. Report of the Registrar General on Vital Statistics 1981	50.00
 AGRICULTURE	
1. Census of Agriculture 1982 General Report	60.00
2. Census of Agriculture 1982 Small Holding Sector (Preliminary Report)	20.00
3. Census of Agriculture 1982 - Small Holding Sector (Based on 10 percent Sample) tabulation	17.50
4. Census of Agriculture 1982 - Estate Sector Report	20.00
5. Census of Agriculture 1982 - District Report (each)	20.00
6. Highland Crops & Livestock Statistics 1980 - District Report (each)	3.00
7. Food Balance Sheet 1984	7.00
8. Food Balance Sheet 1985	5.00
9. Food Balance Sheet 1986	5.00
10. Survey of Milk Production 1986 Gampaha District	20.00
11. Agricultural Statistics of Sri Lanka	35.00

	PRICE
	Rs.
TRADE AND INDUSTRY	
1. Report on the Survey on Manufacturing Industries 1980	45.00
2. Report on the Survey on Manufacturing Industries 1981	35.00
3. Census of Industries 1983 (Preliminary Report)	60.00
4. Annual Survey of Industries 1984	20.00
5. Annual Survey of Industries 1985 (Preliminary Report)	20.00
6. External Trade Indices 1979 - 1983	30.00
7. Bulletin on Motor Vehicles 1979	30.00
8. Annual Survey of Industries 1986	23.00
9. Annual Survey of Industries 1987	22.50
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1. National Accounts of Sri Lanka 1975 - 1982 Part II	20.00
2. National Accounts of Sri Lanka 1975 - 1986 Part I	12.50
3. National Accounts of Sri Lanka 1975 - 1982 Part II	27.00
4. National Accounts of Sri Lanka 1975 - 1987	30.00
5. Bulletin on Selected Retail Prices 1983 - 1985	18.50
SURVEY REPORTS	
1. Labour Force and Socio-Economic Survey 80-81 Household Income and Expenditure	60.00
2. Labour Force and Socio-Economic Survey 85/86 (Preliminary Report)	72.00
3. Survey of Household Economic Activities 84/85 (Preliminary Report)	40.00
4. Survey of Household Economic Activities 1984-85 (Second Report)	52.00
5. Basic Village Statistics 1977 - District Report (each)	3.00
6. Census of Public Sector and Corporation Sector Employment 1985	60.00
7. Report of the Demographic Sample Survey of Female Employees in Public Sector - 1987	25.00

These Publications could be obtained at the Sales Counter,
Department of Census & Statistics, 3/1, Rajakeeya Mawatha,
Colombo 7 and at the Government Publication Bureau,
Colombo 1.

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